

वाक्यबिलेखाख्यैर्दत्तोपन्तैः स्वशक्तिः Parnal. 4. 55. —**विशारदः** a. eloquent, skilled in speech. —**शेषः** 1 the remainder of a speech, an unfinished or incomplete sentence; सदोषावकाश इव ते वाक्यशेषः V. 3. —2 an elliptical sentence. —**सारथिः** Spokesman. —**स्थ** a. Obsequious; attentive.

वागरः 1 A sage, holy man. —2 A learned Brāhmaṇa, scholar. —3 A brave man, hero. —4 A touchstone, whet-stone. —5 An impediment, obstacle. —6 Certainty, determination. —7 Submarine fire. —8 A wolf. —9 A water-vessel; L. D. B. —10 A horse of the sun; L. D. B.

वागा A bridle.

वागारु a. Breaking one's promises, perfidious, faithless.

वागाशानि: A Buddha.

वागुरा [वा-हिसने उरचु गन् च U. 1. 40] A trap, net, snare, toils, meshes; को बा दुर्जनवागुराषु पतितः क्षेमेण यातः पुमान् Pt. 1. 146. —Comp. —**वृत्तिः** f. livelihood obtained by catching wild animals. (—तिः) a fowler, huntsman; Ms. 10. 32.

वागुरिकः A fowler, hunter, deer-catcher; श्रगणिवागुरिकैः प्रथमास्थितम् R. 9. 53.

वाग्मिन् a. [वाच् अस्त्यर्थे गिमिनः चत्य कः तस्य लोपः; cf. P. V. 2. 124] 1 Eloquent, oratorical. —2 Talkative. —3 Verbose, wordy. —m. 1 An orator, an eloquent man; अनिलोऽडितकार्थस्य वाग्जालं वाग्मिनो वृथा Si. 2. 27, 109; Ki. 14. 6; Pt. 3. 87. —2 N. of Brihaspati. —3 N. of Viṣṇu. —4 A parrot.

वाग्य a. [वाचं यच्छति, यम्-ड] 1 Speaking little, speaking cautiously. —2 Speaking truly. —**ग्यः** 1 Modesty, humility. —2 Doubt, alternative.

वाग्यतस् ind. Silently.

वाङ्कः The ocean.

वाङ्कश् 1 P. (वाङ्कति) To wish, desire.

वाच् f. [वच्-किप् दीर्घेऽसंप्रसारणं च U. 2. 67] 1 A word, sound, an expression (opp. अर्थः); वागर्थाचिव संपृक्तौ वागर्थप्रतिपत्तये R. 1. 1. —2 Words, talk, language, speech; वाचि पुण्यापुण्यहेतवः Mal. 4; लौकिकाना हि साधूनामर्थं वाग्नुवर्तते । ऋषीर्णा पुनरायानां वाचमर्येऽनुधावति U. 1. 10; विनिश्चितार्थमिति वाचमादवे Ki. 1. 3 ' spoke these words ', ' spoke as follows'; R. 1. 49; Si. 2. 13, 23; Ku. 2. 3. —3 A voice, sound; अशरीरिणी वायुद्वरत् U. 2; मनुष्यवाचा R. 2. 33. —4 An assertion, a statement. —5 An assurance, a promise. —6 A phrase, proverb, saying. —7 N. of Sarasvati, the goddess of speech. —Comp. —**अपहारकः** (वागपहारकः) 1 a ' stealer of speech', a reader of prohibited texts; Ms. 11. 51. —2 a liar (मिथ्यावादी). —**अपेत** (वागपेत) a. dumb. —**अर्थः** (वागर्थः) a word and its

