

kind of demon or Râkshasa. —**क्षणा**, —**चौतः**: a flash or lustre of lightning. —**रामन्** n. a flash of zigzag or forked lightning. —**पातः**: falling or stroke of lightning. —**विश्वं** bell-metal. —**लता**, —**लेखा** (विशुद्धता, विशुद्धेता) 1. a streak of lightning. —2. forked or zigzag lightning.

विश्वलक्ष्म a. Having lightning; Me. 64. —m. A cloud; विश्वलक्ष्मनिवाचत है: Ku. 6. 27.

विश्वोत्तम a. (नीf.) 1 Illuminating, irradiating. —2 Illustrating, elucidating.

विद्रः 1 Tearing, splitting, piercing. —2 A fissure, hole, cavity.

विद्रोधिः An abscess.

विद्राण a. Roused from sleep, awakened.

विद्रु 1 P. 1 To run, run away, retreat; जलसंवात् इवासि रिद्रुतः Ku. 4. 6. —2 To melt, dissolve. —3 To become divided, burst asunder. —**Caus.** To put to flight, rout, scare away, disperse, scatter; प्रित्यर्वान्मीषितविद्रवित्याप्तिभनिवहः Mâl. 3; असौ कुपित्वात्या खरन्वरविद्रावितमहागुहप्रावप्राप्तः स्वपिति गिरिमेहिरेपितः Bv. 1. 52.

विद्रवः 1 Running away, flight, retreat. —2 Panic. —3 Flowing out. —4 Melting, liquefaction. —5 Centre, abuse. —6 Intellect, understanding.

विद्राव=विद्रः q. v.

विद्रावन् 1 Driving or scaring away, putting to flight, defeating. —2 Liquestifying.

विद्रावित a. 1 Put to flight, routed, chased away. —2 Scattered, dispersed; torn asunder. —3 Liquefied, fused, melted.

विद्रुत p. p. 1 Flown, fled, away, (in panic). —2 Agitated, frightened, alarmed. —3 Liquid, fluid.

विद्रुमः 1 The coral tree (bearing reddish precious gems called corals). —2 A coral; तवधरस्त्विष्य विद्रुमेषु R. 13. 13; Ku. 1. 44. —3 A young shoot or sprout. —**Comp.** —**लता** 1. a branch of coral. —2. a kind of perfume. —**लतिका** a kind of perfume (नलिका).

विद्रस् a. [विद्-क्षु] (Nom. sing. m. विद्रान्; f. विद्रधी; n. विद्रृत) 1.

Knowing (with acc.); आनंदं ब्रह्मणो विद्वाऽन विमेति कवाचन; तत्र विद्वानपि तपानरण R. 8. 76; Ki. 11. 30. —2 Wise, learned. —m. A learned or wise man, scholar; विद्वन् विद्वन् गुरवे प्रवैयं R. 5. 18. —**Comp.** —**कल्प**, —**देशीय**, —**देश्य** a. (विद्वकल्प, विद्वेशीय, विद्वेश्य) slightly learned, a little learned. —**जनः** (विद्वज्ञानः) a learned or wise man, sage.

विद्रिष् m., विद्रपः An enemy, a foe; विद्विरेऽप्यनुग्रह Bh. 2. 77; R. 3. 60; Y. 1. 162.

विद्रिष् p. p. Hated, disliked, odious.

विदेषः 1 Enmity, hatred, odium; Ms. 8. 346. —2 Disdaiful pride, contempt; विदेषोऽभिषतप्रापावापि गवर्दिनाशः Bharata.

विदेषणः A hater, an enemy. —**पी** A woman of a resentful temper. —**नृ** 1 Causing hatred or enmity. —2 Enmity, hatred.

विदेषिन्, विदेषु a. Hating, inimical. —m. A hater, an enemy.

विध् I. 6 P. (विधाति) 1 To pierce, cut. —2 To honour, worship. —3 To rule, govern, administer. —II. 1 A. (विधते) To ask, beg.

