

जीवितः कश्चित्कालधर्ममुपागतः Mb. ; परतिः कालधर्मणा &c. —धारणा prolongation of time. —नरः ( in astrology ) the figure of a man's body.—नाथः, —निधिः Siva. —नियोगः decree of fate or destiny; लक्ष्यते न खलु कालनियोगः Ki. 9. 13. —निरूपणं determination of time, chronology. —नेमिः 1. the rim of the wheel of time. —2. N. of a demon, uncle of Rāvaṇa, deputed by him to kill Hanūmat. —3. N. of a demon with 100 hands killed by Viṣṇu. °अरिः, रिपुः, हरः, हन् m. epithets of Kṛishṇa. —पक्व a. ripened by time, i. e. spontaneously; Ms. 6. 17, 21; Y. 3. 49. —परिवासः standing for a time so as to become stale. —पादाः the noose of Yama or death. —पाशिकः a hangman. —पुष्टं 1. a species of antelope. —2. a heron. (—कं) 1. N. of the bow of Karṇa ; Ve. 4. —2. a bow in general. —प्रभातं autumn or Sarad ; (the two months following the rainy season considered as the best time). —भक्षः an epithet of Siva. —भृन् m. the sun. —भैरवः an epithet of Siva. —मानं a measure of time. —मुखः a species of ape. —मेघी f. the Mauji-shtha plant. —यवनः a king of Yavanas and enemy of Kṛishṇa and an invincible foe of the Yādavas. Kṛishṇa, finding it impossible to vanquish him on the field of battle, cunningly decoyed him to the cave where Muchakunda was sleeping who burnt him down. —यापः, —यापनं procrastination, delay, putting off. —योगः fate, destiny. °तः according to the requirements of the time ; Pt. 1. 184. —योगिन् m. an epithet of Siva. —रात्रिः, —रात्री f. 1. a dark night. —2. a sister of Yama. —3. the Amāvasyā on which lamps are lighted ( in the Divāli holidays ). —4. the night of destruction at the end of the world ( identified with Durgā ). —5. a particular night in the life of man, on the 7th day of the 7th month of the 77th year. —लौहं-लौहं steel. —विप्रकर्षः prolongation of time. —वृद्धिः f. periodical interest (payable monthly, quarterly, or at stated times); Ms. 8. 153. —वेला the time of Saturn, i. e. a particular time of the day ( half a watch every day ) at

which any religious act is improper. —संकर्षा a girl 9 years old personating Durgā at a festival. —सरोधः 1. keeping back for a long time; Ms. 8. 143. —2. lapse of a long period of time. —सदृश a. opportune, timely. —संपन्न a. dated, bearing a date. —सपः the black and most poisonous variety of the snake. —सारः the black antelope. (—रं) a yellow sort of sandal wood. —सूत्रं, —सूत्रकं 1. thread of time or death. —2. N. of a particular hell; Y. 3. 222; Ms. 4. 88. —स्कंदः the Tamāla tree. —स्वरूप a. terrible as death, (deathlike in form). —हरः an epithet of Siva. —हरणं loss of time, delay; S. 3; U. 5; Mv. 4. 41. —हानिः f. delay; R. 13. 16. कालक a. Black, dark-blue. —कः 1 A mole, freckle, mark. —2 A water-snake. —3 The black part of the eye. —4 A kind of grain. —का Ved. 1 A kind of bird. —2 A daughter of Daksha. —कं 1 The liver. —2 An unknown quantity ( in alg. ). कालायनी N. of Durgā. कालिक a. ( की f. ) [ काल-ठन्-ठक्वा ] 1 Relating to time. —2 Depending on time; विशेषः कालिकोऽवस्था Ak. —3 Seasonable, timely. —कः 1 A crane. —2 A heron. —का 1 Blackness, black colour. —2 Ink, black ink. —3 Price of an article - to be paid by instalments. —4 Periodical interest paid at stated times. —5 A multitude of clouds, a dark cloud threatening rain; कालिकेव निबिडा बलाकिनी R. 11. 15. —6 Flaw ( alloy &c. ) in gold —7 The liver. —8 A female crow. —9 A scorpion. —10 A spirituous liquor. —11 N. of Durgā; Si. 17. 44. —12 A particular blood-vessel in the ear. —13 A line of hair extending from the pudenda to the navel. —14 A small singing bird. —5 A kind of fragrant earth. —16 A girl four years old personating Durgā at a festival. —कं 1 Black sandal wood. —2 Hostility. कालिनी N. of the sixth lunar mansion. कालिय a. Relating to time, timely. —यः The Kaliyuga. कालीन a. [ काल-ख ] 1 Belonging to a particular time. —2 Seasonable. कालीयं [ काल-ख ] A kind of sandal-wood ; also कालियक.

कालकुंचः N. of Viṣṇu.

कालंजरः 1 N. of a mountain and adjacent country ( modern Kallinjar ). —2 An assembly of religious mendicants. —3 An epithet of Siva. —रा or री An epithet of Durgā.

कालशेयं Buttermilk ( produced in a jar by churning ).

कालापः 1 The hair of the head. —2 A serpent's hood. —3 A demon, an imp, a goblin. —4 A student of the Kālāpa grammar. —5 One who knows this grammar.

कालापकं 1 An assemblage of the pupils of Kālāpa. —2 The doctrines or teachings of Kālāpa.

कालिंग a. ( की f. ) [ कालिङ्ग-अण् ] Produced in, or belonging to, the Kalinga country. —गः 1 A king of that country; प्रतिजम्बाह कालिङ्गस्तमस्त्रैर्गजताधनः R. 4. 40. —2 A snake of that country. —3 An elephant. —4 A species of cucumber. —5 A poisonous plant. —6 A sort of iron. —गाः ( pl. ) N. of a country; see कालिङ्ग. —गं A water-melon.

कालिङ्ग a. ( की f. ) [ कालिङ्ग-अण् ] Connected with or coming from the mountain Kalinda or the river Yamunā. —दी 1 The river Yamunā ; कालिङ्गाः पुलिनेषु कालिकुपिताम् Ve. 1. 2 ; R. 15. 28 ; Sānti. 4. 13. —2 A sort of vessel. —3 N. of a wife of Kṛishṇa. —इं A water melon. —Comp. —कर्षणः, —भेदनः an epithet of Balarāma q. v. —सूः f. Sanjñā ( संज्ञा ), a wife of the sun. (—m.) the sun. —सोदरः Yama, the god of death.

कालिमन् m. 1 Blackness ; Amaru. 88 ; Si. 4. 57. —2 Paleness ; Si. 8. 43.

कालियः N. of a tremendously large serpent who dwelt at the bottom of the Yamunā ( which was a ground forbidden to Garuḍa, the enemy of serpents, owing to the curse of the sage Saubhari ). He was crushed to death by Kṛishṇa when he was but a boy ; R. 6. 49 ; Si. 17. 69. —याः ( pl. ) The family of black serpents ; Si. 19. 28. —Comp. —दमनः, —नर्दनः epithets of Kṛishṇa.

कालीकः A heron.

कालीची The judgment hall of Yama.