ed, with sugar and spices. -3 Dûrvà grass. -4 A vine or grape. -ਲ 1 Gum-myrrh. -2 Frankincense.

स्तालसा 1 A tubular vessel of the body. -2 A vein. -3 A nerve.

रासिक α. [ रसोऽस्त्यस्य ठन् ] 1 Savoury, sapid, tasteful. -2 Graceful, elegant, beautiful. -3 Impassioned. -4 Apprehending flavour or excellence, possessed of taste, appreciative, discriminating : तद वसं प्र-काव्यरसिकाः शार्व शविक्रीडितं Srut. 40. -5 Finding pleasure or taking delight in, delighting in, devoted to (usually in comp.) : इयं मालती भगवता सदृशसंयोगरसिकेन वेध-सा मन्मधेन मया च तुभ्यं वीयते Mal. 6; so कामरसिक: Bh. 3.112; परोपका-स्रासेकस्य Mk. 6. 19. -6 Humourous, witty. -7 Fanciful. -8 Lustful. -a: 1 A man of taste or feeling an appreciator of excellence or beauty. cf. अरासेक. -2 A libertine. -3 An elephant. -4 A horse. -5 The Sârasa bird. - ar 1 The juice of sugarcane, molasses. -2 The tongue. -3 A woman's girdle; see ₹साला also.

रासिकता, -स्वं 1 Taste, feeling.-2 A Tastefulness. -3 Appreciative power.

रसित p. p. 1 Tasted. -2 Having flavour or sement. -3 Gilded -4 Sounded, making indistinct sound. -तं 1 Wine or liquor. -2 A cry, roar, thunder, roaring noise, sound or noise in general; हरेनकंटरसितप्र-तिमानवित्त Mál. 9. 3.

पंसन् a. 1 Juicy, liquid. -2 Impassioned, full of feeling. -3 Tasteful, savoury.

रसीन: A kind of garlic; cf. लसीन. रस्य a. Juicy, savoury, sapid, palatable; रस्याः स्निग्धाः स्थिरा ह्या आहाराः सादिकाग्रियाः Bg. 17. 8.—स्यं Blood.

रस्ने A thing, object.

रह् 1 P., 10 U. ( रहाते, रहयाते ते, रहित ) To quit, leave, abandon, forsake, desert; रहयत्यापनुपेतमायातिः Ki. 2. 14: रहयति नृपं स्वाधेपरता Mu. 3. 4; Mål. 9. 8.

रहणं [रह्-स्युट् ] Desertion, quitting, separation; सहकारवृत्ते समये सह का रहणस्य केन सस्मार पर् Nalod. 2.14.

रहस् n. [रह्-असुन्] 1 Solitude, privacy, loneliness, retirement, seerecy; रहासे रमते Mâl. 2. 2; R. 3. 3, 15. 92; Pt. 1. 138 -2 A deserted or lonely place, hiding-place. -3 A secret, mystery. -4 Copulation, coition. -5 Truth. -6 Swiftness. -7 A privity. -ind. Secretly, clandestinely, privately, in private or secret; अतः परीकृष कर्तव्यं विशेषारसंगतं रहः 8. 5. 24; oft. in comp.; वृत्तं रहः भण्यनप्रतिष्यमाने 5. 23.

रहस्य a. [ रहास-भवः यत ] 1 Secret, private, clandestine. -2 Mysterious —स्यं 1 A secret ( fig. also ) ; स्वयं रहस्यभेद: कृत: V. 2. -2 A mystic spell or incantation, the mystery ( of a missile );सरहस्यानि जंभकास्त्राणि U. 1. -3 The mystery or secret of conduct, mystery; रहस्यं साधनामनुपधि विशुद्धं विजयते U. 2. 2. -4 A secret or esoteric teaching, a mystic doctrine: भन्तोसि में सखा चीत रहस्यं होत-इत्तमं Bg. 4. 3. -5 An Upanishad ; Ms 2. 165. - ₹ ind. Secretly, privately; Y. 3. 301; (where it may be taken as an adj. also). -Comp. - आख्याचिन a. telling a secret ; रहस्याख्याधीव स्वनासि मृद् क-र्णातिकचरः  $S. \ 1. \ 24. \ extbf{--} भेदः,-विभेदः$ disclosure of a secret or mystery. - 勇才 l a secret vow or penance. -2. the mystic science of obtaining command over magical weapons.

