nary subjects. -2, a horse. -होविन् m. a horse.

शास्त्रिकः 1 A weaver. -2 A toll, tax. -3 A village of artisans.

शास्त्रिन् a. (नी f.) (usually at the end of comp.) 1 Endowed with, possessed of, possessing, shining or resplendent with; अलघुनलपंक्तशा-लिनी Si. 16.76, Ki. 2.31, 7.28, 55; 8.17, Rs. 4.2.—2 Domestic.

शालिनी 1 A mistress of the house, housewife. -2 N. of a metre; see App. I.

যান্টোন a. [য়ানাসন্থান্ট্রি, য়ানা-জ]

1 Modest, bashful, shy, retiring;
নিমন্থান্টান: स्त्रीजन: M. 4; R. 6. 81,
18. 17; Si. 16. 83. -2 Like, resembling —ন: A householder. (য়ান্ট্রিক 'to make humble, humiliate').

যান্টান্তা-ন্ব Bashfulness, modesty.

মান্ত: [রান্ত-তল] 1 A frog. -2 A kind of perfume. -3 A kind of astringent substance. —ন্তু n. The root of the water-lily.

থান্ত (কু) ক 1 The root of the water-lily. -2 Nutmeg. -ক: 1 A frog. -2 The root of the water-lily (স্কুদ্ব only in this sense).

शालु (ळ्) रः A frog. शालेयं A field of rice.

शालोत्तरीयः An epithet of Pâ_ ņini ; see ज्ञालातुरीय.

হান্দেক: [মান্-মন্মু] 1 The silk-cotton tree.-2 One of the seven great divisions of the earth. -3 The gum of the cotton-tree.

चाल्नलि: 1 The silk-cotton tree; Bv.1. 115; Ms. 8. 246. -2 One of the seven great divisions of the earth. -3 N. of a kind of hell. -Comp. -स्प: an epithet of Garuda.

शास्त्रिकं An inferior kind of Sålmali tree.

शाल्मालेन् m. N. of Garuda. शाल्मालेनी The silk-cotton tree.

शाल्मली 1 The silk-cotton tree. -2 N. of a river in Pâtâla. -3 A kind of hell. -Comp. -देष्ट:, -देष्टक: the gum of the silk-cotton tree.

মানুব: 1 N. of a country. -2 A king of Sâlva.

शाब a. (नी f.) [तान-अण्]

1 Relating to a dead body;
caused by the death (of a relative): न्याहं शावमाशीचं सर्विष्

विश्व यते Ms. 5. 59, 61. -2 Tawny, dark-yellowish. -व: 1 The young of any animal, a fawn, cub; क वयं क पराक्षनन्त्रयो मृगशावै: सममेथितो जनः S. 2. 18; मृगराजशाव: R. 6. 3, 18. 37. -2 A dark-yellowish colour.

शाक्त: The young of any animal.

शावर See शावर.

शाश्वत a. (ती f.) 1 [शहाद भनः अन्] 1 Eternal, perpetual, everlasting; शाश्वतीः समाः Râm. (=U. 2. 5) 'for eternal years', 'ever more' 'for all time to come'; U. 5. 27; R. 14. 14. -2 All. -तः 1 N. of Siva. -2 Of Vyâsa.-3 The sun. -तं Heaven. -तं ind. Eternally, perpetually, for ever.

शाश्वतिक a. (की f.) Eternal, permanent, perpetual, constant; शाश्वितिको विरोध: 'natural antipathy'; शाश्वितिकं विरोधनपद्दाय K.

शाश्वती The earth.

হাতেকুন্ত a. (লী f.) Eating flesh (or fish).

য়াজুরানির A quantity of baked cakes (মাজুরারী).

