गाति: 1. discussion about law. -2. (with Buddhists) a council. - सभा a court of justice. - सहाय: a partner or companion in the discharge of religious duties. - मृ: m. the fork-tailed shrike. - सेतु: an epithet of Siva. - स्थ: a judge. - स्वाभिन् m. an epithet of Buddha.

भूनेत: ind. 1 According to law or rule, rightly, religiously, justly.

-2 Virtuously, righteously. -3
From a virtuous or religious motive.

- भूमेल्वं 1 Morality, virtue, righteousness. -2 Inherent property or nature.

धर्मन् m. [धू-मनिन्] 1 A preserver, maintainer, supporter. —n. 1 A religious rite. -2 Support, stay. -3 Religion, duty. -4 Law, custom. -5 A mode, manner. -6 Characteristic quality or mark.

धर्मेच a. Virtuous, righteous, pious.

धर्मेश्व a. Virtuous, just, pious, righteous.

भ्रमेवत् a. 1 Holy, virtuous. -2 Upright, just. -3 Lawful, legal.

धर्मिन त. [धर्में इस्त्यह्य-इनि] 1 Virtuous, just, pious. -2 Knowing one's duties. -3 Obeying the law. -4 Having the properties of, having the nature, peculiar properties, or characteristics of anything, (at the end of comp.);षद् मुना हिजधर्मिण: Ms. 10. 41; कल्पवृक्षकलधर्मि कांशितं R. 11. 50. -5 Following the habits of any person. -m. An epithet of Vishnu.

धर्मिष्ठ a. Very pious; (Superl. of धर्मिन्). —ष्ठ: An epithet of Vishau. धर्मीपुन: An actor, player.

भन्ये a. [भनिद्वपेत: -यत्) 1 Consistent with law, duty or religion, lawful, legal; Ms. 3. 22; 25-26. -2 Religious (as an act); Ku. 6. 13. -3 Just, righteous, fair; भन्यां दि युद्धाच्छेयोऽन्यत्क्षचियस्य न विचते Bg. 2. 31; 9. 2; Y. 3. 44. -4 Legitimate. -5 Usual. -6 Endowed with particular qualities, as तदस्यं.

মৰ্থ: [খ্ৰ-মাৰ ঘ্ৰু] 1 Boldness, insolence, haughtiness, impudence.

-2 Pride, arrogance. -3 Impatience.

-4 Restraint. -5 Violation, seduction (of a woman). -6 Injury,

wrong, insult.-7 A eunuch.-Comp--本代矿 a violated woman.

भर्षेक a. [भृष्-गुल्ल] 1 Assailing, attacking, assaulting. -2 Violating, seducing. -3 Impatient. -क: 1 A seducer, an adulterer, a violator. -2 An actor, dancer. -3 Mime.

धर्षणं, -णा [ध्रूप-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Boldness, insolence. -2 Insult, affront. -3 An assault, outrage, seduction, violation; as in नारि.-4 Copulation. -5 Contempt, disrespect. -6 Abuse. -7 Arrogance. -8 An offence.

धर्षाण:-जी f. A disloyal or wanton woman, a harlot.

भावत a. [भूष-कर्मणि क -इट गुणश]

1 Seduced, outraged, violated. -2
Overpowered, overcome, defeated;
N. 22. 155. -3 Ill-treated abused,
insulted. -तं 1 Contumely, pride.
-2 Cohabitation, copulation. -3
Impatience, intolerance. -ता A
harlot,a disloyal or unchaste woman.

uffa a. 1 Proud, arrogant, overbearing. -2 Assaulting, seducing, outraging. -3 Insulting, ill-treating. -4 Audacious, impudent. -5 Cohabiting. -- off A harlot, an unchaste woman.

ঘব: 1 Shaking, trembling. -2 A man. -3 A husband, as in বি-ঘবা. -4 A master, lord. -5 A rogue, cheat. -6 A kind of tree.

