गंघोली 1 A wasp. -2 Dried ginger.

ग∺: Ved. 1 A slit, cleft. -2 The vulva.

गमास्तः m. f. 1 A ray of light, a sunbeam or moonbeam. -2 Ved. The shaft (of a car). -3 The forepart of the arm, the hand. -िस्तः The sun. -f. An epithet of Svåhå, the wife of Agni. -Comp. -करः, -पाणिः, -मालिन् m., इस्तः, मन् m. the sun. -नेमिः N. of Vishnu.

गभस्तिमन् m. The sun ; घनव्यपायेन गभस्तिमानिव R. 3. 37. —n. One of the seven divisions of Pâtâla.

गभीर a.[गच्छति जलमत्र, गम् ईरन् भानादेशस्य Un. 4.35] 1 Deep (in all senses); उ नालास्त इमे गभीरपयस: पुण्याः सरिस्तंगमाः U. 2. 30; Bv. 2. 105. -2 Deepsounding (as a drum). -3 Thick, dense, impervious (as a forest). -4 Profound, sagacious. -5 Grave, serious, solemn, earnest. -6 Secret, mysterious. -7 Inscrutable, difficult to be perceived or understood. -Comp. -आत्मन् the Supreme Soul. -वेध a. very penetrating.

गर्भोरिका 1 A large drum with a deep sound. -2 A gong.

गमोलिक: A small round pillow. गम् 1P.(गच्छाते,जगाम,अगमन, गमिष्य-ति,गतं, गत desid जिग्मिषति,जिगांसते Atm.; freq. जंगम्यते; जंगमीति or जंगति) 1 To go, move in general : गच्छत्यार्था पन-र्दर्श⊀ाय V. 5 ; गच्छाति पुरः श्रशिरं धावति पश्चादसंस्तुतं चेतः S. 1. 34; क्राधुना ग-म्यते 'where art thou going'. -2 To depart, go forth, go away, set forth or out; उत्किप्यैनां क्योतिरेकं जगाम S. 5. 30. -3 To go to, reach, resort to, arrive at, approach; यहगम्योपि गम्यते Pt. 1, 7 ; एनी गच्छति कर्तारं Ms. 8. 19 the sin goes to (recoils on) the doer : 4. 199 ; so धराण मध्नी गम &c. -4 To pass, pass away, elapse (as time); दिनेषु गच्छत्स R. 3. 8 as days rolled on, in course of time; Me. 83; काच्यशा-स्त्रविनादेन कालो गच्छति धीमतां H. 1. 1: गच्छता कालेन in the long run. -5 To go to the state or condition of, become, undergo, suffer, partake of &c. (usually joined with nouns ending in ता,-त्व &c. or any noun in the acc.) ; गीमध्याम्यपहास्यतां R. 1. 3 ; पश्चास्यां समुखी जगान Ku.

1. 26 went by or received the name of Uma: so तर्ति गच्छति becomes satis fied: विषादं गत: became dejected; की-पं न गच्छाति does not become angry; आनुष्यं गतः became released from debt; मनसा गम to think of, remember ; Ku. 2.63 ; ब्रोण गच्छत: riding a bull ; Ku. 5.80. -6 To cohabit, have sexual intercourse with ; ग्रो: सतां...वो गच्छति पमान Pt. 2. 107; Y. 1. 80.-Caus. (गमयात-ते)1 To cause to go, lead or reduce to (as a state); गित: गित Ku. 4. 24; Bh. 3. 38; Ki. 2. 7. -2 To spend, pass (as time). -3 To make clear, explain, expound, -4 To signify, denote, convey an idea or sense of : हो नजी प्रकृतार्थं गमयतः ' two negatives make one affirmative.' -5 To send to. -6 To bring to a place (acc.). -7 To impart, grant, bestow. -8 To intend, mean.

