

**पुरुरवस्** *m.* [cf. Up. 4. 231] The son of Budha and Ilā and founder of the lunar race of kings. [He saw the nymph Urvaśī, while descending upon earth owing to the curse of Mitra and Varuṇa, and fell in love with her. Urvaśī, too, was enamoured of the king who was as renowned for personal beauty as for truthfulness, devotion, and generosity, and became his wife. They lived happily together for many days, and after she had borne him a son, she returned to the heaven. The king heavily mourned her loss, and she was pleased to repeat her visits five successive times and bore him five sons. But the king, who wanted her life-long company, was not evidently satisfied with this; and he obtained his desired object after he had offered oblations as directed by the Gandharvas. The story told in Vikramorvaśīya differs in many respects; so does the account given in the Śatapatha Brāhmaṇa, based on a passage in the R̥gveda, where it is said that Urvaśī agreed to live with Purūravas on two conditions:—namely that her two rams which she loved as children must be kept near her bed-side and never suffered to be carried away, and that he must take care never to be seen by her undressed. The Gandharvas, however, carried away the rams, and so Urvaśī disappeared.]

**पुरोटिः** 1 The current of a river. -2 The rustling noise of leaves (पत्र-शब्द).

**पुरोडाश, -पुरोधस् &c.** See under पुरस्.

**पुर्व** 1 P. (पुर्वति) 1 To fill. -2 To dwell, inhabit. -3 To invite (said to be 10 P. in the last two senses).

**पुद्** 1, 6 P., 10 U. (पोलति, पुलति, पोलयति-ते) 1 To draw or pull out. -2 To be great. -3 To be lofty. -4 To be collected together, be gathered.

**पुल** *a.* Great, large, wide, extensive. -लः Horripilation. -लम् Size, extent. -ली A bunch.

**पुलकः** 1 Erection or bristling of the hairs of the body, a thrill (of joy or fear), horripilation; चारुचुम्ब नितम्बवती दयितं पुलकैरनुकूले Git. 1; मृगमदतिलकं लिखति सपुलकं मृगमिव रजनीकरे 7; Amaru. 59, 82. -2 A kind of stone or gem; Kau. A. 2. 11. 29. -3 A flaw or defect in a gem. -4 A kind of mineral. -5 A ball of food with which elephants are fed (गजान्नपिण्ड). -6 Yellow orpiment, a dot of the same; रक्तोज्ज्वलांशुकवृते द्विरदस्य कुम्भे जाम्बूनदेन रचितः पुलको यथैव Abhiṣeka. 4. 23. -7 A wine-glass. -8 A species of mustard. -9 See पुलकः (1); अश्रादेयानि धान्यानि कोद्रवाः पुलकास्तथा Mb. 13. 91. 38 (com. पुलकाः असंपूर्णतण्डुलयुक्तधान्यानि). -10 A bunch. -Comp. -अङ्गः the noose of Varuṇa. -आलयः an epithet of Kubera. -उद्गमः erection of the hairs of the body, horripilation.

**पुलकयति** Den. P. To have the hairs of the body erect, thrill (with joy &c.).

**पुलकित** *a.* Having the hairs of the body erect, thrilled with joy; hence, rejoiced, enraptured; पुलकितान्नी तवेयं तनुः K. P.

**पुलकिन** *a.* (-नी *f.*) Having the hairs of the body erect &c. -*m.* A species of Kadamba tree.

**पुलकीकृत** *a.* Thrilled with joy, rejoiced.

**पुलस्तिः, -स्त्यः** N. of a sage, one of the mind-born sons of Brahmā; Ms. 1. 35.

**पुलहः** N. of a sage, one of the mind-born sons of Brahmā; Ms. 1. 35.

**पुला** The soft palate, uvula.

**पुलाकः, -कम्** 1 Empty, bad or shrivelled grain; पुलाकाश्चैव धान्यानाम् (दातव्यम्) Ms. 10. 125 (v. 1.); पुलाका इव धान्येषु Pt. 3. 98. -2 A lump of boiled rice. -3 Abridgment, compendium, -4 Brevity, conciseness. -5 Rice-water. -6 Despatch, celerity. -7 Smallness.

**पुलाकिन** *m.* A tree.

**पुलायितम्** A horse's gallop.

**पुलिनः, -नम्** [पुल्-इनन् किच्च; Up. 2. 53] 1 A sand-bank, sandy beach; रमते यमुनापुलिनवने विजयी मुरारिरधुना Git. 7; R. 14. 52; sometimes used in pl.; कालिन्ध्याः पुलिनेषु केलिकृपितामुत्सृज्य रासे रसम् Ve. 1. 2. -2 A small island left in the bank of a river by the passing off of the water, an islet -3 The bank of a river.

**पुलिनवती** A river.

**पुलिन्दः, पुलिन्दकः** 1 N. of a barbarous tribe (usually in pl.). -2 A man of this tribe, a savage, barbarian, mountaineer; वन्यैः पुलिन्दैरिव वानरैस्ताः क्रिश्यन्त उद्यानलता मदीयाः R. 16. 19, 32. -3 A hunter; तेषामन्तराणि वायुरिकशबरपुलिन्दचण्डालारण्यचरा रक्षेयुः Kau. A. 2. 1. 19.

**पुलिरिकः** A snake.

**पुलिशः** N. of a sage, the founder of one of the siddhāntas in Astronomy.

**पुलोमन्** *m.* N. of a demon, the father-in-law of Indra; पुलोमानं जघानाजौ जामाता सन् शतक्रतुः Hariy. -Comp. -अरिः, -जित्, -भिद्, -द्विष् *m.* epithets of Indra. -जा, -पुत्री Sāchī, daughter of Puloman and wife of Indra.

**पुलोमा** N. of the wife of Bṛiḡu and mother of Chyavana.

**पुल्कसः** N. of a despised mixed tribe (the progeny born of a Niṣāda male and Śūdra female, 'जातो निषादाच्छूद्रायां जात्या भवति पुल्कसः'); Ms. 4. 79; Bhāg. 9. 21. 10.