

of माघ or पौष at the beginning of अमावास्या). -उदर *a.* big-bellied, corpulent. (-रम्) 1 a big belly. -2 dropsy. -उदार *a.* 1 very generous or magnanimous. -2 mighty, powerful. -उद्यम *a.* = महोत्साह q. v; महोद्यमाः कर्म समारम्भन्ते. -उद्योग *a.* very industrious or diligent, hard-working. -उद्रेकः a particular measure (= 4 प्रस्थs). -उन्नत *a.* exceedingly lofty. (-तः) the palmyra tree. -उन्नतिः *f.* great rise or elevation (fig. also), high rank. -उपकारः a great obligation. -उपाध्यायः a great preceptor, a learned teacher. -उरगः a great serpent; वयुर्महोरगस्येव करालफणमण्डलम् R. 12. 98. -उरस्क *a.* broad-chested. (स्कः) an epithet of Śiva. -उर्मिन् *m.* the ocean; ततः सागरमासाद्य कुक्षौ तस्य महोर्मिणः Mb. 3. 20. 17. -उल्का 1 a great meteor. -2 a great fire-brand. -ऋत्विज् *m.* 'great priest', N. of the four chief sacrificial priests. -ऋद्धि *a.* very prosperous, opulent. (-*f.*) great prosperity or affluence. -ऋषभः a great bull. -ऋषिः 1 a great sage or saint; यस्मादृषिः परत्वेन महोस्तस्मान्महर्षयः; (the term is applied in Ms. 1. 34 to the ten *Prajāpatīs* or patriarchs of mankind, but it is also used in the general sense of 'a great sage'). -2 N. of Śiva. -3 of Buddha. -ओघ *a.* having a strong current. -घः a very large number; शतं खर्वसहस्राणां समुद्रमभिधीयते। शतं समुद्रसाहस्रं महौघमिति विश्रुतम् ॥ Rām. 6. 28. 37. -ओष्ठ (महोष्ठ) *a.* having large lips. (-ष्ठः) an epithet of Śiva. -ओजस् *a.* very mighty or powerful, possessed of great splendour or glory; महौजसा मानधना धनार्चिताः Ki. 1. 19. (-*m.*) a great hero or warrior, a champion. (-*n.*) great vigour. -ओजसम् the discus of Viṣṇu (सुदर्शन). (-सी) N. of a plant (Mar. कांगणी). -ओदनी *Asparagus Racemosus* (Mar. शतावरी). -ओषधिः *f.* 1 a very efficacious medicinal plant, a sovereign drug. -2 the *Dūrvā* grass. -3 N. of various plants ब्राह्मी, श्वेतकण्टकारी, कटुका, अतिविष &c. षणः a collection of great or medicinal herbs:—पृथ्निर्णो श्यामलता भृङ्गराजः शतावरी। गुड्वा सहदेवी च महौषधिगणः स्मृतः ॥ cf. also सहदेवी तथा व्याघ्री बला चातिबला त्वचा। शङ्खपुष्पी तथा सिंही अष्टमी च सुवर्चला ॥ महौषध्यष्टकं प्रोक्तं... -ओषधम् 1 a sovereign remedy, panacea. -2 ginger. -3 garlic. -4 a kind of poison (वत्सनाभ). -कच्छः 1 the sea. -2 N. of Varuṇa. -3 a mountain. -कन्दः garlic. -कपर्दः a kind of shell. -कपित्थः 1 the *Bilva* tree. -2 red garlic. -कम्बु *a.* stark naked. (-म्बुः) an epithet of Śiva. -कर *a.* 1 large-handed. -2 having a large revenue. -कर्णः an epithet of Śiva. -कर्मन् *a.* doing great works. (-*m.*) an epithet of Śiva. -कला the night of the new moon. -कल्पः a great cycle of time (100 years of Brahman); Bhāg. 7. 15. 69. -कविः 1 a great poet, a classical poet, such as कालिदास, भवभूति, बाण, भारवि &c. -2 an epithet of Śukra. -कषायः N. of a plant (Mar. कायफल). -कान्तः an epithet of Śiva. (-ता) the earth. -काय *a.* big-bodied, big, gigantic, bulky. (-यः) 1 an elephant. -2 an epithet of Śiva. -3 of Viṣṇu. -4 of a