गत p. p. [गम्-क] 1 Gone, departed, gone for ever; Mu. 1. 25; कि गते सलिले सेतुबंधेन, कि गते विवाह नक्षत्रपरीक्षया Vb. 4. 'what is the use of locking the stable-door when the steed is stolen ?.' -2 Passed away, elapsed, past ; गतायां रात्री. -3 Dead, deceased, departed to the next world; Ku. 4. 30. -4 Gone to, arrived at, reaching to. -5 Being in, situated in, seated in, resting on, contained in ; usually in comp.; Ar-सादपांतगतः Pt. 1 seated on &c. ; स-दोगत: R. 3. 66 seated in the assembly; wait var S. 4. 13 united to a husband; so आद्ये; सर्वगत existing everywhere. -6 Fallen into, reduced to ; e. g. आपवतः. -7 Referring or relating to, with regard to, about, concerning, connected with (usually in comp.) ; राजा शक्कंतलाग-तमेव चितयात 8.5; भर्तुगतया चितया $S.\ 4$: वयमपि भवत्यौ सुखीगतं किमपि पुच्छाम: S. 1: so पुत्रमृत: स्नेष्ट: &c. -8 Frequented, resorted to; सहद Ku. 4. 24. -9 Known, celebrated. -10 Directed towards, belonging to. -11 Known, understood. - 7 1 Motion, going: गतमुपरि घनानां वारिगर्भीवराणां S. 7. 7; Si. 1.2, 7. 4.-2 Gait, manner of going ; Ku. 1. 34 ; V. 4. 16. -3 An event. -4 The place where one has gone. -5 Celebration, being known, diffusion. -6 Manner. (As first member of comp. translated by

'free from', 'bereft of', 'deprived of', 'without.') -Comp. - ster a. sightless, blind. -अध्वन a. 1. one who has accomplished or finished a journey; R.4.46,11.33,-2.conversant, familiar(with anything), (-f.)the time immediately preceding new moon when a small streak of the moon is still visible ; (चत्रदेशीयका अमावास्या). -अनगतं following custom or precedent. - अनगतिक a. doing as others do, a blind follower; गतानुपात-को लोको न लोकः पारमार्थिकः Pt. 1. 342 'people are blind followers or servile imitators'; Mu. 6. 5. - sta a. one whose end has arrived. - 374 a. 1. poor. -2. meaningless (the meaning being already expressed). -अस, -जीवित, -प्राण a. expired, dead : Bg. 2. 11. - आगतं 1. going and coming, frequent visits; Bh. 3, 7; Bg. 9, 21; Mu. 2, 3, 4, 1,-2, interchange of place, Mál. 9.46.-3.the flight of a bird backward and forward. -4. irregular course of the stars (in astronomy). —आधि a. free from anxiety, happy. - आयुस् a. decrepit, infirm, very old. -आर्ब-या 1.a woman past her child-bearing. 2. a barren woman. - उत्साह a. disspirited dejected. - आजस् a. bereft a. freed from crime or sin, purified. -क्रम a. refreshed. -चेतन a. deprived of sense or consciousness, insensible, senseless. — विनं, -विवसः the past day, yesterday. -दिनं ind. yesterday. - प्रत्यागस a. returned after having gone away; Ms. 7. 186. - An a. bereft of splendour, dim, obscured, faded. - प्राप्त a.lifeless, dead. -प्राच a. almost gone, nearly passed away; गतप्राया रजनी - अर्हुका 1. a widow. -2. (rarely) a woman whose husband has gone abroad (=प्रोधितभर्तृका). - लक्ष्मीक a. 1. bereft of lustre or splendour, faded. -2. deprived of wealth, impoverished, suffering losses. - वयस्त, -वयस्त a. advanced in years, aged, old; Pt. 1. 10. -वर्ष:, - the past year. - केर a. at peace (with), reconciled. - ज्यथ a. free from pain. - दोशव a. past child-hood.—संग a.1. free from attachment. -2, adverse or indifferent to. -सस्व a. 1. dead, annihilated, lifeless. -2. base. - सम्बद्ध: an