भुव: Ved. 1 Fire. -2 The earth (भवेलोक).

भुवद्भत् m. pl. An epithet of the

सूचनं [भवत्यत्र, भू -आधारादी -क्युन्] 1 A world ; the number of worlds is either three, as in जिभावन. or fourteen; इह हि भवनान्यन्ये धीराश्चनुर्देश भंजते Bh, 3. 23 (see लोक also); भवनालोकनप्रीतिः Ku. 2. 45 ; भवनवि-दिनं Me. 6. -2 The earth. -3 Heaven. -4 A being, living creature. -5 Man, mankind, -6 Water. -7 The number 'fourteen'. -8 Abode, residence (Ved). -9 Becoming prosperous. -Comp. - ξη: a lord of the earth, king. - \$ ar: 1. a king. -2. N. of Siva. - भोकस m. a god. - 南南: the receptacle of beings. - अयं the three worlds (the earth, atmosphere, and heaven; or heaven, earth, and lower regions). -पाननी an epithet of the Ganges. - भने m. the supporter of the earth. - and a m. a king, ruler,

भुवन्यः [भू-ऋन्युच्] 1 A master lord. -2 The sun, -3 Fire, -4 The moon,

सुबर, अवस ind. 1 The atmosphere, ether (the second of the three worlds, the one immediately above the earth). -2 A mystic word, one of the three Vyâhritis, (गुर्भवःस्वः).

भुविस m. The ocean.

सुशुंडि: -डी f. A sort of weapon or missile.

भू I 1 P. (rarely A.) (भवाते, बभव, अभूत, भविष्पति, भवितं, भूत) 1 To be, become ; कथमेवं भवेनाम ; अस्थाः किम-भवत Mâl 9. 29 'what has become her fate,' ' what has become of her'; U. 3. 27; यहावि तहवत U. 3 'come what may'; so इ:खितो भवति, हट्टो भ-वृति &c. -2 To be born or produced ; यहपत्यं भवेदस्यां Ms. 9. 127 ; भाग्यक-मेण हि धनानि भवंति यांति Mk. 1, 13. To spring or proceed from, arise; ऋोध इवति संमोहः Bg. 2, 63, 14, 17. -4 To happen, take place, occur; नाततायिवधे दोषो हंतुर्भवति ऋश्वन Ms.8. 381 ; यादि संशया भवेत् &c. -5 To live, exist; अभूदमूनपूर्वः ... राजा जितामणि-र्नीम Vås.; अभूजुरी विख्यसन्तः परंतपः Bk. 1. 1. -6 To be alive or living, breathe ; स्वामिदानीं न भाविष्यास S. 6 ;

