

an epithet of Sita. —संतोषः the general appearance of a country. —सुः an earth-worm. —स्पृश् a. 1. blind. —2. lame, cripple. (-m.) 1. a man. —2. mankind. —3. a Vaisya. —4. a thief.

भूमिका 1 Earth, ground, soil. —2 A place, region, spot (of ground). —3 A story, floor (of a house). —4 Step, degree; मधुरतीसंज्ञां भूमिकां साक्षात्कुर्वतः Yoga. S.; or नैवायिकादिभिरात्मा प्रथमभूमिकायामवतारितः Śāukhyapravachanabhāshya. —5 A tablet or board, as for writing; see अक्षरभूमिका. —6 A part or character in a play; या यस्य दुष्प्रते भूमिका तां खलु तथैव भावेन सर्वे वर्णैः पाठिताः; कामदक्षवाः प्रथमां भूमिकां भाव एवादेन M. 1; or लक्ष्मीभूमिकायां वर्तमानैवैशी वारुणीभूमिकायां वर्तमान या भेदका पृष्ठा V. 3; Si. 1. 69; (अन्यकैथेदन्यस्य प्रवेशः स तु भूमिका Bharata). —7 Theatrical dress, an actor's costume. —8 Decoration (as of an image). —9 A preface or introduction to a book.

भूमि The earth; see भूमि. —Comp. —कहिवः =भूमिकद्वः. —पतिः, —भुज् m. a king. —हः m., —हः: a tree.

भूयः The state of being or becoming; as in भ्रमभूयः; वासरपिभूयं Si. 14. 81.

भूयशम् ind. 1 Mostly, generally, commonly, as a general rule. —2 Exceedingly, in a high degree. —3 Again, more further.

भूयस् a. (सं/f) [ अनिश्चयेन वह इयस्तु ] 1 More, more numerous or abundant. —2 Greater, larger; Ku. 6. 13. —3 More important. —4 Very great or large, much, many, numerous; भूयति च पुरार्थान्मेदः कठे प्रति तद्यथा U. 2. 4; भद्रं भद्रं वितरं मगव-न्मूष्ये मंगलाय Mäl. 1. 3; U. 3. 48; R. 17. 41; U. 2. 3. —5 Rich or abounding in; एवंप्रायमुग्भूयस्ती स्वकृतिं Mäl. 1. —6 Vehement, severe. —ind. 1 Much, very much, exceedingly, largely, greatly. —2 More, again, further more, moreover; पायेवमुसृज विसं ग्रहणाय भूयः V. 5; R. 2. 46; Me. 111. —3 व्याधि, frequently; पूर्वं भूयः fin. in the first place —next, in the next place. (The form भूयसा is often used adverbially in the sense of very much, in a high

degree, exceedingly, beyond measure, for the greater part; न खरे न च भूयसा युद्धः R. 8. 9; कुचुपृष्ठं भूयसा भूयसा दुःखयति Mu. 6. 9; पश्चायेन प्रविष्टः शरपतनभयात् भूयसा पूर्वकायं S. 1. 7. —2. generally, as a general rule; भूयसा जीविधर्म एवः U. 5.). —Comp. —कर a. augmenting, increasing. —इर्द्धन् 1. frequent observation; भूयो भूये इर्द्धनेन यत्र यत्र धूस्तत्र तत्राभिरिति व्याप्तिं गृहीत्वा T. S. —2. an inference based on frequent and wide observation. —भूयस् ind. again and again, repeatedly; भूयो भूयः सविष्टनगरीदृश्यया पर्यटेत् Mäl. 1. 15. —विद् a. 1. more learned. —2 very learned.

भूयस्त्वं 1 Abundance, plentiness. —2 Majority, preponderance.

