

लोकान् Bk. 15. 24. -3 To bear, support, uphold, bear up; भृं धरन्त्या विभ्रांभूय R. 18. 45; कुर्मो विभ्रति धरणीं खलु वृष्टकेन Ch. P. 50; Bk. 17. 16. -3 To maintain, foster, cherish, protect, take care of, nourish; दरिद्रान् भर कौतयेय मा प्रयच्छेत् धनं H. 1. 15. -4 To bear, have, possess; सिधोविभारसलिलं शयनीयलक्ष्मीं Ki. 8. 57; विद्युनजनं खलु विभ्रति क्षितीन्द्राः Bv. 1. 74; बालिष्यं चारु बभार बाला Ku. 1. 39; इन्द्रोर्वैश्वं स्वद्वन्द्वरणाङ्गिष्ठकान्तेविभ्रति Me. 84; S. 2. 4. -5 To wear; विभ्रज्जटासंढलं S. 7. 11; 6. 5; विराहकौतुके ललितं विभ्रत एव (तस्य) R. 8. 1, 10. 10; जटाश्च विभ्रयान्निष्यं Ms. 6. 6. -6 To feel, experience, suffer, endure (joy, sorrow &c.); भावशुद्धिसहितैर्मुहं जनीं नादकैरिव बभार भोजनेः Si. 14. 50; संवासावभिः शक्रः Bk. 17. 108; S. 7. 21. -7 To confer, bestow, give, produce; यौवने सदन्त्रागः शोभां विभ्रति सुभ्रुवः Subhāsh. -8 To keep, hold, retain (as in memory). -9 To hire; Ms. 11. 62; Y. 3. 235 -10 To bring or carry. -11 To take away, transport. -12 Ved. To acquire, gain, (गर्भं भृ to become pregnant, conceive; क्षितिं भृ to rule the earth; जटां भृ to wear matted hair &c.).

भृत् a. (At the end of comp.) 1 Bearing, carrying. -2 Supporting, nourishing. -3 Possessing, having; प्रयत्ने भावभृतां न वृष्ययः Ki. 2. 44. -4 Bringing, procuring. &c.

भृत् p. p. [भृ-क्त] 1 Borne. -2 Supported, maintained, cherished, fostered. -3 Possessed, endowed or furnished with. -4 Full of, filled with. -5 Hired. -तः A hired servant; hireling, mercenary; उत्तमस्त्राद्यधीयो यो मध्यमस्सु कृषविलः । अधमो भारवाही स्यादित्येवं त्रिविधो भृत्तः Mit.

भृत्क a. [भृत् भरणं वेतनमुपजीवति कर्त्तुं] Hired, paid. -कः A hired servant. -Comp. -अध्यापकः a hired teacher. -अध्यापित a. taught by a paid teacher. (-तः) a student who pays his teacher for his labour (= 'a paying student' of the modern days); Ms. 3. 156.

भृतिः f. [भृ-क्तिन्] 1 Bearing, upholding, supporting. -2 Cherishing, maintaining. -3 Bringing, leading to. -4 Nourishment, support, maintenance. -5 Food. -6 Wages, hire. -7 Service for hire. -8 Capi-

tal, principal. -9 Wages, hire. -Comp. -अध्यापनं teaching (especially the Vedas) for hire. -भृज् m. a hired servant, a hireling. -रूपं a reward in place of the wages due, but not to be paid.

भृत्य a. [भृ-क्यप्-त्-क्-च] To be nourished or maintained &c. -त्यः 1 Any one requiring to be supported. -2 A servant, dependant, slave. -3 A king's servant, minister of state; H. 2. 142. -4 A subject. -त्वम् 1 Rearing, fostering, nourishing, taking care of; as in कुमारभृत्या q. v. -2 Maintenance, support. -3 A means of sustenance, food. -4 Wages. -5 Service. -Comp. -अध्यापनं teaching the Veda for hire. -जनः 1. a servant, dependant. -2. servants taken collectively. -वर्तुं m. the master of a family. -वर्गः the body of servants. -वात्सल्यं kindness to servants. -वृत्तिः f. maintenance of servants; Ms. 11. 7.