आ: चारवत्तहतक अयं न भवासि Mk. 4; दुशस्मन् प्रहर नन्दयं न भवसि Mál. 5 (thou art a dead man', thou shalt breathe no longer); Bg. 11. 32. -7 To remain or be in any state or condition, fare : भवान स्थले कथं भविष्यति Pt. 2. -8 To stay, abide; remain, U. 3. 37 -9 To serve, do ; इंद पादी-सकं भाविष्याति S. 1. -10 To be possible (usually with a future tense in this sense); भवति भवान् याजायै-डयात Sk. -11 To lead or tend to, conduce to, bring about (with dat.); वाताय कपि ा विद्यात्.....पीता भवति सस्याय दुनिक्षाय सिता भवेत् Mbh.; सुखाय तज्जनगदिनं बगु। Ku. 1. 23 : संस्मृतिर्भव भनत्यभवाय Ki. 18. 27; न तस्या रुवये बभुव R. 6. 44. -12 To be on the side of, assist; देवा अर्जनतो ८भ-वन -13 To belong or pertain to (often expressed by 'have'); तस्य ह शतं जाया वभृष: Ait. Br.; Ms. 6. 39. -14 To be engaged in, be occupied (with loc.): खरणशालने कृष्णो ब्राह्मणानां स्वयं ध्यमन Mb. -15 To conduct oneself, behave. -16 Ved. To be prosperous, succeed. Used with a preceding noun or adjective y serves to form verbs in the sense of becoming what it previously is not' or 'becoming' in general; श्व-तीम to become white; क्रूडणीम to become black; पर्यापरीभूग 'becoming or serving the purpose of teats'; so स्न विभि to be or become a mendicant ; प्रांणधीन to act the spy ; आ-द्वीन to melt ; महनीम to be reduced to ashes; विषयीम to form the subject of; so ए तमतीभा; तह गीभू &c. &c. Note-The senses of may be variously modified according to the adverbs with which it is connected; e. g. पुनर्भ to marry again ; अ विर्मृ to appear, arise, to be evident or clear ; see आविस् ; तिरोभू to disappear; प्रादुर्भू to arise, be visible, appear; अभ्र to be in front, take the lead; अंतर्भ to be absorbed or included; ओ जस्थतभेवं-स्थल्बे K. P. 8 ; दीषान् to grow evening or dusk-time; अन्यया भू to be otherwise, be changed; न मे वचन-मन्यथा भविनुपर्हति S. 4; पुरी भू to come forward, stand forth ; निश्चा म to turn out false ; वृथा भू to become useless &c. &c.) - Caus. (भाषयाति-ते) 1 To cause to be or become, call into existence, call into being. -2

To cause, produce, effect. -3 To manifest, display, exhibit. -4 To foster, cherish, support, preserve, enliven : पुनः सृज्ञनि वर्षाणि भगवान भा-वयन्त्रज्ञाः Mb. ; देबान भावयतानेन ते देवा नावयं मुवः । परस्परं भावयंतः श्रेयः परमदाष्ट्यथ Bg. 3, 11; Bk. 16. 27. -5 To think or reflect, consider, fancy, imagine, -6 To look upon, consider or regard as : अर्थनमर्थे भाव-य (निट्यं Moha M. 2. -7 To prove, substantiate, establish : Y. 2. 11. -8 To purify, -9 To get, obtain, -10 To mingle or mix. -11 To change or transform into. -12 To soak, steep. -13 To devote or addict oneself to. -14 To convince.-15 To perfume, scent. - Desid. (बुभुशते) To wish to be or become &c. -II. 1 U. (भवति-ते) To get, obtain. -III. 10 A. (भ्वयते) To obtain, gain. -IV. 1 U. (भावयाति-ते) 1 To think, reflect. -2 To mix, mingle. -3 To be purified (connected with caus. of मृ q. v. above).

मूब. (At the end of comp.) Being, existing, becoming, springing from, arising or produced from, &c; चित्रमू, आत्ममू, कालमू, मनभू &c.—m. 1 An epithet of Vishnu. -2 The sacrificial fire.

मृ: f. [भू-किए] 1 The earth (opp. अंतरीक्ष or स्वर्ग); दिवं मरु स्वानिव भोक्ष्य-ते भुवं R. 3. 4, 18. 4; Me. 18; मत्ते-भक्तंभदल ने भावे संति शुरा: -2 Earth as one of the nine substances. -3 The universe, globe. -4 Ground, floor; प्रासादीपरिभूपय: Mu. 3; म-णिभयभुवः (प्रासाताः) Me. 64. -5 Land, landed property. -6 A place, site, region, plot of ground; कानन-अवि, उपवनभावि &c.-7 Matter, subjectmatter. -8 A symbolical expression for the number ' one '. -9 The base of a geometrical figure. -10 A sacrificial fire. -11 The act of becoming. arising. -12 The first of the three Vyâhritis or mystic syllables (representing the earth) repeated by every Brahmana at the commencement of his daily Sandhya .- Comp. — इत्तपं gold. — कदंबः a kind of Ka-

damba tree. — 病項: an eart
— 兩項: the diameter of th
— 兩頁項: an epithet of V
Kṛishṇa's father. — 兩百元: I
of heron. -2. the curlew. -