विधः [विध-क अच्-व] 1 Kind, sort; as in विधिति, नानांश्च. —2 Mode, manner, form. —3 Fold (at the end of comp., especially after numerals); विधिष्ठ, अद्यविष्ठ &c. —4 The food of elephants. —5 Prosperity. —6 Penetration.

विधवन् 1 Shaking, agitating. —2 Tremor, trembling.

विधव्यं Tremor, agitation.

विधवा [विगते धौष्टो यस्तः सा] A widow; सा नारी विधवा जाता यहै रोदिति तत्पतिः Subhâsh. —**Comp.**

—अवेदनं marrying a widow. —**गामी-** न m. one who has sexual intercourse with a widow.

विधस् m. N. of Brahman, the creator.

विधा 3 U. 1 To do, make, bring about, effect, accomplish, perform, cause, produce, occasion; यथाकामं जुत्सवनादिकाः किंवा धूरोऽधूरः सहृष्टिवृद्धितः R. 3. 10; तत्रो देवा विधेयासु: Bk. 19. 2; विधेयासुरेणः परमरमीयां परिणति Mâl. 6. 7; प्रायः शुभं च विधादाद्य-

शुभं च जन्तोः सर्वेऽक्षया भगवती भवितव्यतैः 1. 23; वै द्वे कालं विधत्तः S. 1. 1 ‘cause, produce, or regulate time’; तत्य तस्याचलां अद्वान तमेव विद्याम्यहं Bg. 7. 21; R. 2. 38, 3. 66, Ve. 1. 1, Ki. 1. 3, 16. 62, 18. 28; (these senses may be further modified according to the noun with which विधा is used; cf. कृ). —2 To lay down, ordain, prescribe, fix, settle, command, enjoin; प्राह्णानिवर्धनात्पुं जात नर्म विधीवते Ms. 2. 29, 3. 19; Y. 1. 72; अदृष्ट तु सदौपैष नान्या भावा विधीवते Ms. 9. 157, 3. 118; पाणिनिष्ठ क्रियाफलस्य कर्तुगमित्वे सत्यासनेपद्म विद्याति J.N.V.—3 To make, form, shape, create, manufacture; तं वेधा विद्वे नूनं पहूऽनुवापिता R. 1. 29; अंगानि चंककह्लेः स विधाय नूनं कांते कथं घटतवानुपलेन चेतः S. Til. 3. —4 To appoint, depute (as a minister). —5 To put on, wear; Pt. 1.—6 To fix upon, direct towards (as mind &c.); यांगे धैवसमाधिष्ठासु रमे द्वार्द्धे विधद्वच्च द्वावः Bh. 3. 54, Bg. 2. 44. —7 To arrange, put in order. —8 To make ready, prepare. —9 To settle, fix, establish. —10 To give, grant; Ki. 14. 10. —11 To procure, furnish. —12 To place, put, lay.

विधा 1 Mode, manner, form. —2 Kind, sort. —3 Prosperity, affluence. —4 The food of elephants, horses &c. —5 Penetration. —6 Hire, wages. —7 Act, action.

विधात् m. 1 A maker, creator; Ku. 7. 36. —2 The creator, N. of Brahman; विधाता भद्रे नो वितरतु मनोऽन्तःय विधाय Mâl. 6. 7; R. 1. 35, 6. 11; 7. 25. —3 A granter, giver, bestower; Ku. 1. 57. —4 Fate, destiny; H. 1. 40. —5 N. of Visvakarman. —6 N. of Kâma, the god of love. —7 Spirituous liquor.—**Comp.** —अव्युत् m. 1. sunshine. —2. the sun flower. —भृः an epithet of Nârada.

विधाची Long pepper.

विधात् 1 Arranging, disposing. —2 Performing, making, doing, executing; नेष्यविधात् S. 1; भाज्याऽय, यज्ञः &c. —3 Creation, creating; R. 6. 11, 7. 14; Ku. 7. 66. —4 Employment, use, application; प्रतिकारविधात् R. 8. 40. —5 Prescribing, enjoining, ordering. —6 A rule, precept, ordinance, sacred rule or precept, sacred injunc-