servant. - fara a. 1. conquered by another. -2. maintained by another. (-तः) the (Indian) cuckoo. -तंत्र a. dependent on another, dependent, subservient, - art: (m. pl.) another's wife. - दारिन m. an adulterer. - द:e the sorrow or grief of another; विरलः परदःखदःखितो जनः: महदापे पर-इ:खं शीतलं सम्बगाहः V. 4. 13 - - देव-ता the Supreme being. -देश: a foreign country. - देशिन m. a foreigner. - होहिन, -देधिन a. hating others, hostile, inimical. — খুন another's property. -धर्मः 1. the religion of another ; स्वधर्में निधनं श्रेयः परधर्मी भ-यावह: Bg. 3. 35. -2, another's duty or business. -3, the duties of another caste; Ms. 10. 97. —ध्यानं absolute meditation or contemplation. - निपात: the irregular posteriority of a word in a compound ; i. e. भूतप् र्व: where the sense is पूर्व भूत: ; so रा-जदंत:, अब्न्याहित: &c. -पक्ष: the side or party of an enemy .- qt 1. the highest position, eminence. -2. final beatitude. -पाकरत a. one who depends upon others for his sustenance but performs the usual ceremonies before cooking; पंचयज्ञान् स्वयं कृत्वा परात्रमुपजीवति । सततं प्रातहत्थाय पर-पाकरतस्तु सः ॥ -पिंड: another's food, food given by another. out a. one who eats another's food or one who feeds at the cost of another. (-m.) a servant. ota a, feeding upon another's food. -पुरंजयः a conqueror, hero. - 959: 1. another man, a stranger. -2. the Supreme spirit, Vishnu. -3 the husband of another woman. -gg a, fed or nourished by another. (-E:) the (Indian) cuckoo. भहोत्सव: the mango tree. - yer 1. the (Indian) cuckoo. -2. a parasitical plant. -3. a harlot, postitute. - प्रा a woman who has had a former husband. - प्रेट्य: a servant, menial slave. - ज्ञान n. the Supreme spirit. - भाग: 1, another's share. -2. superior merit. -3. good fortune, prosperity .- 4.(a) excellence. superiority, supremacy; दुर्धिगमः) परभागो यावत्पुरुषेण पौरुषं न कुतं Pt. 1. 330; 5. 34. (b) excess, abundance. height; स्थलकमलगंजनं मम हृदयरंजनं जनितरातिरंगपरभागं Git. 10; आभाति लब्धपरभागतवाधरोष्ठे R, 5. 70; Ku. 7.

17; Ki. 5. 30, 8. 42; Si. 7. 33, 8, 51; 10, 86, 12, 15, -5, the last part, remainder. - भाषा a foreign tongue. - Han a. enjoyed or used by another. - Ha a. following, subsequent(as words). — भ्रत m.a crow (said to nourish the cuckoo). - अस a. nourished by another. - भत:, -ता the (Indian) cuckoo; (so called because she is nourished by another. i. e. by a crow); S. 5. 22; Ku. 6. 2; R. 9. 43; S. 4. 9. - # ₹ 1. another's opinion. -2. different opinion or doctrine. - मर्मज a. knowing the secrets of another. — मृत्य: a crow. — रमण: a married woman's gallant or paramour : Pt. 1, 180. - लोक: the next (or future) world; Ku. 4. 10. "TH:. °बानं death. °विधि: funeral rites: Ku. 4. 38. - वश, - वड्य a. subject to another, dependent. - वाच्यं a fault or a defect. - वानि: 1, a judge. -2. a year. -3. N. of the peacock of Kârtikeya. - बाद: 1. rumour, report. -2. objection, controversy. -वादिन m. a disputant, controversialist. - वेडमन n. the abode of the supreme being. - अत: an epithet of Dhritarashtra. - www ind. the day after tomorrow. -संगत a. 1. associated with another. -2. fighting with another. - सज्जा the soul. -सवर्ण a. homogeneous with a following letter (in gram.). - सात् ind, into the hands of another. onar a woman given in marriage. —सेवा service of another. - ear another's wife. - E another's property ; R. 1. 27; Ms. 7. 123. ° g(vj seizing another's property. - ga a. killing enemies. —हित a. 1. benevolent. -2. profitable to another. (-- a) the welfare of another.

प्रकीय a. 1 Belonging to another; अर्थों हि कन्या प्रकीय एव S. 4. 21; Ms. 4. 201. -2 Stranger, hostile. —या Another's wife, a woman not one's own, one of the three main kinds of heroines; see अन्यकी and S. D. 108 et seq.

परंजनः, परंजयः An epithet of Varuna.

परतस् ind. 1 From another; Bv. 1. 120. -2 From an enemy; R. 3. 48. -3 Further, more (than), beyond, after, over (often with abl.); the highest or most sublime truth, दे: परतस्तु स : Bg. 3. 42. -4 Other true spiritual knowledge, knowledge

wise. -5 Differently. -6 Further afterwards.

queil The following of another letter, posteriority. -2 Distinction, difference. -3 Remoteness. -4 Consequence, result. -5 Enmity, hostility. -6 Priority of place or time, proximity, one of the 24 gunas of the Vaiseshikas.

प्रज्ञ ind. 1 In another world, in a future birth; प्रजेह च शर्मणे R. 1. 69; Ku. 4. 37; Ms. 3. 275, 5. 166; 8. 127. -2 In the sequel, further or later on. -3 Hereafter, in future. —च Future world. -Comp. -भारः one who stands in awe of the future world, a pious or religious man.

Annoying or vexing others, subduing one's enemy; Bg. 4. 2; R. 15. 7. -q; A hero, conqueror.

परम α. [परं परस्वं माति-क Tv.] 1 Most distant, last. -2 Highest, best, most excellent, greatest; प्राप्नोति प-रमां गति Ms. 4. 14; 7. 1, 2. 13. -3 Chief, principal, primary, supreme; Ms. 8. 302, 9. 319. -4 Exceeding, extreme. -5 Adequate sufficient. -6 Worst, -7 Higher than, superior to ; Pt. 1. 11. -मं The utmost or highest the chief or prominent part: (at the end of comp.) consisting principally of, solely occupied with : कामोपभागपरमा एतावहिति निश्चिताः Bg. 16. 11; Ms. 6. 96. -# ind. 1 A particle of assent, acceptance or agreement (well, very well, yes, be it so); ततः परमामित्युक्त्वा प्रतस्थ मनि मंडलं Kn. 6, 35, -2 Exceedingly, very much; प्रमञ्जद्ध: &c. -Comp. -अंगना an excellent woman. -अण: an infinitesimal particle, an atom : R. 15. 22; परगुणपरमाणून् पर्वतीकृत्य निर्द्ध Bh. 2. 78 ; पृथ्वी नित्या परमाजुरू-पा T. S.; (2 परमाण is thus defined:--जालांतरस्थम् याँशौ यत्मृक्ष्मं दृश्यते रजः । भागस्तस्य च षष्ठी यः परमाणुः स उच्यते ॥ लांतरगते रहमी यत्मुक्ष्मं दृश्यते रजः । तस्य त्रिंशत्तमो मागः परमाणुः स उच्यते ॥.) °अंग-क: an epithet of Vishnu. -अदेत 1. the Supreme spirit. -2. pure unitarianism. - अनं rice boiled in milk. - अपम: the inclination of a planet's orbit to the ecliptic. - अर्थ: 1. the highest or most sublime truth