शास्त 2 P. (शास्ति, शशास, अशिष्तु, ज्ञासिद्याते, ज्ञातिनं, ज्ञिष्ट) 1 To teach, instruct, train (governing two accusatives in this sense); माणवकं धंमें शास्ति Sk .: Bk.6. 10; शिष्यस्तेऽहं शा-धि मां द्वां प्रपन्नं Bg. 2. 7. -2 To rule, govern: अनन्यशासनामुदी शशासेकपुरी-निव R. 1. 30; 10. 1;14. 85, 19. 57; S. 1, 25; Bk. 3, 53. -3 To order, command, direct, enjoin; R. 12. 34; Mv. 6, 20; Ku. 6, 24; Bk. 9, 68. -4 To tell, communicate, inform (with dat.); तस्मिनायोधनं वृत्तं लक्ष्म-जायाशियन्त्रहत Bk. 6, 27; Ms. 11. 83. -5 To advise; स जिसला साध न शास्ति बोऽधिपं Ki. 1.5. -6 To decree, enact. -7 To punish, chastise, correct : ताज शिष्याचौरहंडेन धार्मिक: पृथि-वीपति: Ms. 8. 29, 4. 175, V. 5.-8 To tame, subdue; Mv. 6. 20. -9 To wish, desire.

बास् m. A reciter; as in दक्यवास्-द्यास: Ved. 1 An order, command. -2 Praise (स्तृति).

शासक: [शास्-ण्वुल्] 1 A ruler. -2 A chastiser, punisher.

शासनं [शास्-स्युट्] 1 Instruction, teaching, discipline. -2 Rule, sway, government; अनन्यशासनामुर्ग R. 1. 30; so अन्नतिशासन. -3 An order, a

command, direction: तहनिराप देवस्य द्यासने प्रमाणीकतं S. 6: R. 3. 69, 14. 83, 18. 28. -4 An edict, enactment, a decree. -5 A precept, rule. -6 A royal grant (of land & c.), charter; अहं त्यां शासनशतेन वीजविष्यामि Pt. 1; Y. 2, 240, 295, -7 A deed, writing, written ag reement. -8 Control of passions. -9 A written book of authority. (At the end of comp. शासन often means 'punisher, destroyer, killer'; as in स्नर्शासनः, पाक-द्यासनः). -Comp. - आतिवात्तः f. violation of commands, disobedience. -पत्रं 1. a plate (usually of copper) on which a grant of land &c. is inscribed. -2, a shee t of paper on which an order is written. —इ€: a royal messenger. — हारिन m. an envoy, a messenger: R. 3, 68.

बासनीय a. 1 To be ruled, governed or directed. -2 Punishable; V. 5. शासिन p. p. 1 Ruled, governed. -2 Punished.

श्रास्तृ m. [शास्-तृष] 1 A ruler, governor. -2 A chastiser; S. 1. 25. शास्ति: f. [शास्-किन्] 1 Governing, ruling. -2 An order, a command. -3 Correction, chastisement, punishment, especially the punishment inflicted by command of the king. -5 A sceptre, rod (of authority).

शास्त m. [आस्-त्स् इडमावः] 1 A teacher, an instructor. -2 A ruler, king, sovereign. -3 A father. -4 A Buddha or Jina; or a deified teacher of the Bauddhas or Jainas.

ज्ञास्त्रं [शिष्यतेऽनेन ज्ञास्-ष्ट्रन्] 1 An order, a command, rule, precept. -2 A sacred precept or rule, scriptural injunction. -3 A religious or sacred treatise, sacred book, scripture; see comps. below. -4 Any department of knowledge, science; इति गुह्यतमं ज्ञास्त्रं Bg. 15. 20; ज्ञास्त्रे-ब्बकंडिता **ब**िद्धः R. l. 19; often at the end of comp. after the word denoting the subject, or applied collectively to the whole body of teaching on that subject : वेदांतशास्त्र. न्यायशास्त्र, तर्कश स्त्र, अलंकारशास्त्र &ः -5 What is learnt, knowledge; Si. 5. 47. -6 A work, treatise; तंत्रे: पंच-भिरेतच कार सुमनोहरं शास्त्र Pt. 1. -6 Theory (opp. प्रोग or practice); इमं मांच बास्त्रे प्रयोगेच विष्यत् M. 1. -Comp. - अतिक्रमः, -अननुष्ठानं vio-