

planation. -8 A demonstrated conclusion, theory, doctrine; इतर्नी परमाणुकरणवाई तिरकरेति S. B (and in diverse other places of the work); परिणामग्राह 'the theory of evolution'; so नास्तिक? -9 Sounding, sound. -10 Report, rumour. -11 A plaint (in law). -Comp. -भृत्यादौ (m. du.) 1. assertion and reply, plaint and reply, accusation and defence. -2. dispute, controversy. -कर, -कृत a. causing a dispute. -प्रस्तु a. disputed, in dispute; वादप्रस्तोऽयं विषयः. -चंचु a. clever in repartees or witty replies. -प्रतिवादः: controversy. -शुद्रः a dispute, controversy. -रत a. disputations. -वादिन् m. a Jaina. -विवादः: disputation, discussion, debate. -साधनं establishing an assertion.

**वादकः** 1 A musician. -2 A speaker.

**वाहनं** [वद्गिच्छ कर्मणे ल्पुद्द] 1 Sound- ing. -2 Instrumental music.

**वादि** a. 1 Wise, learned, skilful. -2 Speaking.

**वादित् p. p.** 1 Caused to be uttered, made to speak. -2 Played, sounded.

**वादित्वं** 1 A musical instrument; N. 22. 22. -2 Instrumental music. -Comp. -गणः a band of music.

**वादिन् a.** [वद्गिने] 1 Speaking, talking, discoursing. -2 Asserting. -3 Disputing. -m. 1 A speaker. -2 A disputant, an antagonist; तथ्यांगीकरणेन वादिन इव स्थात्स्वानिनो निभः: Mu. 5. 10; R. 12. 92. -3 An accuser, a plaintiff. -4 An expounder, a teacher. -5 (In music) The leading or key-note.

**वादिशः** A learned man, sage, scholar.

**वायं** [वद्गिच्छ यत्] 1 A musical instrument. -2 The sound of a musical instrument; R. 16. 64 (वायच्चनिः; Malli.). -Comp. -करः a musician. -भृंड 1. a band of music, a number of musical instruments. -2. a musical instrument.

**वादर् a.** (सिद्ध.) Made or consisting of cotton. -रु The cotton shrub. -रु Cotton cloth.

**वादरंगः** The sacred fig-tree.

**वादरायण** See वादरायण.

**वादलः** The sheat-fish.  
**वाध्**, वध, वाधन, वाधन ना, वाधा See वाध, वध, वधन, वाधन-ना, वाधा.

**वाधु (धू) कर्त्त** Marriage.

**वाघोर्गलः** Arhinoceros.

**वान् a.** 1 Blown. -2 Dried (by wind), dried up. -3 Belonging to a forest. -ने 1 Dry or dried fruit (m. also). -2 Blowing. -3 Living. -4 Rolling, moving, (as of waters &c.). -5 A perfume, fragrance. -6 A number of groves or thickets. -7 Weaving. -8 A mat of straw. -9 A hole in the wall of a house.

**वानप्रस्थः** [वाने वनस्मूरे प्रतिष्ठो स्थाक] 1 A Brāhmaṇa in the third stage of his religious life. -2 An anchorite, a hermit. -3 The Madhuка tree. -4 The Palāsa tree.

**वानरः** [वाने वनस्वं वृक्षे कलादेव राति- गृह्णते राक्षः; वा किं लेन नरो वा] A monkey, an ape. -री A female monkey. -Comp. -अक्षः a wild goat. -आवातः the tree called Lōdhra. -इद्रः N. of Sugrīva or of Hanumat. -विषः the tree called वीषिन्.

**वानलः** A kind of holy basil (the black variety).

**वानस्पत्यः** A tree the fruit of which is produced from flower; e. g. the mango.

**वाना** 1 A quail. -2 Dry or dried fruit.

**वानायुः** N. of a country to the north-west of India. -Comp. -जः a Vanāyu horse, i. e. a horse produced in the Vanāyu country.

**वानीरः** A sort of cane or ratan; स्मराने वानीरगृष्णु सुमः R. 13. 35; Me. 41; Māl. 9. 15; R. 13. 30, 16. 21; U. 2. 20; Mv. 5. 40.

**वानीरकः** The Munja grass, a kind of rush.

**वानेयं** N. of a fragrant grass (मुस्त्रं).

**वांत p. p.** [वस्त्र] 1 Vomited, spitted out. -2 Emitted, ejected, effused. -Comp. -भदः a dog. -अ-आ-विन् m. a foul-feeding demon.

**वांति** f. 1 Vomiting. -2 Ejecting, emitting. -Comp. -कृत, -रु a. emetic.

**वान्या** A multitude of groves or woods.

**वापः** [वप्-घञ्] 1 Sowing seed. -2 Weaving. -3 Shaving, shearing; Ms. 11. 109. -Comp. -हः a weaver's loom.

**वापनं** 1 Causing to sow. -2 Shaving.

**वापित p. p.** 1 Sown. -2 Shaven.

**वापिः** -पी f. [वप्-इञ् वा ईप्; Up. 4. 125] A well, any large oblong or circular reservoir of water; वापी चात्स्तन्मरकतशिलाबद्धोपातमार्गी Me. 76. -Comp. -हः the Chātaka bird.

**वाम a.** 1 Left (opp. दक्षिण); विलोचनं इत्तेजामं भनेन संभाव्य तद्वच्चितवामनवा R. 7. 8; Me. 78, 96. -2 Being or situated on the left side; वामधार्यं नश्वते मधुरं चातकस्ते सगंधः Me. 9; (वामेन is used adverbially in the same sense; e. g. वामेनात्र वटस्तम्भवग्रन्थः सर्वाभ्यां सेवते K. P. 10).

-3 (a) Reverse, contrary, opposite, adverse, unfavourable; तद्वोक्तामस्त्रवामा गतिः Git. 12; Māl. 9. 8, Bk. 6. 17. (b) Acting contrary, of an opposite nature; वामधेष्वं गुहिणी-पदं दुर्वत्यो वामाः कुलस्त्रावयः S. 4. 17. (c) Perverse, crooked-natured, refractory; S. 6. -4 Vile, wicked, base, low, bad; Ki. 11. 24. -5 Lovely, beautiful, charming; as in वामलोचना q. v. -6 Short. -मः 1 A sentient being, an animal. -2 N. of Siva -3 Of Cupid, the god of love. -4 A snake. -5 An udder, a breast. -6 Prohibited or forbidden act or practice (as drinking wine); -मं Wealth, possessions. -Comp.

**वाचारः** -पार्गः the left-hand ritual or doctrine of the Tantras.

**वापीडनः** the Pilu tree. -आवर्तः 1. a conch-shell, the spiral of which runs from right to left.

-ऊह, ऊङ् f. a woman with handsome thighs; तदिदं विषहित्वा ते कर्यं वद वामोरु चिताविराहेण R. 8. 57.

-दृश् f. a woman (with lovely eyes). -देवः 1. N. of a sage. -2. N. of Siva. -भूः f. a beautiful-eye-browed woman; Pt. 1. 136.

-लोचना a woman with lovely eyes; विष्वपातस्य जयिनीत्वा: स्तुते वामलोचना: K. P. 10; R. 19. 13. -शील a. of a perverse or crooked (nature; cross-