आन्त p. p. [ श्रम्-क ] 1 Wearied, tired, fatigued, exhausted; आरभेतेव कर्माणि श्रान्तः श्रान्तः पुनः पुनः Ms. 9. 30. -2 Calmed, tranqil. -तः An ascetic. -Comp. -संवाहनम् soothing or relieving the wearied.

आन्तिः f. [ श्रम्-किन् ] Fatigue, exhaustion, weariness.

आमः 1 A month. -2 Time. -3 A temporary shed.

প্পাথা: [ প্লি-ঘৰ্ ] Shelter, protection, refuge, asylum.

শ্লাব: [ শ্লু-ঘন্ ] 1 Hearing, listening. -2 Flowing, oozing.

आवकः [ श्रि-ण्वुल् ] 1 A hearer. -2 A pupil, disciple; आवकावस्थायाम् Māl. 10 'in their pupilage'. -3 A class of Buddhist saints or votaries. -4 A Buddhist votary in general. -5 A heretic. -6 A crow. -7 A sound audible from afar.

आवण a. (-णी f.) [ श्रवण-अण् ] 1 Relating to the ear. -2 Born under the asterism Sravana. -3 Enjoined in the Veda; विधिना श्रावणेनेव कुर्यात् कर्माण्यतन्दितः Mb. 12. 21. 16. -णः 1 N. of a lunar month (corresponding to July-August). -2 A heretic. -3 An impostor. -4 N. of a Vaisya ascetic unwittingly shot dead by king Dasaratha who was in consequence cursed by his old parents that he would die of broken-heart separated from his sons. -णम् 1 Causing to be heard. -2 Knowledge derived from hearing.

आवणिक a. [ श्रावणी अस्त्यस्मिन् मासे ठन्] Relating to the month Śrāvaṇa. -कः The month called Śrāvaṇa.

आवर्णा 1 The day of full moon in Śrāvaṇa. -2 N. of an annual ceremony performed on this day when the sacred thread is put on anew.

आवित a. Told, narrated, related, made to hear, or learn. -तम् 1 (In ritual) Call, exclamation. -2 Request; श्रोतुमहीस दीनस्य श्रावितं कृपया मुने Bhāg. 3. 22. 8.

श्राच्य a. 1 To be heard (opp. दृरंग). -2 Audible, distinct.

आविस्तः, स्ती f. N. of a city north of the Ganges (said to have been founded by king Śrāvasta).

श्चि 1 U. (श्रयति-ते, शिश्राय-शिश्रिये, अशिश्रयत्-त, श्रयिष्यति-ते, श्रियतुम्, श्रितः, Caus. श्राययति—ते; desid. शिश्रोषति-ते, शिश्रायिषति-ते ) 1 To go to, approach, resort to, have recourse to, approach for protection; यं देशं श्रयते तमेव कुहते बाहु-प्रतापाजतम् H. 1. 150; R. 3. 70; 19. 1; श्रितासि चन्दनश्चान्त्या दुर्विपाकं विषद्धमम् U. 1. 46. —2 To go or attain to, reach, undergo, assume (as a state); परीता रक्षोभिः श्रयति विवशा कामि दशाम् Bv. 1. 83; द्विपेन्द्रभावं कलभः श्रयत्रिव R. 3. 32.—3 To cling to, lean or rest on, depend on; नीलः स्निप्यः श्रयति शिखरं नूतनस्तायवाहः U. 1. 33. —4 To dwell in, inhabit.—5 To honour, serve, worship.—6 To use, employ.—7 To devote oneself to, be attached to.—8 To assist, help.

প্রিব p. p. [প্রি-না] 1 Gone to, approached, approached for refuse or protection. -2 Clung to, resting or sitting on. -3 United or joined with, connected with. -4 Protected. -5 Honoured, served. -6 Subservient, auxiliary. -7 Covered with, overspread. -8 Contained. -9 Assembled, collected. -10 Having, possessing. -Comp. -शम a. composed, tranquil. - सर्व a. one who has taken courage.

श्चितिः f. Resort, recourse, approach.

श्चित = शृत q. v. Cooked; अयं सर्वः समस्ताङ्गः श्रितः कृष्ण-मृगो मया Ram. 2. 56. 28.

श्चिष् 1 P. (श्रेषति ) To burn.

श्री 9 U. (श्रीणाति, श्रीणीते) 1 To cook, dress, boil, prepare. -2 To diffuse light; श्रीणन्तुप स्थाद् दिवं भुरण्युः Rv. 1. 68. 1.

श्री f. [ श्रि-क्विप् नि॰ Un. 2. 57 ] 1 Wealth, riches, affluence, prosperity, plenty; अनिवेंदः श्रियो मूलम् Ram.; साहसे श्री: प्रतिवसति Mk. 4 'fortune favours the brave'; कर्माण्यारभमाणं हि पुरुषं श्रीनिषेवते Ms. 9. 300; Ki. 7. 28. -2 Royalty, majesty, royal wealth; श्रियः कुरूणामधिपस्य पालनीम् Ki. 1. 1. -3 Dignity, high position, state; श्री-लक्षण Ku. 7. 45 'the marks or insignia of greatness or dignity'; दुराराध्याः श्रियो राज्ञां दुरापा दुष्परिग्रहाः Pt. 1. 67; विग्रहेखाकनकर्मचरं श्रीवितानं मसाभ्रम् V. 4. 13. - Beauty, grace, splendour, lustre; ( मुखं ) कमलिश्रयं दधौ Ku. 5. 21; 7. 32; R. 3. 8. - 8 Colour, aspect; तेषामाविरभूद् ब्रह्मा परि-म्लानमुखिश्रयाम् Ku. 2. 2. -6 The goddess of wealth, Laksmī, the wife of Visuu; आसीदियं दशरथस्य गृहे यथा श्री: U. 4.6; S. 3.14; Si. 1.1. -7 Any virtue or excellence. -8 Decoration. -9 Intellect, understanding. -10 Superhuman power. -11 The three objects of human existence taken collectively ( धर्म, अर्थ and काम ). -12 The Sarala tree. -18 The Bilva tree. -14 Cloves. -15 A lotus. -16 The twelfth digit of the moon. -17 N. of Sarasvatī, (the goddess of speech). -18 Speech. -19 Fame, glory. -20 The three Vedas (वेदत्रयी); श्रिया विहीनैरथनैर्नास्तिकैः संप्रवार्तितम् Mb. 12. 10. 20 ('ऋचः सामानि यज्ंषि। सा हि श्रीरमृता सताम् 'इति श्रुतेः। com.). -m. N. of one of the six Ragas or musical modes. -a. Splendid, radiant, adorning. (The word ओ is often used as an honorific prefix to the names of deities and eminent persons; श्रीकृष्णः, श्रीरामः, श्रीवाल्मीकिः, श्रीजयदेवः; also celebrated works, generally of a sacred character; श्रीभागवत, श्रीरामायण &c.; it is also used as an auspicious sign at the commencement of letters, manuscripts &c.; Magha has used this word in the last stanza of each canto of his Sisupālavadha, as Bhāravi has used लक्ष्मी). -Comp. -आहम् a lotus. - र्शः an epithet of Visnu. -कण्ठः an epithet of Siva; श्रीकण्ठपदलाञ्छनः (भवभूतिः) Mv. 1. 4/5. -2 of the poet Bhavabhūti; श्रीकण्ठपदलाञ्छन: U. 1. व्यवः an epithet of Kubera. -करः an epithet of