भृत्यता -त्वं, भृत्याभावः Service, dependence.

भृत्यायते Den. A. To behave like a servant.

भृत्यं भू 1 P. To become a servant, accept service.

भृञ्चिन् a. Supported, nourished.

भृकुंशः (सः) A male actor in female attire.

भृकुटिः-दी See भृ (भृ) कुटि.

भृग् ind. An onomatopoeic word expressive of the crackling sound of fire. -f. A flame.

भृगुः 1 N. of a sage, regarded as the ancestor of the family of the Bhrigus, and described in Ms. 1. 35 as one of the ten patriarchs created by the first Manu; (said to be so called because he was produced along with flames; सह ज्वालाभिरुत्पन्नो भृगुस्त्रस्यार्द्रभृगुः स्पृत्तः). [On one occasion when the sages could not agree as to which of the three gods, Brahman, Vishnu and Siva, was best entitled to the worship of Brahmanas, the sage Bhrigu was sent to test the character of the three gods. He first went to the abode of Brahman, and, on approaching him, purposely omitted an obeisance. Upon this the god reprehended him severely, but was pacified by apologies. Next he entered the abode of Siva in Kailasa, and omitted, as before, all tokens of adoration. The vindictive deity was enraged and would have destroyed him, had he not conciliat-

ed him by mild words. (According to another account, Bhrigu was coldly received by Brahman, and he, therefore, cursed him that he would receive no worship or adoration; and condemned Siva to take the form of a Linga, as he got no access to the deity who was engaged in private with his wife). Lastly he went to Vishnu, and finding him asleep, he boldly gave the god a kick on his breast which at once awoke him. Instead of showing anger, however, the God arose, and on seeing Bhrigu, inquired tenderly whether his foot was hurt, and then began to rub it gently. 'This', said Bhrigu, 'is the mightiest god. He overtops all by the most potent of all weapons—kindness and generosity'. Vishnu was therefore, declared to be the god who was best entitled to the worship of all]. -2 N. of the sage Jamadagui. -3 An epithet of Sukra. -4 The planet Venus. -5 A cliff, precipice; भृगुवतन-कारणमपृच्छं Dk. -6 Table-land, the level summit of a mountain. -7 N. of Krishna. -8 An epithet of Siva. -9 Friday. -Comp. -उद्धः an epithet of Parasurāma. -जः, -तनयः 1. an epithet of Sukra. -2. the planet Venus. -नन्दनः 1. an epithet of Parasurāma; वीरो न यस्य भगवान् भृगु-नन्दनोपि U. 5. 34. -2. of Sukra. -पतिः an epithet of Parasurāma; भृगुपतिश्चोत्सर्गं यत्क्रौंचरभ्रं Me. 57; so भृगुणापतिः. -वंशः N. of a family descended from Parasurāma. -वारः, -वासरः Friday. -शार्दूलः, -श्रेष्ठः, -सत्तनः epithets of Parasurāma. -सुतः, -सुनुः 1. an epithet of Parasurāma. -2. of Venus or Sukra.

भृगुः [भृ-गु-क्त्वि-नुद-च Un. 1. 122] 1 A large black bee; Bv. 1. 5; R. 8. 53. -2 A kind of wasp. -3 A kind of bird. -4 A libertine, dissolute or lecherous man; cf. भृवर. -5 A golden vase or jar. -6 The fork-tailed shrike. -गं Talc. -गी 1 The female of the large black bee; भृगीवपुष्पं पुरुषं स्त्री वां च्छति नवं नवम्. -2 A poisonous plant (अतिविष). -Comp. -अधिपः the queen of bees. -अनीष्टः the mango tree. -आनन्दा the Yūthikā creeper. -आवली a flight of bees. -जं 1. aloe-wood. -2. talc. (-जा) the plant भागी. -पर्णं small cardamoms. -प्रिया the avi creeper. -राज् m. 1. a kind of large bee. -2. N. of a shrub. -रीटिः N. of one of the plants of Siva (said to be very harmful). -रोलः a kind of wood. -वल्गुः a