भूयिष्ठ a. [ अतिशयेन वह इहन् भूयिष्ठे उक्तं च ] 1 Most, most numerous or abundant. —2 Most important, principal, chief. —3 Very great or large, very much, much, many, numerous. —4 Chiefly or for the most part composed of, mostly composed or consisting of, chiefly filled with or characterized by (at the end of comp.); अभिरुभूयिष्ठा परिष्वेष् S. 1; शून्यानांभूयिष्ठ आडारोऽद्यते S. 2; रादेषु कर्तमत्पुष्पभूयिष्ठं Dk.; शिल्प-दारि शूयिष्ठं परिज्ञा M. 5; R. 4. 70. —5 Almost, mostly, nearly all (usually after a past passive participle); अवे उदितभूयिष्ठ एव तपनः Mäl. 1; निर्जनभूयिष्ठन ग्रास्य वायै Ku. 3. 52, V. 1. 8. —ठं ind. 1 For the most part, mostly; S. 1. 31. —2 Exceedingly, very much, in the highest degree; भूयिष्ठं भव एकिगा परिज्ञे Si. 4. 17; R. 6. 4; 13. 14.

भूर् ind. 1 One of the three Vyāhpitis. —2 The lowest of the seven lower worlds. —3 A spiritual son of Brahman.

भूरि a. [ भू-क्रित् Up. 4. 65. ] 1 Much, abundant, numerous, copious. —2 Great, large. —m 1 An epithet of Vishnu. —2 Of Brahman. —3 Of Siva. —4 Of Indra. —n. Gold. —ind. 1 Very much, exceedingly; नवांबुद्धिर्भूरि विलचिनो धनः S. 5. 12. —2 Frequently, often, repeatedly. —Comp. —गः an ass. —तेजस् (स्) a. possessed of great lustre. (-m.) fire. —इ a. liberal.

—इश्विं a. 1. attended with rich presents or rewards. —2. giving liberal rewards, munificent. —शानं liberality. —धन a. wealthy. —धामन् a. possessed of great lustre or energy.

—प्रयोग a. frequently used, in common use (as a word). —प्रेपन् m. the rudely goose. —भाग a. wealthy, prosperous. —मायः a jackal or fox. —रसः the sugar-cane. —लाभः a great gain. —विक्रम a. very brave, a great warrior. —हृष्टः f. a heavy rain. —दृश्य a. spending much; lavish in expenditure; Pt. 1. 425. —अवस् m. N. of a warrior on the Kaurava side slain by Satyaki.

भूरिज् f. The earth.

भूर्जः The birch-tree, भूर्जगतोऽक्षरविन्यातः V. 2; Ku. 1. 7. —Comp. —कंटकः a man of one of the mixed tribes, the offspring of an outcast Brāhmaṇa by a woman of the same class; ब्राह्माज्ञ जापते विप्रात्पापत्त्वा भूर्जंकंटकः Ms. 10. 21, —पः: the birch tree.

भूरिगः f. 1 The earth. —2 A desert.

भूर् 1 P., 10 U. (भूति, भूयति-ते, भूयिति) 1 To adorn, deck, decorate शुचि भूयति शुतं वपुः Bk. 20. 15. —2 To decorate oneself (Atm.); भूयते कन्या स्वयमेव. —3 To spread or strew with, overspread; R. 2. 31. —With भनि to adorn, grace, give beauty to; Si. 7. 38.

भूषणं [ भूषयितेन भूष-करणे ल्प्यते ] 1 Ornamenting, decoration. —2 An ornament, decoration, an article of decoration; श्वर्णे खलु भूषणानि सततं वाग्मूषणं भूषणं Bh. 2. 19; R. 3. 2; 13. 57. —णः N. of Vishnu.

भूषा [ भू-भवे अ ] 1. Decorating, adorning. —2 An ornament, decoration; as in कर्णभूषा q. v. —3 A jewel.

भूषित p. p. [ भूष-क ] Decorated, ornamented; मणिना भूषितः सर्पः किंमसी न भयकरः.

भूषण a. [ भू-गृण ] 1 Being, becoming; as in अलंभूषण q. v. —2 Wishing for wealth or prosperity; Ms. 4. 135.

भू 1 3. U. (भरति-ते, विपर्ति, विभृते, वभार वधे, विभरांचार चक्रे, अभार्त्त-अभृत, भरिष्यति-ते, भृत्, भृतः pass. धृयते; desid. विभरिष्यति-ते or वृभृत्यति-ते) 1 To fill; जडरं को न चिभति केवल Pt. 1. 22. —2 To fill, pervade, fill with; अभर्त्त-अभृतनिना