meaning; वागर्थाचिव संपृक्तौ R. 1. 1; see above. —**असिः** cutting speech (cutting like a sword); स्फुरन्तसाधोविवृण्णति वागसिः Ki. 14. 12. —**आडम्बरः** (वागाडम्बरः) verbosity, bombast. —**आत्मन्** a. (वागात्मन्) consisting of words; ऋषे प्रबुद्धोऽसि वागात्मनि ब्रह्मणि U. 2. —**ईशः** (वागीशः) 1 an orator, an eloquent man. —2 an epithet of Brihaspati, the preceptor of the gods; वागीश्याः सुमनसः Nyāyamāla. —3 an epithet of Brahman; वागीशं (धातारं) वारिभरथ्याभिः प्रणिपत्योपतिथरे Ku. 2. 3. —4 the lunar mansion called Puṣya. (—शा) N. of Sarasvati. —**ईश्वरः** (वागीश्वरः) 1 an orator, eloquent man. —2 an epithet of Brahman. (—री) Sarasvati, the goddess of speech. —**उत्तरम्** (वागुत्तरम्) end of a speech. —**ऋषमः** (वागृषमः) ' eminent in speech ', an eloquent or learned man. —**कलहः** (वाक्कलहः) a quarrel, strife. —**कीरः** (वाक्कीरः) a wife's brother. —**केलिः**, —**ली** (वाक्केलिः-ली) witty conversation. —**गुदः** (वाग्गुदः) a kind of bird; Ms. 12. 64. —**गुणः** (वाग्गुणः) a merit or excellence of speech; (35 such merits are enumerated by Hemachandra). —**गुम्फः** (pl.) artificial language. —**गुलिः**, —**गुलिकः** (वाग्गुलिः &c.) the betel-bearer of a king &c.; cf. ताम्बूलकरञ्जवाहिन्. —**चपल** a. (वाक्चपल) chattering, frivolous or inconsiderate in talk. —**चापल्यम्** (वाक्चापल्यम्) idle or frivolous talk, chattering, gossiping. —**छलम्** (वाक्छलम्) ' dishonesty in words ', an evasive reply, a prevarication; एतावदेवास्ति मे वाक्छलम् Mu. 2; केनदममृतं मे वाक्छलाद् वृष्टम् K. 330. —**जालम्** (वाग्जालम्) bombast, empty talk; अनिलोऽडितकार्थस्य वाग्जालं वाग्मिनो वृथा Si. 2. 27. —**जीवनः** (वाग्जीवनः) a buffoon; Kau. A. 2. 1. —**डम्बरः** (वाग्डम्बरः) 1 bombast. —2 eloquent language. —**दण्डः** (वाग्दण्डः) 1 reproachful words, reprimand, reproof. —2 restraint of speech, control over words; cf. त्रिदण्ड Ms. 12. 10. —**दत्त** (वागदत्त) a. promised, affianced, betrothed. (—ता) an affianced or betrothed virgin; Kull. on Ms. 5. 72. —**दरिद्रः** (वाग्दरिद्रः) a. ' poor in words ', i. e. speaking little. —**दलम्** (वाग्दलम्) a lip. —**दानम्** (वाग्दानम्) betrothal; Ms. 5. 72 (Kull.). —**दुष्टः** (वाग्दुष्टः) 1 abusive, scurrilous, using abusive words; Ms. 8. 345. —2 using ungrammatical language. (—ष्टः) 1 a defamer. —2 a Brāhmaṇa not invested with the sacred thread at the proper time of his life. —**देवता**, —**देवी** (वाग्देवता, वाग्देवी) Sarasvati, the goddess of speech; वाग्देवतायाः सांसुख्यमाधते S. D. 1. —**कुलम्** science, learning. —**दोषः** (वाग्दोषः) 1 the utterance of a (disagreeable) sound; दीपिचर्मपरिच्छन्नो वाग्दोषाद् गर्दभो हतः H. 3. —2 abuse, defamation. —3 an ungrammatical speech. —**निबन्धन** (वाग्निबन्धन) a. depending on words. —**निमित्तम्** (वाग्निमित्तम्) Prognostications; तच्चार्थं वाच्निमित्तज्ञः पितरि सुतां जीविताशां शिथिलीचकार Heh. V. —**निश्चयः** (वाग्निश्चयः) affiance by word of mouth, marriage contract. —**निष्ठा** (वाग्निष्ठा) faithfulness (to one's word or promise). —**पदु** a. (वाक्पदु) skilful in speech, eloquent. —**पति** a. (वाक्पति) eloquent; oratorical.