राहत p. p. [ रह-सभीण क ] 1 Quitted, left, abandoned, deserted. -2 Separated from, free from, deprived or destitute of, without (with instr. or at the end of comp.); रहिने भिक्षाभिमामि Y. 3. 59; गुणरहिन: सद्दर्शहन: &c. -3 Lonely, solitary. -त Secrecy, privacy.

TEIZ: 1 A minister, -2 A spring,
-3 A ghost.

रा 2 P. (राति, रात ) To give, grant, bestow; वयं ते अद्य रिमा हि कामं Rv. 3. 14. 5; स रातु वी दुक्ष्यवनी भावु कानां परंपरां K. P. 7.

राका [ स- क तस्य नेत्यम् Un. 3 40]
1 The full-moon day, particularly the night; राखिं भ मते कलाविधियं सकाञ्चना म्लायति Bv.2.72,54,94, 150, 165, 175; 3. 11. -2 The goddess presiding over the full-moon day. -3 A girl in whom menstruation has just commenced. -4 Itch, scab. -5 N. of the mother of जर and शूर्यज्ञा. -Comp. - इंश: 1. full moon. -2 N. of Siva. - चंद्र:,-पति:,-रमण: full moon.

राक्षस a. (सी f.) [ रक्षस इदं अण् ] Belonging to or like an evil spirit, demoniacal, partaking of a demon's nature; मुनयो राक्षसीमाहुवाचिमु-न्मत्तकृष्तवाः U. 5. 30, Bg. 9, 12. -सः 1 A demon, an evil spirit, a goblin, fiend, imp. -2 One of the eight forms of marriage in Hindu Law, in which a girl is forcibly seized and carried away after the defeat or destruction of her relatives in battle : राक्षतो युद्धहरणात् Y. 1. 61 : cf. Ms. 3. 33 also ( Krishna carried away Rukminî in this manner ). -3 One of the astronomical Yogas. -4 N. of a minister of Nanda, an important character in the Mudrârâkshasa. -5 A king of the Rákshasas. –ਦੀ 1 A female demon. -2 Lankâ or Ceylon. -3 Night. -4 A larger tooth, tusk. -Comp. - 京京: N. of Râvana.

বাধা See লালা; ( perhaps an incorrect form ).

राख् 1 P. (राखति ) 1 To be dry.
-2 To adorn. -3 To prevent, ward
off. -4 To be able. -5 To suffice, be
competent.

रागः [ रंज-भावे घजानि • नलोपकत्वे ] 1 (a) Colouring, dyeing, tinging. (b) Colour, hue, dye; Pt. 1. 33. -2 Red colour, redness; अधर: किस-लयराग: S. 1. 21, -3 Red dye, red lac; रागेण बालारुणकोमलेन चुतप्रवालो-ष्ट्रमलं चकार Ku. 3. 30, 5.11. -4 Love, passion, affection, amorous or sexual feeling; मालेनेपि रागपणी Bv. 1. 100 ( where it means 'redness' also); अथ भवंतमंतरेण कदिशोऽस्या इंडिसाग: S. 2; see चक्षराग also: चरण्युगलादिव हृदयमविदाद्रागः K. 142. -5 Feeling, emotion, sympathy, interest. -6 Joy, pleasure. -7 Anger, wrath. -8 Loveliness, beauty. -9 A musical mode or order of sound : ( there are six primary Ragas ; भेरव: कौशिकश्वेव हिंदोलो दीवकस्तथा । श्रीरा-गो मेघरागश्च रागाः षाडाति कीर्तिताः Bharata; other writers give different names. Each ràga has six rágin's regarded as its consorts, and their union gives rise to several musical modes ). -10 Musical harmony, melody ; तवास्ति गीतरागेण हा-रिणा प्रसभं हतः S. 1.5; अहो रागप-रिवाहिणी गीति: S. 5. -11 Regret, sor-