driving away; Si. 6. 47. -2 Vomiting. -7 1 Expelling, ejecting, expulsion, removal. -2 Denial, contradiction, rejection, refusal. -3 Refutation. -4 Vomiting forth, spitting out. -5 Checking, suppressing. -6 Destruction, killing, extirpation.

निरास: 1 Ejection, expulsion, throwing out, removal. -2 Vomiting. -3 Refutation, contradiction.-4 Opposition. -5 Dropping (a sound or letter &c.)

निरस a. [निवृत्तो रसी यहमान पा. ब.] Tasteless, insipid, dry. —सः 1 Want of flavour, insipidity, tastelessness. -2 Want of juice, dryness. -3 Want of passion or feeling.

निराक: 1 Cooking. -2 Sweat.
-3 The recompense of a bad action
(v. l. for निपाक).

निराकुल a. 1 Full of, filled or covered with; अलिकुलसंकुलकुस-मसमूहनिराकुलबकुलकलापे Git. 1. -2 Distressed; see under निर also.

निराह 8 U. 1 To expel, drive away, repudiate; Bk. 6. 100; R. 14. 57. -2 Yo refute (as an opinion). -3 To give up, abandon. -4 To destroy completely, annihilate. -5 To revile, contemn, slight. -6 To oppose, obstruct, contradict. -7 To refuse, decline, reject. -8 To omit. -9 To disappoint, frustrate.

निराकरणं 1 Repudiating, expelling, turning away; निराकरणविक्रवा S. 6. -2 Banishing. -3 Obstruction, contradiction, opposition, rejection. -4 Refutation, reply. -5 Contempt. -6 Neglecting the chief sacrificial duties. -7 Forgetting.

Fittaften a. 1 Repudiating, turning out, expelling; R. 14. 57. -2 Hindering from, obstructive. -3 Spurning, disdaining. -4 Seeking to deprive one of a thing. -5 Forgetful.

निराकार: Reproach, censure; see under निर् also

निराकृत p. p. 1 Expelled, banished. -2 Refuted. -3 Despised, &c. see निराकृ above. -Comp. -अन्योत्तर a. irrefutable, unanswerable.

निराकृति: f. निराक्तिया 1 Repudiation, expulsion, rejection. -2 Refusal. -3 Obstruction, obstacle, impediment, interruption. -4 Opposi-

tion.

निराग a. Passionless, dispassionate.

निरादिष्ट a. Paid off as a debt. निरादेश: Complete payment of a debt.

निरासः See under निरस्,

निरामालुः The wood-apple (क-पेरथ).

निरिंगिणी-नी A veil.

निरीक्ष्म 1 A. 1 To gaze at steadfastly, mark or view completely; (धन्ता) ... निरीक्ष्यमाणः सुत्रां द्यालुः R. 2. 52; Bg. 1. 22; Ms. 4. 38. -2 To look for, search after; निरीक्षते केलियनं प्रविद्य क्रमेलकः क्षेटकचालमेष Vikr. 1. 29. -3 To observe, perceive, contemplate; view.

निरीक्षक a. Looking at, observing &c.

निरीक्षणं, निरीक्षा 1 A look.-2 Looking at, regarding, seeing, beholding.
-3 Looking out for, searching. -4
Consideration, regard; निरीक्षया as
to, in respect of. -5 Hope, expectation. -6 Aspect of planets.

निरीशं (पं) A plough-share.

निरक्त a. 1 Expressed, pronounced, explained, defined. -2 Loud, distinct. -कं 1 Explanation, derivation, etymological interpretation. -2 N. of one of the six Vedângas, that which contains glossarial explanation of obscure words, especially those occurring in the Vedas; नाम च भागुजनाह निरक्त Nir. -3 N. of a celebrated commentary on the Nighantus by Yâska. -Comp. -कार: N. of the sage Yâska. -क: one of the twelve kinds of sons allowed by the old Hindu law (=भेजन q. v.).

निरुक्ति: f. 1 Derivation, etymological interpretation of words. -2 (In Rhet.) An artificial explanation of the derivation of a word; thus defined:—निरुक्तियोगती नाम्नामन्यार्थत्वप्रकल्पनं | इंद्रीश्वरितेजीने सत्यं दोषाकरी भवान् || Chandr. 5. 168 (where दोषाकर: is equal to दोषाणामाकर:). -4 N. of Yâska's commentary on the Nighanţus.

निरुत्सुक a. 1 Exceedingly anxious. -2 Unconcerned, indifferent.

निरुध् 7 U. 1 To obstruct, stop, oppose, block up; न्यहंधेश्वास्य पंथानं Bk. 17. 49; 16. 20; Mk. 1. 22. -2 To confine, lock up; Ms. 11. 177; Bg. 8. 12. -3 To cover, hide; Ms^{*} 10. 16. -4 To keep off, remove. -5 To curb, restrain, check; S. 7. 10.

निरुद्ध p. p. 1 Obstructed, hindered, checked, restrained, curbed; U. 1. 29. -2 Confined, imprisoned; U. 1. 11. -Comp. -कंड a. having one's breath obstructed, choked, suffocated. -गुद्द: obstruction of the rectum. -प्रकाश: stricture of the urethra.

निरोध: निरोधनं 1 Confinement, locking up, imprisonment; Ms. 8. 310, 375. -2 Enclosing, covering up; Amaru. 87. -3 Restraint, check, suppression, control; योगिधनविनिरोध: Yoga S.; Ku. 3. 48. -4 Hindrance, obstruction, opposition. -5 Hurting, punishing, injuring. -6 Annihilation, complete destruction. -7 Aversion, dislike. -8 Disappointment, frustration of hopes (in dramatic language). -9 (With the Buddhists) Suppression of pain.

निरुद्ध a. 1 Conventional, become current in popular usage, accepted (as the meaning of a word, as opposed to its योगिक or etymolo. gical sense); स्रोने काचिद्यवास्ति निरुदा सैव सा चलाति यत्र हि चित्तं N. 5. 57. -2 Unmarried. -3 Drawn -g: 1 Inherence out, purged. (as of 'redness' in the word 'red'). -2 (In Rhet.) The accepted and popular meaning of a word. -Comp. - तक्षणा a lakshaná or secondary use of a word which is based not on the vivaksha or particular intention of the speaker, but on its accepted and popular

নিক্ষরি: f. 1 Fame, celebrity. -2
Familiarity, conversancy, proficiency; নূব বিভান্ত নিক্ষরিদামনা Ki.
2. 6. -3 Confirmation. -4 = নিক্ষরত স্থাপা প্. v.

निरुष् 10 U. 1 To see, perceive, mark or observe carefully; न च महा-वने पंथा निरुष्तः K. 120 -2 To investigate, examine, look out for, search. -3 To fix upon, determine, settle, resolve. -4 To choose, select, appoint. -5 To reflect, consider. -6 To act, represent dramatically, gesticulate. -7 To perform.

निस्पर्ण -जा 1 Form, shape. -2 Sight, seeing.-3 Looking for, search-