

lascivious murmur. —ग्रहः a husband. —उरः a crow. —तालिन् *m.* a libertine, sensualist. —ताली a procuress, bawd. —नारीचः 1. a voluptuary. —2. the god of love, Cupid. —3. a dog. —4. lascivious murmur. —निधिः the wagtail. —बंधः sexual union. —वर्णः a dog. —शायिन् *m.* a dog. —हिडकः 1. a ravisher or seducer of women. —2. a voluptuary

रतिः *f.* [रत्-क्तिन्] 1 Pleasure, delight, satisfaction, joy; *S.* 2. 1. —2 Fondness for, devotion or attachment to, pleasure in (with loc.); पपे रतिं ना कृयाः *Bh.* 2. 77; स्वयोषिति रतिः 2. 62; *R.* 1. 23; *Ku.* 5. 65. —3 Love, affection; *S. D.* thus defines it:—रतिर्मेवोनुकूलेऽर्थे मनसः प्रवणायितं 207; cf. 206 also; (it is the *Sthāyibhāva* of the *rasa* called वृणार *q. v.*). —4 Sexual pleasure; शिक्ष्योवकवाहिनी विगलिता याता स्वदेशं रतिः *Mk.* 8. 38; so रति-सर्वस्वं *q. v.* below. —5 Sexual union, coition, copulation. —6 The goddess of love, the wife of *Kāma* or *Cupid*; साक्षात्कामं नवमिव रतिर्मालवी माधवं यत् *Māl.* 1. 15; *Ku.* 3. 23; 4. 45; *R.* 6. 2. —7 The pudenda. —8 N. of the sixth digit (कला) of the moon. —9 Ved. Rest, cessation. —**Comp.** —अंगं कुडरं pudendum muliebre. —कर *a.* giving pleasure. —कर्मन् *n.* sexual union. —गृहं, भवनं, मंदिरं 1. a pleasure-house. —2. a brothel. —3. pudendum muliebre. —तस्करः a seducer, ravisher. —वृत्तिः स्त्री *f.* a love-messenger; *Ku.* 4. 16. —पतिः, प्रियः, रमणः the god of love; अपि नाम मनागतवीर्योऽसि रतिरमणबाणगोचरम् *Māl.* 1; इधति स्फुटं रतिपतेरिषवः शिततां यदुत्पलपलाशदृशाः *Si.* 9. 66. —रसः sexual pleasure. —लक्षं sexual union. —लंपट *a.* lustful, libidinous. —शक्तिः *f.* manly or virile power. —शूरः a man of great procreative power. —सर्वस्वं the all-in-all or highest essence of sexual pleasure; करं व्याधुन्वैद्याः पिबसि रतिसर्वस्वमधरं *S.* 1. 24.

रत्नं [रत्नेऽत्र रत्न-न तातादेशः] 1 A gem, jewel, a precious stone; किं रत्नमच्छा मतिः *Bv.* 1. 86; न रत्नमन्विष्यति शृग्यं हि तत् *Ku.* 5. 45. (The *ratnas* are said to be either five, nine, or fourteen; see the words पंच-

रत्न, नवरत्न, and चतुर्दशरत्न respectively). —2 Anything valuable or precious, any dear treasure. —3 Anything best or excellent of its kind; (mostly at the end of comp.); जातौ जातौ यदुत्कृष्टं तद्रत्नमभिधीयते *Māl.*; कन्यारत्नमयोनिजन्म भवतामस्ते वयं चायिनः *Mv.* 1. 30; so पुत्रं, स्त्रीं *V.* 4. 25; अपत्यं &c. —4 A magnet. —**Comp.** —अंकः *N.* of *Vishnu's* car. —अधिपतिः a superintendent of precious stones. —अनुविद्ध *a.* set or studded with jewels. —आकरः 1. a mine of jewels. —2. the ocean; रत्नं तु लवेषु बहुव्ययैरव्यापि रत्नाकर एव सिधुः *Vikr.* 1. 12; रत्नाकरं नीक्ष्य *R.* 13. 1. —भाभरणं an ornament of jewels. —आलोकः the lustre of a gem. —आवली 1. a necklace of jewels. —2. *N.* of a *Nāṭikā* attributed to *Sriharsha*. —कडलः a coral. —करः *N.* of *Kubera*. —खचित *a.* set or studded with gems. —गर्भः 1. *Kubera*. —2. the sea. (—र्भा) the earth. —दर्पणः a mirror studded with jewels. —दीपः, प्रदीपः 1. a jewel-lamp. —2. a gem serving as a lamp; अद्विस्तुगानभिमुखमपि प्राग् रत्नप्रदीपान् *Me.* 68. —नामः *N.* of *Vishnu*. —निधिः 1. the ocean. —2. *N.* of *Vishnu*. —3. of *Meru*. —4. a wag-tail. —प्रभा the earth. —माला a jewel-necklace. —मुख्यं a diamond. —राज् *m.* a ruby. —राशिः 1. a heap of gems. —2. the ocean. —तानुः *N.* of the mountain *Meru*. —सू *a.* producing jewels; *R.* 1. 65. —सू, सूति *f.* the earth.

