caus. ब्रेपयति) 1 To go, move. -2 To choose, select. owing rice. च्ची 9 P. (चिनाति, rarely चीनाति, support, hold, maintain. द्वी क्ष 10 U. (बेंक्स यति ते) To see. -3 To

15. 45. -2 A weapon. Siva. - i Happiness ; Bh. 2. 16.

दायु a. Happy, prosperous ; Bk. 4. 18.

शाव: 1 Ploughing in the regular direction. -2 The thunderbolt of Indra. -3 The iron head of a pestle.

शौस 1 P. (ज्ञांसाति, ज्ञास्त; pass. ज्ञस्यते) 1 To praise, extol, approve of ; साध साध्विति भूतानि वार्शसर्मारुता-रमज Râm. ; Bg. 5. 1. -2 To tell, relate, express, declare, communicate, announce, report (with dat. or sometimes gen. of person or by itself): दादांस सीतापरिदेवनांतमनुष्ठितं शासनमञ्जाय R. 14. 83 ; न में हिया शंसात किचिदीप्सितं 3. 5, 2. 68, 4. 72, 9. 77, 11. 84; Ku. 3. 60, 5. 51. -3 To indicate, bespeak, show; य: (अशोकः) सावज्ञो माधवश्रीनियोगे पुष्पैः श्रंसत्यादरं स्वस्प्र यत्ने M. 5. 8; Ki. 5. 23, Ku. 2. 22. -4 To repeat, recite .- 5 To hurt injure .- 6 To revile, traduce.

चांस: Ved. 1 Praise. -2 Recitation. -3 Calling, invocation. -4 A charm, spell. -5 Wishing well, to. -6 A blessing. -7 A curse. -8 Calumny.

चासन [जास ल्यट] 1 Praising. -2 Telling, relating. -3 Reciting.

शंसा [जांस - अ] 1 Praise .- 2 Wish. desire, hope. -3 Repeating, narrating. -4 Reciting.

बांसेत p. p. [बांस् -क] 1 Prsised, extolled. -2 Told, said, spoken, declared. -3 Wished, desired. -4 Ascertained, established, determined. -5 Falsely accused, ealumniated

शांसन् a. (Usually at the end of comp.) 1 Praising. -2 Telling. announcing, communicating : प्रजाब-ती दोहदर्शासनी ते R. 14. 45. -3 Indicating, bespeaking ; मुर्धानः क्षत-

श: 1 A cutter, destroyer ; Ki. इंकारशांसेन: Ku. 2. 26 ; अभिमतफल--3 N. of sith चारु प्रकोर बाह: Bk. 1. 27 ; पा-धनासिदिशंसिन: R. 1. 42, Si. 9. 77. -4 Presaging, foretelling ; R. 3. 14, 12, 90.

त्त् m. 1 A praiser, panegyrist, -2 A reciter of hymns ...

द्वाक I. 5. P. (चाकोति, चाक) 1 To be able, be competent for, have power to, effect (usually with an inf. and translateable by ' can '); अदर्शयन् वक्तुमशक्तवस्यः शाखाभिराव-जित्तपलवांगि: R. 13, 24, Bk. 3, 6; Me. 20 ; sometimes, with acc. or dat. ; Ms. 11. 139 ; with gen. -2 To also; see MT. bear, -3 To be endure. powerful. -Pass. To be able, be possible or practicable (giving a passive sense to a following infinitive); तत्कर्त श्वक्यते ' it can be done '. - Desid. (訳新行) 1 To wish to be able . -2 To learn. -II. 4 U. (ज्ञक्याति-ते, ज्ञाक्त) 1 To be able, have power to effect. To bear, endure. -3 To give. -4 To aid. -5 To know (mostly Ved. in these senses).

RTA: 1 N. of a king (especially applied to Sáliváhana ; but scholars do not seem to have yet agreed as to the precise meaning and scope of the word). -2 An epoch, era (the term is especially applied to the era of Sâlivâhana which commences 78 years after the Christian era). -m: (m. pl.) 1 N. of a country. -2 N. of a particular tribe or race of people (mentioned in Ms. 10. 44 along with the Paundrakas, &c. ; see Mu, 5. 11 also.). -Comp. -- अंतकः, -अरिः epithets of king Vîkramâditya who is said to have exterminated the Sakas. - अब्द: a year of the Saka era. - कर्तु, -कुत् m. the founder of an era.

राकट:-टे [ज़क-अटन Up. 4, 81] A cart, carriage, waggon ; रोहिणीश- and Pt. 1, 213, 211, 212; Y. 3, 42. - z: 1 A form of military array resembling a wedge ; Ms. 7. 187. -2 A measure of capacity, cart-load equal to 2000 palas. -3 N. of a demon slain by Krishna when quite a boy. -4 N. of a tree ((तीनिज्ञ). -5 An implement for preparing grain. -Comp. - STAT: the axle of a cart. -आर:, -हन् m. epithets of Krishna. - Mar the lunar asterism Rohini (so called because it is figured by a cart). - नेव: the division of Rohinî by a planet passing through it. --चिल: a gallinule,

सकाटका A small cart, a toy-cart : as in मच्छकाटका.

शकन n. Ordure, feces, especially of animals ; (this word has no forms for the first five inflections, and is optionally substituted for चकन after acc. dual).

शकलः-लं [ज्ञाक् कलक Un. 1. 109] 1 A part, portion, piece, fragment, bit ; उपलशकलमेतडे्रक गोनयानां Mu. 3. 15; R. 2. 46, 5.73. - # 1 Bark. -2 The scales (of a fish).

चकलिस a. Reduced to fragments, shattered to pieces.

शकालन m. A fish.

शकलीक 8 U. To reduce to fragments or pieces, cut to pieces, divide.

राकार: The brother of a king's concubine, the brother-in-law of a king by a wife not regularly married अन्द्र आतू); (he is usually represented as a strange mixture of pride, folly, and vanity, of low family, and raised to power by reason of his relation to the king. In the Mrichchhakațika of Sûdraka where he plays a prominent part, his character is well exhibited in his lightness and frivolity of spirit, vain-glory, constant references to his high connection, his blunder-