

call, invite. -2 To advise, counsel. -3 To fix or appoint a time. -4 To hear. -5 To show, indicate; U. 6. 24.

केतित *a.* 1 Called, summoned. -2 Dwelt, inhabited.

केतुः [*क्य-तु* क्यदेशः Up. 1. 73] 1 A flag, banner; श्रीनांशुकमिव केतोः प्रतिवातं नीयमानस्य S. 1. 34. -2 A chief, head, leader, foremost, any eminent person (oft. at the end of comp.); मनुष्यवाचा मनुवंशकेतुं R. 2. 33, 14. 7; कुलस्य केतुः स्फीतस्य (राघवः) Rām. -3 A comet, meteor; Ms 1. 38. -4 A sign, mark. -5 Brightness, clearness. -6 A ray of light. -7 The descending node considered as the ninth planet, and the body or trunk of the demon रैहिकेय (the head being regarded as Rāhu); क्रूरग्रहः स केतुश्चंद्रमसंपूर्णमंडलनिर्वाणं Mu. 1. 6. -8 Day-time. -9 Apparition, form, shape. -10 Intellect, judgment. -11 A pigmy race. -12 A disease. -13 An enemy. -**Comp.** -ग्रहः the descending node. -तारा a comet. -भ्रः a cloud. -यष्टिः *f.* a flagstaff; R. 12. 103. -रत्नं lapis lazuli, (also called वैदूर्य). -वसनं a flag.

केदर *a.* Squint-eyed; cf. केकर.

केदारः 1 A field under water; meadow. -2 A basin for water round the root of a tree. -3 A mountain. -4 A particular mountain forming part of the Himālayas (modern kedār). -5 A form of Siva. -**Comp.** -खड्गं a small dyke, earth raised to keep out water. -नाथः a particular form of Siva.

केनती The amorous sports of love.

केनारः 1 The head. -2 The skull. -3 A cheek. -4 A joint. -5 The temples. -6 A kind of hell.

केनिप *a.* Ved. Wise, learned (ने-पादिन) Kv. 10. 44. 4.

केनिपातः A rudder, helm, a large oar used as a rudder.

केंद्रं 1 The centre of a circle. -2 The argument of a circle. -3 The argument of an equation. -4 Distance of a planet from the first point of its orbit in the 4th, 7th or 10th degree.

केप् 1 A (केपते) To shake or tremble.

केपि Ved. *a.* Unclean.

केयरः, -रं [के बाहुविरसि याति, या-उर किञ्च अलुक् समा° Tv.] A bracelet worn on the upper arm, an armlet; केयुरान विभूषयन्ति पुरुषं हारा न चंद्रोऽञ्जलाः Bh. 2. 19; R. 6. 68; Ku. 7. 69. -रः A kind of coitus.

केयूरिन् *a.* Decorated with a bracelet.

केरलः (pl.) N. of a country (in the south of India, the modern Malabār) and its inhabitants; Māl. 6. 19; R. 4. 54. -ली A woman of the Kerala country. -2 Astronomical science. -3 A Hora or period of time equal to one hour.

केल् 1 P. (केलति, केलित) 1 To shake. -2 To sport, be frolicsome.

केलकः A dancer, tumbler.

केलायते Den. A. To sport, play.

केलासः Crystal.

केलिः *m. f.* [केल-इन्] 1 Play, sport. -2 Amorous sport, pastime; केलिचलन्मणिकुंडल &c. Git. 1; हरिश्चि सुधदधूनिकरे विलासिनि विलसति केलि-परे *ibid.*; राधाभाषवयोर्जयन्ति यमुनाकुले रहःकेलयः *ibid.*; Amaru. 7; Pt. 1. 175; Ms. 8. 357; Ks. 4. 17. -3 Joke, jest, mirth, play. -लिः *f.* The earth. -**Comp.** -कला 1. sportive skill, wantonness, amorous address. -2. the lute of Sarasvati. -किलः the confidential companion of the hero of a drama (a kind of विदूषक or buffoon). (-ला) N. of Kati.

-कलावती Kati, wife of the god of love. -करीषः a camel. -कुं, चिका a wife's younger sister. -कूपित *a.* angry in sport; Ve. 1. 2. -कौषः an actor, a dancer. -ग्रहं, -निकेतनं, -नदिरं, -सदनं a pleasure-house, a private apartment; Amaru. 8. -नागरः a sensualist. -पर *a.* sportive, wanton, amorous. -मुखः joke, sport, pastime. -रंगः a pleasure ground. -वृक्षः a species of Kadamba tree. -शयनं a pleasure-couch, sofa; केलि-शयनमनुयातं Git. 11. -शुधिः *f.* the earth. -सचिवः a boon companion, confidential friend.

केलिकः The Asoka tree.

केली 1 Play, sport. -2 Amorous sport. -**Comp.** -पिकः a cuckoo kept

for pleasure. -वनी a pleasure-park, pleasure-grove. -शुकः a parrot kept for pleasure.

केव् (केवते) 1 To serve, attend to, wait upon.

केवटः Ved. A hollow, cave.

केवर्तः Ved. A fisherman.

केवल *a.* [केव् सेवने वृषा° कल्] 1 Peculiar, exclusive, uncommon; Pt. 2. 134. -2 Alone, mere, sole, only, isolated; स हि तस्य न केवलां श्रियं प्रतिपेदे सकलान् गुणानपि R. 8. 5; न केवलानां पयसां प्रसूतिमवेहि मां काममुषां प्रसन्नां 2. 63; 15. 1; Ku. 2. 34. -3 Whole, entire, absolute, perfect. -4 Bare, uncovered (as ground); Ku. 5. 12. -5 Pure, simple, unmingled, unattended (by anything else); कातर्यं केवला नीतिः R. 17. 47. -6 Selfish, envious. -ली, -लं The doctrine of absolute unity of spirit and matter. -ली Astronomical science. -लं *ind.* Only, merely, solely, entirely, absolutely, wholly; केवलमिदमेव पृच्छामि K. 155; न केवलं-अपि not only-but; वसु तस्य विभोर्न केवलं गुणवत्तापि परप्र-योजना R. 8. 31; cf. also 3. 19, 20, 31. -**Comp.** -अन्वयिन् see under अन्वय. -आत्मन् *a.* one whose essence is absolute unity; Ku. 2. 4. -ज्ञानिन् *m.* the first Arbat. -द्रव्यं black pepper. -ज्ञानं highest Knowledge; Pt. 5. 12. -नैयायिकः a mere logician (not proficient in any other branch of learning); so° वैयाकरण.

केवलतस् *ind.* Simply, solely, wholly, purely, merely.

केवलिन् *a.* (नी *f.*) 1 Alone, only. -2 Devoted to the doctrine of absolute unity of the spirit.

केशः [क्लिपते क्लिपन्ति वा क्लिप्-अन् लो लोपश्च Up. 5. 33] 1 Hair in general; विकीर्णकेशासु परेतभूमिषु Ku. 5. 68. -2 Especially, the hair of the head; केशेषु गृहीत्वा or केशमाहं युध्यते Sk.; मुक्तकेशा Ms. 7. 91; केशव्यपरोपणादिव K. 3. 56; 2. 8. -3 The mane of a horse or lion. -4 A ray of light. -5 An epithet of Varuṇa. -7 A kind of perfume. -8 An epithet of Viṣṇu. -शी 1 A lock of hair (on the crown of the head.) -2 An epithet of Durgā. -**Comp.** -अंतः 1. the tip of the hair. -2. long hair hanging down, a lock or tuft of hair. -3. cutting of the hair as a religious