mal at sacrifice).

शस्त p. p. [शंत्-का] 1 Praised, extolled. -2 Auspicious, happy. -3 Right, best. -4 Repeated. recited -5 Best, excellent. -6 Wounded, injured -7 Killed. -स्तं 1 Happiness, welfare. -2 Excellence, auspiciousness. -3 The body. -4 A finger-guard (अंगु-किशान q. v.; also शह्तक in this sense). शह्तः f. 1 Praise, eulogy. -2 A hymn of praise (स्तोष).

शस् 1 A technical name for the termination of the acc. plural. -2 A Taddhita affix forming adverbs from nouns, especially from numerals; as दिश:, सन्तरः, बहुताः &c.

शस्त्रं [ज्ञस-दृन] 1 A weapon, arms ; क्षमाशस्त्रं करे यस्य दुर्जनः कि करिष्यति Subhash., R 2.40, 3. 51, 62; 5. 28,-2 An instrument, a tool in general.-3 Iron. -4 Steel. -5 A hymn of praise (स्तोच). -6 Repetition, recitation. -Comp. - spare: the practice of arms, military exercise. -अयसं 1. steel. -2, iron. - stei 1. weapons for striking and throwing, arms and missiles. -2. arms or weapons generally. -- आजीव:,-उपजीविन् m. a professional soldier. — उद्यन: lifting up a weapon (to strike). - उपकरण arms or instruments of war, military apparatus. — कार: an armourer. -काष: the sheath or scabbard of any weapon. — माहिन a, taking up or wearing arms (for battle); হা-स्त्रपाही ब्राह्मणो जामस्त्रयः U. 5. 33. - जीविन, -ब्रीन m. one living by the use of arms, a professional soldier. -देवता the deity presiding over weapons. -धरः =शसभत q.v. -न्यासः laying down arms; so बाह्य (परि) स्याग: - पाणि a. bearing arms, armed. (-m.) an armed warrior. - पत a. 'purified by arms', rendered pure or absolved from guilt by being killed with a weapon on the battle-field; अशस्त्रपूतं निद्योजं (महा-मांसं) Mâl. 5. 12 ; (see Jagadhara's explanation of the word) : अहमाप सस्य मिथ्याप्रतिज्ञाविलक्ष्यसंपादितमशस्त्रपूर्न मरणम् गदिशामि Ve. 2. - प्रहार: a wound inflicted with a weapon. -भूत m. l. a soldier, warrior; R. 2. 40. -2. an armed man. - нгы: a weapon-cleaner, an armourer, a furbisher. - विद्या, -शास्त्रं the science of

arms. —संहति: f. 1. a collection of arms. -2. an arsenal. —संपात: a sudden fall of a number of weapons. —हत् a. killed by a weapon. —हत् a. armed. (-स्त:) an armed man- सस्तं 1 Steel. -2 Iron. -3 An instrument, a tool, weapon.

शस्त्रिका A knife.

शस्त्रिन् α. Bearing arms or weapons, armed, accounted.

े शस्त्री A knife; पण्यस्त्रीषु विवेकक-न्पलातेकाशक्षीषु रज्यंत कः Subhåsh.; Si. 4. 44.

शस्य a. (from इंस्) 1 Best, excellent. -2 Praiseworthy, laudable.

शस्य [शन्-पत्] 1 Corn or grain in general; दुरोह गां स बजाय शस्या य मचवा दिनं R. 1. 26. -2 The produce or fruit of a plant or tree; शस्य क्षेत्रगत पाहुः सतुषं धान्यमुच्यते; see तंदुल also. -3 A merit. -Comp. -क्षत्रं a corn-field. -भक्षत्र a. granivorous. -मंत्ररी 1. an ear of corn. -2. a fruit-stalk. -मालिन् a. crowned with harvests. -शालिन्, संपन्न a. abounding in corn. -शूर्तं a beard of corn. -संपद् f. abundance of corn. -संव (व) रः the Sâla tree.

शाक:-कं [ज्ञक-धज] A vegetable, pot-herb, herb, any edible leaf, fruit or root used as a vegetable : विक्री असे वा जगदीश्वरो वा मनोरथान् पूर्यवतं समर्थः। अन्यैर्नुपालैः परिवीयमानं शाकाय वा स्याह्मवणाय वास्यात Jag. 一兩: 1. Power, strength, energy. -2 The teak tree. -3 The Sirîsha tree. -4 N. of a people; see ₹ . -5 An era; especially the era of Salivahana. -6 N. of the sixth Dvipa.-Comp. - sivi pepper. - ਅਸਲੰ hog-plum. "ਮਾਸ਼ sorrel. -आख्य: the teak tree. (- ख्यं) a vegetable. -आहार: a vegetarian (living only on herbs &c). 一到第一 का the tamarind. - तह: the teak tree. - qq: 1, a measure equal to a handful. -2. a handful of vegetables. -पत्र: the Sigru tree. -पार्थवः a king fond of an era; see मध्यमपद-लोपिन. -प्रांत ind, a little of herbs. -योग्य: coriander. - वृक्ष: the teak tree. - शाकटं, शाकिनं a field of vegetables, a kitchen-garden.

शाकट a. (टी f.) [शकटाय हितं अण्] 1 Relating to a cart. -2 Going in a cart. -द: 1 A draught-ox. -2 The tree called क्षेत्रमातक. -दं A field : cf. झाकशाकट.

शाकटायन: N. of a philologist and grammarian often referred to by Pâṇini and Yâska; cf. ज्याकरणे सकटन्य च तीकं Nir.

शाकदिक a. (की f.) 1 Belonging to a car. -2 Going in a car.

शाकटीन: A cart-load, a measure of load equal to 20 tulás.

शाकपूजि:-जि: N. of an ancient expounder of the Vedas,

शाकरी =शाकारी.

शाकंभरी 1 An epithet of Durga. -2 N. of a city.

शाकल a. (ली f.) [शकल-अण्] Relating to a piece (शकल). —ल: A school of the Rigveda or the followers of this school (pl.)—Comp. —प्रातिशःख्यं N. of the Rigveda Pratisakhya. —शाखा the recension or traditional text of the Rigveda as represented by the Sakalas

शाकलिक α. (की f.) Relating to a piece, fragmentary.

शाकुण a. (जी f.) 1 Repentant.
-2 Afflicting others (परतापक).

शाकल्यः N. of an ancient grammarian mentioned by Pâṇini; (he is supposed to have arranged the Pada text of the Rigreda).

शाकारी One of the lowest forms of Prâkrita, the dialect spoken by the Sakâra, as in the Mrich-chhakațika.

शाकिनं A field; as in शाकशाकिनं. शाकिनों [शाकमस्त्यस्या इति] 1 A field of vegetables. -2 A kind of female being attendant on Durgsî (supposed to be a demon or fairy).

হাক্তেল a. (গি f) [হাক্ল-সন্] 1 Relating to birds; Ms. 3.268. -2 Relating to omens, -3 Ominous.

शाकुनिकः [शकुनेन पाक्षिवधादिना जीवति दज्] A fowler, bird-catcher; Mk. 6; Ms. 8. 269. —कं The interpretation of omens.

शाकनेयः A small owl.

शाकुंतलः, शाकुंतलेयः A metrony mic of Bharata (son of Sakuntalå).
—लं The drama called अभिज्ञानशकृतला of Kålidåsa.

शाकु।छिकः A fisherman.

शाकरः An ox.

शाक्त a. (क्ती f.) [शक्तिदेवताऽस्य अण्] 1 Relating to power, -2 Re-