

6. 19; महमहं Ratu. 1. -2 An offering, a sacrifice. -3 A buffalo. -4 Light, lustre; cf. महत् also.

महत् 1 An eminent man. -2 A tortoise. -3 N. of Vishnu.

महकः A wide-spread fragrance.

महत् a. [मह-अति] (compar. मही-यत्; superl. महिष्ठ; nom. महान्, महान्तौ, महान्तः; acc. pl. महतः) 1 Great, big, large, huge, vast; महान् लिहः, व्याघ्रः &c. -2 Ample, copious, abundant, many, numerous; महाजनः, महान् प्रव्यराशिः. -3 Long, extended, extensive; महान्ती बाहू यत्र स महःबद्धः; so महती कथा, महान्धवा. -4 Strong, powerful, mighty; as महान् वीरः. -5 Violent, intense, excessive; महती शिरोवेदना, महती विपाता. -6 Gross, thick, dense; महान्धकारः. -7 Important, weighty, momentous; महत्कार्यमुपस्थितं, महती वार्ता. -8 High, lofty, eminent, distinguished, noble; महत्कुलं, महाञ्जनः. -9 Loud; महान् घोषः -ध्वनिः. -10 Early or late; महति प्रत्युषे 'early in the morning'; महत्परारक्षे 'late in the afternoon.' -11 High; महार्च. -m. 1 A camel. -2 An epithet of Siva. -3 (In Sān. phil.) The great principle, the intellect (distinguished from मनस्), the second of the twenty-five elements or tattvas recognized by the Sānkhyas; Ms. 12. 14; Sān. K. 3, 8, 22 &c. -4 The superior of a monastery. -n. 1 Greatness, infiniteness, numerousness. -2 Kingdom, dominion. -3 Sacred knowledge. -ind. Greatly, excessively, very much, exceedingly. (Note. महत् as the first member of a Tatpurusha compound and a few other cases, remains unchanged, while in Karmadhāraya and Bahuvrīhi comp. it is changed to महा q. v.). -Comp. -आवासः a spacious or large building. -भाषा a high hope. -आश्चर्य a. very wonderful. -आश्रयः dependence on or seeking protection with the great. -कथ a. talked of or mentioned by the great, in great men's mouths. -क्षेत्र a. occupying a wide territory. -गुण a. having the qualities of the great. -तरुं the second of the 25 principles of the Sānkhyas. -बिलं the atmosphere. -सेवा service of the great. -स्थानं

a high place, lofty station.

महती 1 A kind of lute. -2 N. of the late of Nārada; अवेक्षणम् महती मुहुमुहुः Si. 1. 10. -3 The egg-plant. -4 Greatness, importance.

महत्तर a. Greater, larger &c. -r: 1 The principal, chief, or oldest person, the most respectable person; रघुकुलमहत्तराणां वधूः U. 4; गृहपतिश्च न-मांतरगभूतो जनपदमहत्तरः Dk. -2 A Chamberlain. -3 A courtier. -4 The head or the oldest man of a village.

महत्तरकः A courtier, chamberlain.

महत्वं 1 Greatness, largeness, magnitude, great extent. -2 Mightiness, majesty. -3 Importance. -4 Exalted position, height, elevation. -5 Intensity, violence, high degree.

महतीय a. Worthy of honour, respectable, worthy, illustrious, glorious, noble, exalted; महतीयज्ञानः R. 3. 69; महतीयकीर्तिः 2. 25.

महंतः The superior of a monastery.

महर् (महत्) ind. The fourth of the seven worlds which rise one above the other from the earth (being between svar and janas); (महर्षी also in this sense). -2 A kind of इन्द्राति q. v.

महर्षुः, महर्षिकः A eunuch in a king's harem (a word derived from Arabic).

महर्षुः a. Weak, feeble, old. -कः 1 A eunuch in a king's harem. -2 A large house, palatial building; (cf. Mar. महाल).

महत्सु n. [मह-अनुत्] 1 A festival, a festive occasion. -2 An offering, oblation, a sacrifice. -3 Light, lustre; कल्पाणामां दमसि महत्सां भाजनं विश्वमूर्ते Māl. 1. 3; U. 4. 10; 5. 27. -4 The fourth of the seven worlds; see महर्-5 A hymn of praise (Ved.) -6 Pleasure, enjoyment. -7 Greatness, power. -8 Abundance, plenty. -9 Water.

महत्सुत्, महत्स्विन् a. 1 Splendid, bright, brilliant, luminous, lustrous. -2 Great, mighty.

महा A cow.

महा The substitute of महत् at the beginning of Karmadhāraya and Bahuvrīhi compounds, and also at the beginning of some other irregular words. (Note. The

number of compounds of which महा is the first member is very large, and may be multiplied *ad infinitum*. The more important of them, or such as have peculiar significations, are given below). -Comp. -अक्षः an epithet of Siva. -अंग a huge, bulky. (-गः) 1. a camel. -2. a kind of rat. -3. N. of Siva. -अंजनः N. of a mountain. -अख्यः a great danger or calamity. -अध्वानिक a. 'having gone a long way,' dead. -अध्वरः a great sacrifice. -अनसं 1. a heavy carriage. -2. cooking utensils. (-नी) a kitchen-maid. (-सः, -सं) a kitchen. -अनुगव a. 1 of great prowess, dignified, noble, glorious, magnanimous, exalted, illustrious; Si. 1. 17; S. 3. -2. virtuous, righteous, just. (-वः) a worthy or respectable person. -अंतकः 1. death. -2. an epithet of Siva. -अंधकारः 1. thick darkness. -2. gross (spiritual) ignorance. -अंग्रः (pl.) N. of a people and their country. -अन्वय, अभिजन a. nobly-born, of noble birth. (-दः, -नः) noble birth, high descent. -अभिषवः the great extraction of Soma. -अमात्यः the chief or prime minister (of a king). -अंबुकः an epithet of Siva. -अंबुजं a billion. -अम्ल a. very sour. (-म्लं) the fruit of the tamarind tree -अरण्यं a great (dreary) forest, large forest. -अर्घ a. very costly, costing a high price. (-र्घः) a kind of quail. -अर्घ्य a. valuable, precious. -अर्ध्विः a. flaming high. -अर्ध्वः 1. the great ocean. -2. N. of Siva. -अर्य a. 1. rich. -2. great, noble, dignified. -3. important, weighty. -4. significant. -अर्द्धं one thousand millions. -अर्ह a. 1. very valuable, very costly; Ku. 5. 12. -2. invaluable, inestimable; U. 6. 11. (-र्हं) white sandal-wood. -अवरोहः the fig-tree. -अशनिध्वजः a great banner in the form of the thunderbolt; R. 3. 56. -अदान a. voracious, gluttonous. -अद्मन् m. a precious stone, ruby. -अष्टमी the eighth day in the bright half of Āsvina sacred to Durgā. -अतिः a large sword. -असुरी N. of Durgā. -अह्नः the afternoon. -आकार a. extensive, large, great. -आचार्यः 1. a great