नार्ग a. Coming from or connected with Gargya.

गार्ग्य a. Descended from Garga. गार्य्स a. (श्री f.) [गर्दभस्येदं अण्] Belonging to or coming from an ass, asinine.

गाद्धर्थ Greediness ; Si. 3. 73.

गार्भ a. (भ्री f.) [गृशस्यायम् अण्] Derived from a vulture. —श्रं: 1 Greediness (probably for गार्थ). -2 An arrow. -Comp. -पश्रः, -बासस् m. an arrow furnished with a vulture's feathers.

गार्भ a. (भी f.) [गर्भ साधु अण्], गार्भिक (की f.) a. 1 Uterine, fetal. -2 Relating to gestation; Ms. 2. 27.

गार्निणं, -ण्यं [गार्भणीनां समूहः भिक्षा° अण्] A number of pregnant women.

गाईपतं [गृहपते(रिदं अण्] The position and dignity of a householder.

गाइपत्यः [गृहपतिना नित्यं संयुक्तः, संज्ञायां ज्य] 1 One of the three sacred fires perpetually maintained by a householder, which he receives from his father and transmits to his descendants, and from which fires for sacrificial purposes are lighted; cf. Ms. 2. 231. -2 The place where this sacred fire is kept. - त्यं The government of a family; position and dignity of a householder.

गाईमेध a. (भी f.) [गृहमेधस्येदं अण्] Fit or proper for a householder. — भ: The five Yajnas to be performed by a householder.

गाईस्थ्यं [गृहस्थस्य भावः कमे वा ध्यञ्] 1 The order or stage of life of a householder (गृहस्थ). -2 Domestic affairs, household. -3 The five Yajnas to be daily performed by a householder.

गार्ध a. Domestic.

गाल: 1 Flowing, liquefying. -2 Dropping. -3 A flux.

बालनं [गल् णिच् भावे स्युद्] 1 Straining (fluids).-2 Fusing, liquefying, melting.

गाउव: 1 The Lodhra tree. -2 A kind of ebony. -3 N. of a sage, a pupil of Visvâmitra (said in Hariv. to be his son).

गालिः f. [गल्-इन्] 1 Abuse, abusive or foul language ; ददत् ददत्

गालीर्गालिमंती भवंती वयमपि तदभावाहा-लिदाने असमर्था: Bh. 3. 133,

गालित a. 1 Strained. -2 Distilled. -3 Melted, fused.

गालिनी A particular position of the fingers.

गालोडित a. 1 Drunk, intoxicated. -2 Sick, diseased, -3 Foolish.

गालोड्यं The seed of a lotus.

गावल्गांगः An epith et of Sanjaya, son of Gavalgana.

गाह् 1 A. [गाहते, जगाहे, अगाहिष्ट, अगाढ, गाहितुं, गाढुं, गाढ or गाहित] 1 To dive or plunge into, bathe, immerse oneself into (as water) ; गा-हंतां महिषा निपानसंलिलं शुंगैर्मुहस्ताडितं S. 2. 6 ; गाहितासेऽथ पुण्यस्य गंगामति-मिव इतां Bk. 22. 11, 14. 67 ; (fig. also); मनस्तु में संदायमेव गाहते Ku, 5. 46 is plunged into or entertains doubt. -2 To enter deeply into, penetrate, roam or range over ; πr-हितमखिलं गहनं Bv. 1. 21; कवान्विस्का-ननं जगाहे K. 58; ऊनं न सस्वेष्वधिको बबाधे तास्मिन्वनं गाप्तरि गाहमाने R. 2. 14; Me. 48; H. 1. 171; Ki 13, 24. -3 To stir up, agitate, shake, churn. -4 To be absorbed in (with loc.). -5 To hide oneself in. -6 To destroy. With to enter, go to or into, penetrate into ; समगाहिष्ट चांबरं Bk. 15.59.

