(ichor) exuding from the temples of an elephant. -2, the gift of an elephant. - - aren the trunk of an elephant. - पति: 1. the lord or keeper of elephants. -2. a very tall and stately elephant : Si. 6. 55, -3, an excellent elephant, -g-ग्रद: a large and excellent elephant; गजपंगवस्त धीरं विलोकयति चादशतैश्र भंको Bh. 2. 31. -पुट: a small hole in the ground for fire. -gt N. of Hastinapura. - बंधनी, -बंधिनी stable for elephants. - भक्षक: the sacred fig-tree. - THI the gum olibanum tree. - मंडनं the ornaments with which an elephant is decorated, particularly the coloured lines on his head. -मंडलिका, -मंडली a ring or circle of elephants. -माचल: a lion. — मुक्ता, – मौक्तिकं a pearl supposed to be found in the kumbhas or projections on the forehead of an elephant. —मुख:, -वक्तः, -वदन: epithets of Ganesa. —मोदन: a lion. -युधं a herd of elephants; R. 9. 71. -योधिन a. fighting on an elephant. - (15); a lordly or noble elephant. - affu:,-uf f. the three lunar mansions रीहिणी, आई and मृगादीरस; रोहिण्याद्री सगािरी गजवीध्यभिधीयते. -व्रज: a troop of elephants. -शिक्षा the science of elephants. —साहयं N. of Hastinapura. - स्नानं (lit.) bathing of an elephant; (fig.) useless or unproductive efforts resembling the ablution of elephants which, after pouring water over their bodies, end by throwing dirt, rubbish, and other foul matter; cf. अवशेंद्रियचित्ता-नां हस्तिस्नानमिव क्रिया H. 1. 18.

गजना A multitude of elephants; Si. 12. 50.

गजदन् a. Having elephants; R. 9. 10.

गंज् 1 P. (गंजित) To sound, sound in a particular way.

गंज: 1 A mine. -2 A treasury. -3 A cow-house. -4 A mart, a place where grain is stored for sale. -5 Disrespect, contempt. -जा 1 A hut, hovel. -2 A tavern. -3 A drinking vessel. -4 A mine, jewelmine. -जा 1 A mine. -2 A treasury.

गंजन a. 1 Contemning, putting to shame, surpassing, excelling; reckon among; अगण्यतामरेषु Dk. स्थलकमलगंजनं मम हहबरंजनं (चरणहर्ष)

Gît. 10; अलिकुलगंजनमंजनकं 12; नेत्र संजनगंजने S. D. -2 Defeating, conquering; कालियविषधरगंजन Gît.1. गंजिका A tavern, liquor shop.

गঙ্ক 1 P.(গঙান, গাঙ্কিন) 1 To distil, draw out. -2 To run (as a liquid). -10. P. (গঙাৰানি) To cover, hide.

गड: [गड्-अच्] 1 A screen. -2 A fence. -3 A ditch, moat. -4 An impediment. -5 A kind of gold-fish. -6 omp. - उत्थ, -देशजं, -लवणं rock or fossil salt, especially that found in the district called गड.

गडयंतः, गडियन्तुः A cloud.

गाँड: [गड्-इन्]1 A young steer.-2 A lazy ox; गुणानामेव दीरात्म्याद्धिर भुयाँ नियुच्यते|असंजातिकणस्कंधःसुखं स्वपिति गौर्गांड: K, P, 10.

गङ्क a. [गड्-डन्] Crooked, hump backed. — द्व: 1 A hump on the back. -2 A javelin. -3 A water-pot. -4 An earth-worm. 5 Any superfluous excrescence or addition, a useless object; see अंतर्गहु. -6 A goitre, excrescence on the neck. -7 A hump-backed person.

गडुक: 1 A water-pot. -2 A finger-ring.

गडुर,-ल a. Hump-backed,crooked, bent.

गडेरः A cloud.

गडोल: 1 A mouthful, -2 Raw sugar,

गडुरः;-लः A sheep.

गडुरिका [गइरं भेषमनुधावित ठन्] 1 A line of sheep. -2 A continuous line, stream, current; "प्रवाह: 'a stream of sheep, used to signify 'blindly following other people like a flock of sheep;' cf. इति गडुरिकाप्रवाहे । पां भेद: K. P. 8.

गडुकः A golden vase.

मण् 10 U. (गणयति-ते, गणयांचकार, अजगणत्-त, अजगणत्-त, गणयितं, गणित) To count, number; enumerate; ली-लाकमलपत्राणि गणयामास पार्वती Ku. 6.84; नामाक्षरं गणय गच्छिस यावदंते S. 6.11.-2 To calculate, compute; Si. 6.15; 15.61. -3 To sum or add up, reckon. -4 To estimate, value at (with instr.); न तं तृणेनाणि गणयामि. -5 To class with or among, reckon among; अगण्यतामरेषु Dk. 154.-6 To take into account. give

consideration to ; वाणीं काणभूजीमजी-गणत Malli. -7 To regard, consider. think or take to be : स्वया विना स-खमेतावर जस्य गण्यतां R. 8. 69, 5, 20, पावकस्य महिमा स गण्यते 11. 75 : जा-तस्तु गण्यते सो ध्य यः स्फरत्यन्वयाधिकं Pt. 1. 27 ; किसलबतल्पं गणवति विहित-हताशविकल्पं Git. 4. -8 To ascribe or impute to, attribute to (with loc.); जाड्यं हीमति गण्यते Bh. 2. 54. -9 To attend to, take notice of. mind ; प्रणवमगणियत्वा यन्ममापद्गतस्य V. 4. 13. -10 (With a negative particle) not to care for, not to mind : न महांतमपि क्रेशमजीगणत K. 64 : मनस्वी कार्यार्थी न गणवति तुःखं न च सुखं Bh. 2. 81, 9; Santi. 1. 10; Bk. 2. 53; 15. 5, 45; H. 2. 142; S. 7. 1, 4. 18. -WITH 314 1 to praise. -2 to enumerate, count.

गणः [गण् कर्मणि कर्तिर वा अच्] 1 A flock, multitude, group, troop, collection : गुणिगणगणना, भगण: &c. -2 A series, a class. -3 A body of followers or attendants. -4 Particularly, a troop of demigods consider-; ed as Siva's attendants and under the special superintendence of Ganesa a demigod of this troop; गणानां स्वा गणपति हवामहे कविं कविनां &c.; गणा नमेरुप्रसवावतंसाः Ku. 1. 55, 7. 40, 71; Me. 33, 55, Ki. 5. 13. -5 Any assemblage or society of men formed for the attainment of the same objects -6 A company, association. -7 A tribe, class. -8 A series of lunar mansions classed under three heads (of god, men and demons). -9 A sect (in philosophy or religion). -10 A small body of troops (a subdivision of असीहिणी), consisting of 27 chariots, as many elephants, 81 horses and 135 foot. -11 A number (in math.). -12 A foot (in prosody). -13 (In gram.) A series of roots or words belonging to the same rule and called after the first word of that series; e.g. भ्यादिमण i. e. the class of roots which begin with y. -14 An epithet of Ganesa. -Comp. -अपणी m. N. of Ganesa. -अचल: N. of the mountain Kailasa, as the residence of the Ganas of Siva. -37-धिप:, =अधिपति: 1. N. of Siva; Si. 9. 27. -2. N. of Ganesa. -3, the chief of a troop of soldiers or of a class of disciples, of a body of men or ani-