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being attending on Śiva (= नन्दि). -कारुणिक *a.* exceedingly compassionate. -कार्तिकी the night of full-moon in the month of Kārtika. -कालः 1 a form of Śiva in his character as the destroyer of the world; महाकाल यजेद्देव्या दक्षिणे धूम्रवर्णकम् Kālitāntram. -2 N. of a celebrated shrine or temple of Śiva (Mahākāla) (one of the 12 celebrated Jyotirlingas) established at Ujjayinī (immortalized by Kālidāsa in his *Meghadūta*, which gives a very beautiful description of the god, his temple, worship &c., together with a graphic picture of the city; cf. Me. 30-38; also R. 6. 34); महाकालनिवासिनं कालीविलासिनमन्धरं महेश्वरं समाराध्य Dk. 1. 1. -3 an epithet of Viṣṇu. -4 N. of a kind of gourd. -5 N. of Śiva's servant (नन्दि). ०पुरम् the city of Ujjayinī. ०फलम् a red fruit with black seeds; पक्वं महाकालफलं किलासीत् N. 22. 29. -काली an epithet of Durgā in her terrific form. -काव्यम् a great or classical poem; (for a full description of its nature, contents &c., according to Rhetoricians see S. D. 559). (The number of Mahākāvya is usually said to be five:—रघुवंश, कुमारसंभव, किरातार्जुनीय, शिशुपालवध and नैषधचरित or six, if मेघदूत—a very small poem or खण्डकाव्य—be added to the list. But this enumeration is apparently only traditional, as there are several other poems, such as the भट्टिकाव्य, विक्रमाङ्कदेवचरित, हरविजय &c. which have an equal claim to be considered as Mahākāvya). -कीर्तनम् a house. -कुमारः the eldest son of a reigning prince, heir-apparent. -कुल, -कुलीन *a.* of noble birth or descent, sprung from a noble family, nobly born. (-लम्) a noble birth or family, high descent. -कुहः a species of parasitical worm. -कुच्छ्रम् a great penance. -केतुः N. of Śiva. -केशः, -कोशः 1 an epithet of Śiva. -2 a large sheath. -कतुः a great sacrifice; *e. g.* a horse-sacrifice; तदङ्गमस्यं मघवन् महाकतोरसुं तुरङ्गं प्रतिमोक्षमर्हसि R. 3. 46. -क्रमः an epithet of Viṣṇu. -क्रोचः an epithet of Śiva. -क्षत्रपः a great satrap. -क्षीरः sugar-cane. -क्षीरा *f.* a She-buffalo; Nighaṅṭaratanākara. -खर्वः, -र्वम् a high number (ten billions?). -गजः a great elephant; see दिक्करिच. -गणपतिः a form of the god Gaṇeśa. -गदः fever. -गन्ध *a.* exceedingly fragrant. (-न्धः) a kind of cane. (-न्धम्) a kind of sandal-wood. (-न्धा) N. of Chāmuṇḍā. -गर्तः, -गर्भः, -गीतः N. of Śiva. -गर्दभगन्धिका N. of a plant, भारङ्गी. -गल *a.* longnecked. -गवः *Bos gavaeus*. -गुण *a.* very efficacious, sovereign (as a medicine); त्वया ममैष संबन्धः कपिसुख्य महागुणः Rām. 5. 1. 120. (-णः) a chief quality, cardinal virtue. -गुरुः a highly respectable or venerable person; (these are three, the father, mother and preceptor; पिता माता तथाचार्यो महागुरुरिति स्मृतः). -गुल्मा the Soma plant. -गृष्टिः *f.* a cow with a large hump. -ग्रहः 1 an epithet of Rāhu. -2 the sun; महाग्रहमाहविनष्टपङ्कः Rām. 5. 5. 6. -ग्रामः N. of the ancient capital of Ceylon, the modern Māgama. -ग्रीवः 1 a camel. -2 an epithet of Śiva.