3. 248, 260, -3 Bestowing presents. -4 Gift, donation. -5 A vessel (ladle &s.) for pouring.

निवयनी The slough of a snake. निवर्ण 10 U. 1 To look at carefully, mark attentively. -2 To see. behold, observe, perceive.

निर्वर्णनं 1 Looking at, seeing, sight. -2 Marking, observing carefully.

निवंस 1 P. 1 To live out, i. e. to go to the end of (as a period). -2 To dwell abroad. - Caus. To banish, drive away, expel: R. 14.

निर्वासः, निर्वासनं 1 Expulsion, banishment. -2 Killing, slaughter. -3 Leaving one's home, living abroad (निवास only in this sense).

नियह 1 P. 1 To carry out, extricate oneself, -2 To be finished. -3 To live upon, live by the aid of. - Caus. 1 To take to the end of. complete, finish, manage; यथा प्रिय-सखी बंधुजनशोचनीया न भवति तथा निर्वाहय S. 3. -3 To carry out. accomplish, effect. -3 To pass, spend (as time).

निर्भहण 1 End, completion: Si, 14. 63. -2 Maintainig, carrying to the end, sustaining ; मानस्य निर्वहणं Amaru. 24. -3 Destruction, annihilation. -4 (In dramas). The catastrophe, the last stage in which the action of the play is brought to a head, the denouement : तर्दिकानिमित्तं कुकविकृतनाटकस्येव अन्य-न्मुखें ध्न्यनिर्वहणे Mu. 6.

निवाह: 1 Carrying on, accomplishng, performing. -2 Completion, end. -3 Carrying to the end, supporting, steadfast adherence, perseverance; निर्वाहः प्रतिपन्नवस्तुषु सतामेतद्धि गीत्रव्रतं Ma. 2. 18. -4 Subsisting on. -5 Sufficiency, competent provision, competency. -6 Describing, narrating.

निवोहण a. 1 Carrying out, effecting. -2 Removing. - T Accomplishment, completion ; See निवेहण.

निवाहिन a. 1 Effecting. -2 Discharging (as a wound).

cooled, be cool or assuaged (fig. tinguishing. -5 Pouring out, scatalso) ; वपु जेलाद्रीपवनेन निविधी Si. 1. tering, sowing (as seed). -5 (a) 65; स्विध दृष्ट एव तस्या निर्वाति मना Offering, giving. (b) Offering ob-

मनोभवज्वलिसं Subhash. -3 To blow out, be extinguished, be extinct; निर्वाणदीपे किम तैलदानं Subhash.; नि-र्वाणभूभिष्ठनथास्य वीर्वे संधुक्षयंतीव वपुर्गु-जन Ku. 3. 52; Si. 14. 85; Mu. 3. 28. - Caus. (बापवात) 1 To blow or put out. extinguish destroy. kill: R. 3, 58. -2 To cool, all wiate the heat of act as a refrigerant : स-खि अन्यादश एवं तेद्य निर्वापयति शरीरस्प-र्चा: Mál, 6, Ratn. 3. 11, R.19. 56, -3 To gratify, soothe, comfort; R. 12, 63.

निर्वाण p. p. 1 Blown or put out, extinguished (as a lamp or fire); निर्वाणवैरदहनाः प्रश्नमादरीणां Ve. 1. 7; Ku, 2, 23, -2 Lost, disappeared, -3 Dead, deceased. -4 Liberated from existence. -5 Set (as the sun). -6 Calmed, quieted. -7 Plunged. - • 1 Extinction ; H. 1. 131 ; श्रानैनिया-णमाप्तोति निर्धिन इवानलः Mb. -2 Vanishing from sight, disappearance. -3 Dissolution, death. -4 Final liberation or emancipation matter and reunion with the Supreme Spirit, eternal bliss, নিবাণ-मपि मन्येऽहमंतरायं जयश्रिय: Ki, 11, 69: R. 12. 1. -5 (With Buddhists) Absolute extinction or annihilation, complete extinction of individual or worldly existence. -6 Perfect and perpetual calm, repose; Ki. 18. 39. -7 Complete satisfaction or pleasure, supreme bliss, highest felicity; अये लब्धं नेत्रनिर्वाण S. 3; M. 3. 1; Si. 4. 23; V. 3. -8 Cessation, desisting. -9 Vacuity. -10 Union, association, confluence. -11 The bathing of an elephant; as in अभिवाज at R. 1. 71. -12 Instruction in sciences.-Comp. - q-राजं offering oblations to the dead(?) - भूबिष्ठ a, almost vanished or departed; see under निर्वा (3) above. -मस्तक: final emancipation or deliverance, final beatitude.

निर्वाप: 1 See निर्वपण. -2 Putting out, extinguishing (as fire). -3 Alms.

निर्वापणं 1 An offering, oblation, a funeral oblation. -2 A gift निर्वा 2 P. 1 To blow, -2 To be donation. -3 Putting out, ex-

lations (especially funeral). -6 Allaying, alleviation, pacification; कर्तब्यानि द: खितैर्द:खनिर्वापणानि U. 3. -7 Annihilation .- 8 Killing, slaughter. -9 Cooling, refreshing; श्रारान-बीवणाय S. 3. -10 A refrigerant or cooling application.

निवापियत a. 1 Extinguishing, blowing, blowing out. -2 Allaying the heat of, cooling ; स्मर एव तापहेत-र्निर्वापयिता स एवं में जात: S. 3. 12.

निवादः 1 Blame, reproach. -2 Scandal, bad rumour, obloquy; R. 14. 34. -3 Decision of a controversy--4 Absence of dispute (बादाभाव). -5 Rumour, report.

निर्विद 4 A. To be dissatisfied or disgusted with (with instr.); Pt. 1. 240.

निर्दिण्ण p. p. 1 Despondent, depressed; Mk. 1. 14. -2 Overcome with fear or sorrow. -3 Emaciated with grief. -4 Abused, degraded. -5 Disgusted with anything; मत्स्यादा-नस्य निर्विण्य: Pt. 1. -6 Impaired, decayed, -7 Humble, modest. -8 Known, certain.

निर्वेद: 1 Disgust, loathing. -2 Satisty, cloy. -3 Depression of spirits, despair, despondency : परि-भवाजिबेंडमापदाते Mk. 1, 14,-4 Humiliation. -5 Grief. -6 Complete indifference to worldly objects : Bg. 2. 52 (regarded as the feeling which gives rise to the sentiment called ज्ञांत (quietude); निर्वेदस्थायि-भावोस्ति द्यांतोऽपि नवमो रसः К. Р. 4; (see R. G. under (नेवेंद). -7 Selfdisparagement or humiliation (regarded as one of the 33 subordinate feelings); cf. the definition in R. G. under निवेद ; (the following is there given as an instance ; यदि लक्ष्मण सा मृगेक्षणा न मदीक्षासर्गि समेडयाते। अमुना जडजीवितेन में जगता वा विफलेन किं फਲਂ ||). -8 Shame.

निविद्य 6 P. 1 To enjoy ; ज्योरस्ना-वतो निर्विश्वति प्रदोषान् R. 6. 34 : निर्वि-ष्टविषयस्तैहः स दशांतमुपेविवान् R. 12. 1; 4, 51; 6, 50; 9, 36; 13, 60; 14. 80; 18. 3; 19. 47; Me. 110; Ku. 1. 29. -2 To adorn, embellish. -3 To marry; निर्वेद्वकामोस्मि नरेंद्र V. P. -4 To feel, experience, -5 To

reward, recompense.

নিবিঁত p. p. 1 Enjoyed, attained, experienced. -2 Fully enjoyed