रत्नवत् *a.* 1 Abounding in, or full of, precious stones. —2 Decorated with jewels. —ती The earth.

रतिनः *m. f.* 1 The elbow. —2 The distance from the elbow to the end of the closed fist, a cubit. —*m.* The closed fist. (This word appears to be a corruption of अरत्नि *q. v.*)

रथः [रथ्यतेऽनेन अथ वा, रथ-कथन्; cf. *Up.* 2. 2] 1 A carriage, chariot, car, vehicle; especially, a war-chariot. —2 A hero (for रथिन्). —3 A foot. —4 A limb, part, member. —5 The body; cf. आस्वानं रथिनं बिद्धि शरिरं रथमेव तु || *Kaṭh.* —6 A reed. —7 Pleasure, delight —**Comp.** —अक्षः 1. a carriage-axle. —2. a measure of length (=104 *angulas*). —अंगं 1. any part

of a carriage. —2. particularly, the wheels of a carriage; रथो रथांगध्वानिना विजले *R.* 7. 41; *S.* 7. 10. —3. a discus, especially of *Vishnu*; चक्रधर इति रथांगमदः सततं विगर्षि भुवनेषु रूढये *Si.* 15. 26. —4. a potter's wheel. (—गः) the ruddy goose. °आह्वयः, °नामकः, °नामन् *m.* the ruddy goose (चक्रवाक); रथांगनामन् विद्युतो रथांग-भ्रोणिविद्यया । अयं त्वां पृच्छति रथी मनो-रथशतैर्वृतः || *V.* 4. 18; *Ku.* 3. 37; *R.* 3. 24; (the male bird is said by poets to be separated from the female at night, and to be united at sun-rise). °पाणिः *N.* of *Vishnu*. —अश्वः a reed cane. —अर्थकः a small carriage. —अश्वः a carriage-horse. —ईशः a warrior fighting from a chariot. —ईषा-शा the pole of a carriage. —उद्दहः, —उपरथः the seat of a chariot, the driving-box. —ऊट्या, —ऊट्या an assemblage of chariots. —कल्पकः an officer who is in charge of a king's chariots. —कारः a coach-builder, carpenter, wheel-wright; रथकारः स्वकां भार्यां सजारां शिरसावहत् *Pt.* 4. 54. —कुटुंबिकः, —कुटुंबिन् *m.* a charioteer, coachman —कूबरः-रं the pole or shaft of a carriage. —केतुः the flag of a chariot. —क्षोभः the jolting of a chariot; *R.* 1. 58. —गणकः an officer who counts chariots. —गर्भकः a litter, palanquin. —गुप्तिः *f.* a fence of wood or iron with which a chariot is provided as a protection from collision. —चरणः, —पादः 1. a chariot-wheel. —2. the ruddy goose. —चर्या chariot-exercise, the use of a chariot, travelling by carriage; अनभ्यस्तरथचर्याः *U.* 5. —उरः a crow. —धुर *f.* the shaft or pole of a chariot. —नाभिः *f.* the nave of the wheel of a chariot. —नीडः the inner part or seat of a chariot. —पुंगवः a chief or distinguished warrior. —बंधः the fastenings or harness of a chariot. —महोत्सवः, —यात्रा the solemn procession of an idol placed in a car (usually drawn by men). —मुखं the forepart of a carriage. —युद्धं 'a chariot-fight,' a fight between combatants mounted on chariots. —योजकः a charioteer, harnesser of a chariot. —वर्त्मन् *n.*, —दीपिः *f.* highway, main road. —वाहः 1. a carriage-horse. —2. a charioteer. —शक्तिः *f.* the