कुंभः [कुंभींम कुल्सितं वा उंभति प्रयात उम-अच शक<sup>°</sup> Tv. ] 1 A pitcher; water-pot, jar ; इयं गुस्तनी मस्तकन्यस्त-कुंभा Jag;वर्जयेत्तादृशं मित्रं विषकुंभं पयोमु-खं H, 1. 77; R.2. 36; so कच, स्तन . -2 The frontal globe on the forehead of an elephant; इनकेन Mal. 5. 32;मत्तेभकंभइलने भाव संति शरा: Bh. 1. 59. -3 Aquarius, the eleventh sign of the zodiac. -4 A measure of grain equal to 20 dronas; Ms. 8, 320. -5 (In Yoga phil.) Closing the nostrils and mouth so as to suspend breathing. -6 The paramour of a harlot. -7 An urn in which the bones of dead bodies are collected. -8 A kind of heart-disease. -- AT A harlot, a whore. 🛶 A fragrant resin ( ਸੁਸ਼ੁਲ ). -Comp. - ਕਾਰਾ: 'pitchereared', N. of a gigantic Râkshasa, brother of Râvana and slain by Râma. He is said to have devoured thousands of beings including sages and heavenly nymphs, and the gods were anxiously waiting for an opportunity to retaliate upon the powerful demon. After Brahma had inflicted on him a curse for the humiliation to which he subjected Indra and his elephant Airavata, Kumbhakarna began to practise the most rigid austerities. Brahma was pleased and was about to grant him a boon, when the gods requested Sarasvati to sit on his tongue and to pervert it. Accordingly when he went to the god, instead of asking indrapada he asked nidrapada which was readily granted. It is said that he slept for six months at a time, and, when roused, was awake for only one day. When Lanka was besieged by the monkey-troops of Rama, Ravana with great difficulty roused Kumbhakarna, desirous of availing himself of his gigantic strength. After having drunk 2000 jars of liquor, he took Sugriva prisoner, besides devouring thousands of monkeys. He was ultimately slain by Ramal. -2, an epithet of Siva. - - -ला a bilious affection. - कार: 1. a potter ; Y. 3. 146. -2. a mixed tribe (वेक्यायां विपतश्चीर्यात् कुंभकारः स उच्यते Usanas; or मालाकारास्कर्मकर्या कंभकारो ब्यजायत Parâsara). -3. a serpent. -4. a kind of wild fowl. (-री), -कारिका 1. the wife of a potter. -2. a kind of collyrium. - घोण: N. of a town. - ज:. -जन्मन् m., -योनि:, -संभव: 1. epithets of Agastya; प्रससादोदयादंभ: कंभयोनेर्महोजस: R. 4, 21; 15, 55, -2. an epithet of Drona, the military preceptor of the Kauravas and Pan- crane.

davas. -3. an epithet of Vasishtha.

—संसी a bawd, procuress; sometimes used as a term of reproach or abuse. —भर: the sign of the zodiac called Aquarius. —संसि: the sign Aquarius. —स्तम् m. a form of Agni.
—लमं that time of the day in which Aquarius rises above the horizon.
—मंद्रक: 1. (lit.) a frog in a pitcher.
-2. (fig.) an inexperienced man; cf.
क्पांद्रक. —साला pottery. —संधि: the hollow on the top of an elephant's head between the frontal globes.

क्रेन्स: 1 The base of a column.
-2 A religious exercise (in Yoga
phil.), stopping the breath by closing the mouth and both nostrils
with the fingers of the right hand.

कुंभिका 1 A small pot. -2 A harlot. -3 A disease of the eyes.

कंतिन 1 An elephant; Bv. 1. 52. -2 A crocodile. -3 A fish. -4 A kind of poisonous insect. -5 A sort of fragrant resin ( गुगुल ). -Comp. -नरक: a particular hell. -मद: rut, ichor.

ক্লানিত: 1 A thief who breaks into a house. -2 A plagiarist. -3 A wife's brother. -4 A child of an imperfect impregnation or born at undue seasons.

क्रेशी 1 A small water-jar. -2 An earthen cooking vessel. -3 A measure of grain. -4 N. of several plants. -Comp. -यान्य grain stored in jars sufficient for six days. -यान्यक: a house-holder who stores grain. - नस: a kind of venomous serpent; U. 2. 29. -पाक: 1. the contents of a cooking-vessel. -2. (sing. or pl.) a particular hell in which the wicked are baked like potter's vessels; Y. 3. 224; Ms. 12. 76.

कुंभीकः 1 The Punnâga tree. -2 A catamite. —का Swelling of the eye-lids.

कंभीरः A shark.

कुंभीरकः, कुंभीलः, कुंभीलकः A thief; लोप्नेण गृहीसस्य कुंभीरकस्यास्ति वा प्रतिवचनं V. 2; कुंभीलकैः कामुकेश्व परिहर्तक्या चंद्रिका M. 4. —लः A crocodile.

कुर् 6 P. (कुराति, कुरित) To sound. कुरंकर:, कुरंकुर: The (Indian) rane. कुरंगः (गी f.) 1 A deer in general; तन्मे ब्रुहि कुरंग कुत्र भवता कि नाम तमं तपः Santi. 1. 14, 4. 6; लवंगी कुरंगीट्ट गंगीकरोतु Jag. -2 A species of deer ( कुरंग ईषचामः स्याद्धरिणाकृतिको महान्). -Comp. -अशी -नयना, -नेता a deer-eyed woman. -नाभिः musk.

क्ररंगकः,क्ररंगमः =क्ररंग q. v.

करचिछ : A crab.

करटः A shoemaker.

कुरंदः, कुरंदकः, कुरंदिका The yellow amaranth.

**Tis:** Enlargement of the testicles or of the scrotum, hydrocele.

कुरंडक: Yellow amaranth.

कुररः ( छ: ) An osprey; Y.1.174. कुररी 1 A female osprey; चक्रंद विमा कुररीव भूद: R. 14.68. -2 A ewe, -Comp. -गण: a flight of ospreys.

क्रसावं A place abounding with ospreys.

कुरलः 1 An osprey. -2 A curl, 2 lock of hair.

कुरवः (वः), कुरव (व) कः A species of amaranth; कुरवका रवकार-णतां यद्युः R. 9. 29; Me. 78; Rs. 6. 18. —वं (वं), —व (व) कं The flower of this tree; चूडापारो नवकुरव-कं Me. 65; प्रत्याख्यातविशेषकं कुरवकं इयामावदातारुणं M. 3. 5.

कुरालः (हः) A light bay horse with black legs.

क्रिं A kind of grass or corn. क्रुं क्रिंर A kind of head-dress for women. -2 Copulation.

कुरुः (pl.) 1 N. of a country situated in the north of India about the site of the modern Delhi : श्रिय: करूणामधिपस्य पालनीं Ki. 1. 1; चिराय तस्मिन् कुरवश्वकासते 1. 17. -2 The kings of this country. - 7: 1 A priest, -2 Boiled rice, -Comp. - N. of an extensive plain near Delhi, the scene of the great war between the Kauravas and Pandavas; धर्मक्षेत्रे कुरुक्षेत्रे समवेता युगुत्सव: Bg. 1. 1; Ms. 2. 19. -क्षेत्रियोग: a solar day in the course of which three lunar days, three asterisms and three yogas occur. - चिक्र: a crab. — जांगलं =कुरुक्षेत्र q. v. —राज् m., -राज: an epithet of Duryodhana. - विस्तः a weight of gold