गाड p. p. [गाइ -क] 1 Dived or plunged into, bathed in, deeply entered. -2 Frequently plunged into. resorted to, thickly crowded or inhabited ; तपास्त्रिगाढां तमसां प्राप नहीं त्रंगनेण R. 9. 72. -3 Closely pressed together, tightly drawn, fast, close, tight; गाडांगदैवाहिन: R. 16. 60; गाडा-लिंगन Amaru. 36, a close embrace: Ch. P. 6. -4 Thick, dense. -5 Deep. impervious. -6 Strong, vehement excessive, intense ; गाढनिद्रामवाप fell fast asleep; 20 °उद्देग excessively tor-mented; U. 3. 31; Mâl. 9. 12:गाडोरकंटाललितलुलितैरंगकैस्ताम्यतीति Mål. 1. 15; Me. 83; प्राप्तगादप्रकेपा S. Til. 12; Amaru. 72; so also गादतमेन तमं Me. 102. - हं ind. Closely, fast, much, excessively, heavily. vehemently, powerfully.-Comp. - 37-सद a. having closely fitting armlets. -आर्लिंगनं a close embrace. - कर्ण: an attentive ear. -HE a. close-fisted,

avaricious, miserly. (-হি:) a sword. নাছ a. [নাছ-ঘুর] Diving into, bathing. — ছ: 1 Diving into, plunging, bathing. -2 Depth, interior.

गाहनं [गाह् ल्युट्] The act of diving into, plunging, bathing &c.

गाहित a. 1 Bathed in, plunged into. -2 Penetrated, entered into; see ग.इ.

गाहित् a. 1 One who plunges into water, a bather, diver. -2 One who penetrates. -3 Shaking or agitating. -4 Destroyer.

गिंदुक: 1 A ball for playing with. -2 N. of a tree; see गेंदुक.

गिर् a. [मृक्षिप्वा टाप्] Ved. Ad dressing, invoking. -f. (nom, sing नी: ; instr. dual मीभ्यों &c.) 1 Speech, words, language ; वचस्यवासिते तास्मन् ससर्ज गिरमास्मभू: Ku. 2. 53; 3.72; भवतीनां स्नृतयैव गिरा कृतमातिथ्यं S. 1; प्रवृत्तिसाराः खलु माद्रशां गिरः Ki. 1. 25 ; Si. 2. 15 ; Y. 1. 71. -2 Invocation, praise, song. -3 N. of Sarasvatî, the goddess of speech and learning -Comp. - देवी (गीर्देवी) Sarasvatî, the goddess of speech. -पति:, (written as गी:पति:, गीष्पति: and गीपाति:) 1 N. of Brihaspati, the preceptor of the gods. -2 a learned man so गिरीश:,-रथ: (गीरथ:) N. of Brihaspati, —वा (बा) णः (गी-र्बाण) a god, deity ; परिमली गीर्वाण-चेताहर: Bv. 1. 63, 84. कुसुमं cloves.

निरा Speech, speaking, language, voice.

गिरि a. [गु-इ किस Un. 4. 142] Venerable, respectable, worshipful, -R: 1 A hill, mountain, an elevation ; पद्मधाधासनने मृह गिग्या न पर्तति कि Subhash. ; ननु प्रवाते अपि निष्कंपा गिरव: S. 6. -2 A huge rock. -3 A disease of the eyes. -4 An honorific title given to Sannyasins ; e. a. आनंदगिरि: -5 (In math.) The number 'eight'. -6 A ball with which children play (गेंद्रक). -7 A cloud. -8 A peculiar defect in quicksilver. - R: f. 1 Swallowing. - 2 A rat; mouse (written also गिरी in this sense).-Comp. - \$3: 1. a high moun tain-2, an epithet of Siva.-3, the Himålaya mountain -4. a term for the number 'eight'. - ईश: 1. an epithet of the Himâlaya mountain. -2. an epithet of Siva; सतां गिरीशप्रतिसक्तमा-