

व्यवायः 1 Separation, decomposition, resolution (into components). -2 Dissolution. -3 Covering, concealment. -4 Intervention, interval; अदकुपवाङ्मुद्ववायेऽपि. -5 An impediment, obstacle. -6 Copulation, sexual intercourse. -7 Purity. -यं Light, lustre.

व्यवायिन् *a.* 1 Resolving, decomposing. -2 Lustful, dissolute. -*m.* 1 A sensualist, libertine. -2 An aphrodisiac.

व्यवेत *p. p.* 1 Separated, decomposed. -2 Different.

व्यवृ 5 *A.* 1 To fill completely, pervade, occupy; प्रतापस्तस्य भानोश्च युगपद् व्यानशो विशः R. 4. 15; Bk. 9. 4; 14, 96. -2 To obtain, attain to, reach. -3 To possess, gain. -4 To fall to one's share.

व्यष्टि *f.* 1 Individuality, singleness. -2 Distributive pervasion. -3 (In Vedānta phil.) An aggregate or whole viewed as made up of many separate bodies (opp. समष्टि *q. v.*).

व्यस 4 *P.* 1 To toss about, scatter, cast or throw asunder; dispel, destroy; प्राप्ते व्यालतमान् व्यस्यन् भृङ्गोभ्योऽपि राक्षसान् Bk. 8. 116, 9. 31. -2 To divide into parts, separate, arrange; स्वयं वेदान् व्यस्यन् Pt. 4. 50; विद्यात् वेदान् यस्मात्स तस्माद् व्यस इति स्पृतः Mb. ; R. 10. 84. -3 To take separately or singly; see व्यस्त below. -4 To throw over, overturn, upset. -5 To expel, remove, drive away.

व्यसनं 1 Casting away, dispelling. -2 Separating, dividing. -3 Violation, infraction. -4 Loss, destruction, defeat, fall; defection, weak point; अमाल्य-व्यसनं Pt. 3; स्वबलव्यसने Ki. 13. 15; Si. 2. 57. -5 (*a.*) A calamity, misfortune, distress, evil, disaster ill-luck; अज्ञातभृतेव्यसना मुहुर्त्तं कृत्वापकारैव रतिवैभूव Ku. 3. 73; 4. 30; R. 12. 57. (*b.*) Adversity; need; स सुहृद् व्यसने यः स्यात् Pt. 1. 337 'a friend in need is a friend indeed'. -6 Setting (as of the sun &c.); तेजोद्वयस्य युगपद् व्यसनीद-याभ्यां S. 4. 1 (where व्यसन means 'a fall' also). -7 Vice, bad practice, evil habit; निधैव व्यसनं वदन्ति ष्टगयानीदृग् विनोदः कुतः S. 2.

5, R. 18. 14; Y. 1. 310; (these vices are usually said to be ten; see Ms. 7. 47-48); समानशील-व्यसनेषु सख्यं Subhāsh. -8 Close or intent application, assiduous devotion; विद्यायां व्यसनं Bh. 2. 62, 63. -9 Inordinate addiction. -10 Crime, sin. -11 Punishment. -13 Inability, incompetency. -12 Fruitless effort. -14 Air, wind. -15 Individuality. -**Comp.** -अतिभारः heavy calamity or distress; R. 14. 68. -अन्वित, -आर्त, -पीडित *a.* overtaken by calamity, involved in distress. -प्रहारिन् *a.* 1. hurting, attacking, giving trouble. -2. striking (an enemy) in his weak point.

व्यसनिन् *a.* 1 Addicted to any vice, vicious. -2 Unlucky, unfortunate. -3 Intently attached or excessively devoted to anything, fond of (usually in comp.); किं भूयः क-दरुस्थितिव्यसनिना व्यर्थं सुराः शान्तिताः Subhāsh.

व्यस्त *p. p.* 1 Cast or thrown asunder, tossed about; Māl. 5. 23. -2 Dispersed, scattered; U. 5. 14. -3 Dispelled, cast away. -4 Separated, divided, severed; हिमवाति जलधौ च व्यस्ततोयेव गंगा V. 5. 22. -5 Taken or considered separately, taken singly (opp. समस्त); एभिः समस्तैरपि किमस्य किं पुनर्व्यस्तैः U. 5; तद्वस्ति किं व्यस्तमपि त्रिलोचने Ku. 5. 72. -6 Simple, uncompounded (as a word). -7 Manifold, different. -8 Removed, expelled. -9 Agitated, troubled, confused. -10 Disordered, out of order, disarranged. -11 Reversed, upset. -12 Inverse (as ratio). -13 Pervading, inherent in. -स्तं *ind.* Severally, separately, singly. -**Comp.** -केश *a.* with disordered or dishevelled hair. -त्रै-राशिकं the rule of three inverted. -पर्व 1. (in law) a confused statement (of a case). -2. an uncompounded or simple word. -वृत्ति *a.* the meaning of which is changed, which has lost its force (as a word); R. 11. 73.

व्यसु *a.* Lifeless, dead; Si. 20. 3.

व्यस्तारः The issue of rut or ichor from the temples of an elephant.

व्याकीर्ण *p. p.* 1 Scattered or

thrown about. -2 Disordered.

व्याकुल *a.* 1 Agitated, perplexed, bewildered, distracted; शोकव्या-कुल, बाष्प°. -2 Alarmed, troubled, frightened; वृष्टिव्याकुलर्गाकुल Git. 4. -3 Full of, overtaken by. -4 Intently engaged in, busy with; आलोके ते निपतति पुरा सा बलिव्याकुला वा Me. 85. -5 Flashing, moving about; U. 3. 43. -**Comp.** -आत्मन, -चित्त, -चेतस्, -मनस् *a.* bewildered in mind, having a perplexed or distracted mind.

व्याकुलयति Den. P. To agitate, confuse, frighten.

व्याकुलित *a.* Agitated, distracted, confounded, perplexed &c.

व्याकुलीकृ 8 U. 1 To confound, bewilder, perplex. -2 To alarm, trouble. -3 To agitate, perturb.

व्याकुलीभू 1 P. To become perplexed or confused.

व्याकृतिः *f.* Fraud, disguise, deception.

व्याकृ 8 U. 1 To make manifest, clear up; नामरूपे व्याकरवाणि Ch. Up. -2 To propound, explain. -3 To tell, narrate; तन्मे सर्वं भगवान् व्याक-रोतु Mb. -4 To separate, divide, decompose. -5 To analyse in general.

व्याकरणं 1 Analysis, decomposition. -2 Grammatical analysis, grammar, one of the six Vedāngas *q. v.*; सिंहो व्याकरणस्य कर्तुरहरत् प्राणान् प्रियान् पाणिनेः Pt. 2. 33. -3 Explaining, expounding. -**Comp.** -प्र-क्रिया etymology, derivation (of a word).

व्याकारः 1 Transformation, change of form. -2 Deformity.

व्याकृत *p. p.* 1 Analysed, separated. -2 Explained, expounded. -3 Disfigured, distorted, deformed.

व्याकृतिः *f.* 1 Analysis. -2 Exposition, explanation. -3 Change of form, development. -4 Grammar.

व्याकोश (ष) *a.* 1 Expanded, blown, blossomed; व्याकोशकोकनदतां वृधते नलिन्यः Si. 4. 46. -2 Devel-oped; विवेकव्याकोशे विकसति शमे शाम्भ्याति तृषा Bh. 3. 17.

व्याक्षिप् 6 P. To toss or throw about. -2 To stretch out or forth, open.

व्याक्षिप्त *p. p.* 1 Tossed about. -2 Torn asunder, distracted.