14. -2 Resolve, resolution, determination; मंशियकार मरणव्यवसायमुद्धि Ku. 4. 45 'the thought of resolving to die'; Bg. 2. 41, 10. 36. -3 An act, action, performance; व्यवसाय: प्रतिपत्तिवृद्धः R. 8. 65. -4 (a) Business, employment, trade. (b) Following a particular profession or trade. -5 Conduct, behaviour. -6 Device, stratagem, artifice. -7 Boasting. -8 N. of Vishnu. -9 Of Siva.

स्वतायन् a. 1 Energetic, industrious, diligent; Pt. 2. 51. -2 Resolute. persevering; Pt. 1. 248. -3 Performing, doing, undertaking. -4 Engaged in any business or profession. -m. A tradesman, merchant.

च्यासित p. p. 1 Endeavoured, attempted; S. 6. 8. -2 Undertaken.
-3 Resolved, determined settled.
-4 Devised, planned. -5 Endeavouring, resolving. -6 Persevering, energetic. -7 Cheated, deceived.
-त Ascertainment, determination.

डयवस्था 1 A. 1 To be placed asunder. -2 To be arranged in due order. -3 To be settled or fixed, become permanent; वस्ताविदं डयव-स्थितं Ku. 4. 21. -4 To rest or depend upon. - Caus. 1 To place or rest upon, direct towards; Ku. 7. -5. -2 To arrange, manage, adjust. -3 To settle, resolve, docree. -4 To separate, place apart. -5 To do, perform. -6 To lay down a rule or law, enact a law.

च्यवस्था 1 Adjustment, arrangesettlement : as in anf-अमब्यवस्था. -2 Fixity, definite. ness: R. 7. 54. -3 Fixity. firm basis : आजहतस्तचरणी प्रथि-च्यां स्थलाश्वितिश्रयमच्यवस्थां Ku. 1. 33. -3 Relative position. -4 A settled rule, law, statute, decree, decision, legal opinion, written declaration of the law (especially on doubtful points or where contradictory texts have to be properly adjusted). -5 An agreement, a contract. -6 State, condition. -7 State or order of things. -8 Separation.

ब्यवस्थानं, ब्यवस्थितिः f. 1 Arrangement, settlement, determination, decision. -2 A rule, statute, decision. -3 Steadiness, constancy.
-4 Firmness, perseverance. -5
Separation. -7; N. of Vishnu.

व्यवस्थापक a. (पिका f.) 1 Arranging, putting in proper order, adjusting, settling,, establishing, deciding. -2 One who gives a legal opinion. -3 A manager (modern use).

व्यवस्थापनं 1 Arranging, proper adjustment. -2 Fixing, determining, settling, deciding. -3 Fixing, placing (in general).

व्यवस्थापित p. p. Arranged, settled &c.; कथेविदद्रेस्तनया भिताक्षरं विस्व्यवस्थापितवागमापत Ku. 5.68.

च्यास्थल p. p. 1 Placed in order, adjusted, arranged. -2 Settled, fixed; कि च्यास्थितविषयाः साम्रथनीः U. 5. -3 Decided, determined, declared by law. -4 Stood aside, separated. -5 Extracted. -6 Based on, resting on. -Comp. -विभाषा 2 fixed option; च्यास्थितविभाषया साधः.

च्यवस्थिति See ब्यवस्थान.

व्यवहित See under ब्यवधा.

च्यवह 1 P. 1 To deal in any transaction or business. -2 To act, behave, deal with (with loc. or by itself); कथं कार्योवोनमबेन च्यवहरति मच्यनात्मज्ञः M. 1; बाहःसर्वाकारमगुग-रमणीयं व्यवहरत् Mål. 1. 14. -3 To go to law, sue (one) in a court of law; अध्यतिव्यवहर्त्नम्थेगारवाहिमयो-द्यति Dk. -4 To managə, transact business; U. 1. 5. -5 To regain, recover. -6 To distinguish.

च्यवहर्न् m. 1 The manager of a business. -2 A suer, litigant, plaintiff. -3 A judge. -4 An associate.

च्यवहार: 1 Conduct, behaviour, action. -2 Affair, business, work. -3 Profession, occupation. -4 Deal--5 Commerce. ing, transaction. trade, traffic. -6 Dealing in money, usury .- 7 Usage, custom, an established rule or practice. -8 Relation, connection; Pt. 1. 79. -9 Judicial procedure, trial or investigation of a case, administration of justice : ब्यवहारस्तमाह्नयातीः अलं लज्ज्ञया व्यवहा-रस्टवां प्रच्छाते Mk. 9. -10 A legal dispute, complaint, suit, law-suit, litigation; व्यवहारीऽयं चारवत्तमवलं-बते, इति लिख्यतां व्यवहारस्य प्रथमः पा दः, केन सह मन व्यवहारः Mk. 9. R.

17. 39. -11 A title of legal procedure, any occasion of litigation. -Comp. -sty the body of civil and criminal law. -अभिशस्त a. prosecuted, charged. - अवार्य: a minor (in law). - आसन the tribunal of justice, judgment-seat : व्यवहारास-नमार्दे यदा R. 8.18.- जः 1. one who understands business. -2. a youth come of age, one who is no longer a minor. -3, one who is acquainted with judicial procedure. -तंत्रं course of conduct; वाकप्रतिष्ठानिबंधनानि देहिनां घ्यवहारतंत्राणि Mal. 4. - इर्शनं trial, judicial investigation. - q== व्यवहारविषय प. v. -पाद: 1. any one of the four stages of a legal proceeding ; th ese are four: -(1) प्रविक्र, the plaint; (2) उत्तर्पक्ष the defence : (3) जिल्लापाद adducing evidence, oral or written: (4) निर्णेयपाट, the decision or verdict. -2. the fourth stage ; i. e. निर्णयपाद, that part which concerns the verdict or decision. -#1-नुका 1. a legal process in general. -2. any act or subject relating to the administration of justice or formation of courts (of which thirty heads are enumerated). - fara: a rule of law, any code of law. -fa-षयः (so -पदं, -मार्गः, -स्थानं) a subject or head of legal procedure. an actionable business, a matter which may be made the subject of litigation (these are eighteen; for an enumeration of their names. see Ms. 8. 4-7). - (स्थात: f. judicial procedure.

च्यवहारक: A dealer, trader, merchant.

च्यवहारिक a. (का or की f.) 1 Relating to business. -2 Engaged in business, practical. -3 Judicial, legal. -4 Litigant.-5 Usual, customary.

व्यवहारिका 1 Usage, custom. -2 A broom. -3 The Ingudi plant.

च्यवहारिन् a. 1 Transacting business, acting, practising. -2 Engaged in a law suit, litigant. -3 Usual, customary.

च्यवहार्थ α. 1 Usual, customary. -2 Liable to be sued.

ब्यवहति: f. 1 Practice, process.-2 Action, performance.

डयचे 2 P. 1 To divide, separate. -2 To dissolve, decompose.