Ms. 2. 76 ; according to some they are seven in number).

च्यचर 1 P. 1 To transgress, offend against, violate. -2 To be faithless to. -3 To commit adultery with. -4 To deviate from the right path.

च्यचरणं Transgression; deviation. व्यच्छित्तिः f., ब्यच्छेवः Cutting

off, extermination, complete destruction.

ब्युत्कम् See उत्कम्.

इयुरक्रम: 1 Transgression, going astray. -2 Inverted order, contrariety. -3 Confusion, disorder.

ब्युत्कांत p. p. 1 Transgressed, overstepped. -2 Departed, left, gone forth. -3 Neglected. -- ar A kind of riddle.

ब्यत्था 1 A. 1 To get up, rise. -2 To increase in strength or power, grow strong. - Caus. To excite, instigate, rouse.

च्युत्थानं, च्युत्थिति: f. 1 Great activity. -2 Rising up against, opposition, obstruction. -3 Independent action, following one's own bent of mind. -4 The completion of religious abstraction or abstract meditation (in Yoga phil.). -5 A kind of dance. -6 Causing (an elephant) to rise: Si. 18. 26. -6 Contradicting.

EURICUS 4. A. 1 To be produced from, originate in. -2 To be derived from (a root &c.). -3 To become proficient in or conversant with, - Caus. 1 To produce, cause. -2 To derive, trace to a root (as a word); जहाशब्दस्य व्युत्पाद्यमानस्य S. B.

च्युत्पत्ति: f. 1 Origin, production. -2 Derivation, etymology. -3 Perfect proficiency, conversancy. -4 Scholarship, learning; ब्युल्गिरात-जितकोविसापि न रंजनाय क्रमते जडानां Vikr. 1, 16, 18, 108.

ब्युरपञ p. p. 1 Produced, begotten. -2 Formed by derivation. -3 Derived, traced to its etymology, as a word (opp. अड्युत्पन्न or 'primitive '). -4 Completed, perfected; Mv. 4. 57. -5 Thoroughly proficient in, learned, erudite.

ब्युत्त p. p. Wetted, drenched.

ब्युदस् 4 P. 1 To throw or scatter about. -2 To throw off, cast away. -3 To set or lay aside, -4 To

give up, abandon.

saata p. p. Thrown aside, rejected, cast off.

च्यवास: 1 Throwing aside, rejection. -2 Exclusion (in gram.). -3 Prohibition. -4 Disregard, indifference. -5 Killing, destruction : Si. 15. 37.

ब्युदित a. Disputed, discussed, debated.

दयपदेश: Pretext, pretence.

द्यपरमः Cessation, stop, close.

द्यपद्ामः 1 Non-cessation. -2 Inquietude. -3 Complete cessation (where f shows intensity).

Syg p. p. 1 Burnt, -2 Dawned, become day-light. -3 Become bright or clear. -4 Dwelt. -5 Passed. --1 Day-break, dawn; Si, 12. 4, -2 Day. -3 Fruit, result.

safe: f. 1 Dawn. -2 Prosperity. -3 Praise. -4 Fruit, consequence.

ब्युत a. Interwoven, sewn, interlaced.

च्युति: 1 Weaving, sewing. -2 The wages of weaving.

ब्यह 1 P. 1 To arrange troops in battle array ; सूच्या वज्जेण चैवेतान् ध्यू-हेन व्यद्य योधयेत Ms. 7. 191. -2 To arrange, put or place in order, dispose. -3 To separate, divide. -4 To alter, transpose, disarrange. -5 To resolve (vowels, syllables &c.).

sus p. p. 1 Expanded, developed, broad, wide; ब्यूढोरस्को वृषस्कंध: R. 1. 13, -2 Firm, compact. -3 Placed in order, arranged, marshalled (as an army); Bg. 1. 3. -4 Disarranged, placed out of order. -5 Married. -6 Large, great. -Comp. - mars a mailed, clad in armour.

च्युहि: f. Orderly arrangement, array.

च्यह: 1 A military array; Ms. 7. 187. -2 An army, a host, squadron ; व्यहावभी तावितरेतरस्मात भंगं जयं चाप-तरच्यवस्थं R. 7. 54. -9 A large quantity, an assemblage, a multitude, collection. -4 A part, portion, subhead. -5 The body. -6 Structure. formation. -7 Reasoning, logic. -8 Separation, distribution, -9 (In phil.) A peculiar arrangement of the senses. -Comp. - qifeq: f. the

ing an array.

च्यूहन 1 Arraying of troops, marshalling. -2 Structure of the members of the body.

eyg p. p. 1 Deprived of prosperity, unlucky, unfortunate. -2 Deprived of or excluded from. -3 Nullified. -4 Imperfect, deficient.

ETT : f. Non-prosperity, ill-luck, misfortune (विगता कदिव्यांदिः) ; as in यवनानां च्यादिर्दुर्यवनं Sk.

ट्ये 1 U. (व्ययाति-ते, ऊत ; caus. व्या-ययति - ते ; desid. (बेब्यासाति) 1 To cover. -2 To sew.

व्याकार: A blacksmith.

द्योमन् n. [व्ये-मनिन प्रधाo Un. 4. 150] 1 The sky, atmosphere ; sr-स्टवेवं जडधामता तु भवतों यद् ब्योम्नि वि-सफर्जसे K. P. 10, Me. 51; R. 12. 67 ; N. 22. 54. -2 Water. -3 A temple sacred to the sun. -4 Talc. -Comp. - उरकं rain-water, dew. -केशः, -केशिन m. an epithet of Siva. - inf the heavenly Ganges. -चारिन m. 1. a god. -2. a bird. -3. a saint. -4. a Brâhmana. -5, a heavenly body. - धूम: a cloud. - च-नः N. of Siva. -- नाशिका a kind of quail. - मंजरं, -मंडलं a flag, banner. -- माय a. reaching to the sky. -- म-इर: a gust of wind. - यानं a celestial car. - चच m. 1. a deity, god. -2. a Gandharva. -3. a spirit. -स्पली the earth. -- स्प्रज्ञ a. 'sky-touching', very lofty.

ड्योर्थ An aggregate of three spices (black and long pepper, and dry ginger.)

वज् I.1 P. (वजति)1 To go, walk, proceed; नाविनीतैत्रं जेर धुयैः Ms. 4. 67. -2 To go to, approach, visit ; मामेकं शरणं व्रज्ञ Bg. 18, 66, -3 To depart, retire, withdraw. -4 To pass away (as time); इयं व्रज्ञाते यामिनी त्यज्ञ नरेंद्र निद्रारसं Vikr. 11. 74. -5 To attain to, go to the state of. -6 To obtain, gain. -II. 10 U. (ब्राजयति-ते) 1 To go. -2 To prepare, decorate. (This root is used much in the same way as गम or या q. v.).

व्रज्ञः [तजु-घजर्थे क] 1 A multitude, collection, flock, group ; नेत्र-व्रजाः पारजनस्य तास्मन् विहाय सर्वाज्ञ-पतीन्निपेतुः R. 6. 7; 7. 60; Si. 6. 6. 14.33. -2 A station of cowherds. rear of an army. --भंग:, -भेग: break. -3 A cow-pen, cow-shed ; Si. 2. 64.