धवल त. [धवं कंपं लाति ला-क; Tv.] 1 White;धवलातपत्र, धवलगृहं,धवलवस्त्र &c.-2Handsome:-3 Clear, pure. -- ল: 1 The white colour. -2 An excellent bull, -3 China camphor (चीनकप्र). -4 N. of a tree (ध्व). - लं Whitepepper. - Er A woman with a white complexion. —নী A white cow; (ধ-वहा also). -Comp. - उत्पत्नं the white water-lily (said to open at moonrise). - शिर: N. of the highest peak of the Himâlaya mountain. - 可言 a house whitened with chunam, a palace. — पश्च: 1, a goose. - 2, the bright half of a lunar month. - मृत्तिका chalk.

धवलित a. Whitened, made white. धवलिमन् m. 1 Whiteness, white colour. -2 Paleness; इयं भूतिनींगे प्रि-यविरहजन्मा धवलिमा Subhash.

धवाणकः Wind,

धवित्रं A fan made of the deer's

धस् a. [धा -कसृत्] Holding; रेती-धस्, पुरोधस् &c. --m. 1 N. of Brahman, -2 Brihaspati.

धा 3 U. (दधाति, धत्ते, दधी-दधे, अधा-त-अधित, धास्यति-ते, धानं, हित; pass. धीय-ते; eaus, धापयति-ते; desid. धिसाति-ते) 1 To put, place, set, lay, put in, lay on or upon; विज्ञातनीषेषु द्धाति दंडं Mb. : नि:शंकं भीयते (v. l. for दीयते) लोकै: पदय भस्मचये पदं H. 2. 173. -2 To fix upon, direct (the mind or thoughts &c.) towards (with dat. or loc.): धत्ते चक्षमंकलिनि रणस्कािक-ले बालचूने Mâl. 3. 12; इधः क्रमारानु-गमे मनांचि Bk. 3. 11, 2. 7; Ms. 12. 23. -3 To bestow anything upon one, grant, give, confer, present. (with dat., gen., or loc.); ਪੂਰੀ ਲ-क्ष्मीमथ माथि भुद्यां धेहि देव प्रसीद Mál. 1. 3 ; यद्यस्य सोऽदधारसर्गे सत्तस्य स्वयमा-विश्वत् Ms. 1. 29. -4 To hold, contain; तानिप द्धासि मात: Bv. 1.68; S. 4. 3. -5 To seize, take hold of (as in the hand); Bk. 1.26, 4. 26; Ki. 13. 54.-6 To wear, put on, bear; गुरूणि वासांसि विहाय सूर्ण तन्ति..... धत्ते जनः काममवालखांगः Rs. 6. 13, 16: धत्ते भरं क्रसम्बद्धकावलीनां Bv. 1, 94: द्धतो मंगलक्षीमे R. 12. 8, 9. 40 ; Bk. 17. 54. -7 To assume, take, have show, exhibit, possess; (usually Atm.): काच: कांचनसंसर्गाद्धने मार-कर्ती द्याति H. Pr. 41; शिरसि मसीपटलं द्धाति दीप: Bv. 1.74; R.2. 7; Amaru. 23. 67; Me. 36; Bh. 3. 46; R. 3. 1; Bk. 2. 1; 4. 16,18; Si. 3, 10, 86; Ki. 5. 5. -8 To hold up, sustain, bear up; गामधा-स्यत्क्रथं नागो सृणालसृदुभिः फणैः Ku. 6. 68. -9 To support, maintain સંपद्धितमयेनोभी दधतुर्भुवनद्वयं ${
m R.}~1.~26$. -10 To cause, creste, produce, generate, make ; मुग्धा कुड्मलिताननेन द्धती वायं स्थिता तत्र सा Amaru. 70 -11 To suffer, undergo, ineur; Si. 9. 2, 32, 66. -12 To perform, do -13 Ved. To bring, convey. -14 To appoint, fix. | The meanings of this root, like those of er, are variously modified according to the word with which it is connected: e.g. मनः, मर्ति, धियं, &c. धा to fix the mind or thoughts upon, resolve upon; që ur to set foot on, to enter; कर्ण करं था to place the hand on the ear &c.] .- WITH MIT (the M