सिमीकः A kind of small worm.

सिम्बा, -म्बी See शिम्बा,-म्बी.

सिरः The root of long pepper.

सिरा 1 Any tubular vessel of the body (as a vein, artery, nerve &c.). -2 A bucket, baling vessel. -8 Ved. A stream; तं वृत्रमाशयानं सिरासु महो वज्रेण सिष्वपो वराहुम् Rv. 1. 121. 11. -Comp. -उत्पातः 1 a disease of the veins &c. -2 redness and inflammation of the eyes. -जालम् 1 enlargement of the vessels of the eye. -2 a network of veins. -पत्रः the sacred fig-tree. -मूलम् the navel. -मोक्षः, -व्यथः, -व्यथनम् venesection.

सिराल a. Having numerous or large veins.

सिल 6 P. To glean; L. D. B.

सिलिन्ध्रः A plantain tree.

सिल्हः Incense, olibanum.

सिच् 4 P. (सीव्यति, स्यूत) 1 To sew, darn, stitch together; मनोभवः सीव्यति दुर्यशःपटी N. 1. 80; Mal. 5. 10. -2 To unite, bring or join together; स हि स्नेहात्मकस्तन्तु-रन्तर्ममाणि सीव्यति U. 5. 17. -With अनु to string together, connect very closely or uninterruptedly.

सिवः, सिवकः A sewer, sticher.

सिवरः An elephant.

सिवसः 1 A verse. -2 Cloth.

स्याधिया 1 Wish to effect or accomplish. -2 Desire to establish, prove, or demonstrate.

सिष्णासु a. (from स्ना) Wishing to bathe; सिष्णासुरभ्येति परं समुद्रम् Mb. 8. 94. 30.

सिसिक्षा (from सिच्) The desire of sprinkling; कन्दर्प-प्रवणमनाः सखीसिसिक्षालक्ष्यण प्रतियुवमज्जलिं चकार Si. 8. 35.

सिस्क्षा Desire to create; संभूतं षोडशकलमादौ लोकसिस्क्षया Bhāg. 1. 3. 1.

सिहुण्डः The milk-hedge plant.

सिहः, सिह्नकः Benzoin, incense.

सिह्नकी, सिह्नी The olibanum tree.

सीक् I. 1 A. (सीकते) 1 To sprinkle, scatter in small drops. -2 To go, move. -II. 1 P., 10 U. (सीकति, सीकयति-ये) 1 To be impatient. -2 To be patient. -3 To touch. See शीक्.

सीकर: [सीक्यते सिच्यतेऽनेन, सीक्-अरन्] 1 Drizzling rain, drizzle, mist. -2 Spray, thin drops of water. See शीकर.

सीता [सि-त पृषो॰ दीर्घः] 1 A furrow, track or line of a ploughshare. -2 (Hence) A tilled or furrowed

ground, ploughed land; दृषेव सीतां तदवप्रदक्षताम् Ku. 5.61. –3 Husbandry, agriculture; as in सीताद्रव्य q. v. –4 N. of the daughter of Janaka, king of Mithila, and wife of Rāma; जनकानां कुले कीर्तिमाहरिष्यति मे सुता। सीता भर्तार-मासाद्य रामं दशरथात्मजम् ॥ Ram. 1. 67. 22. She was so called because she was supposed to have sprung from a furrow made by king Janaka while ploughing the ground to prepare it for a sacrifice which he had instituted to obtain progeny, and hence also her epithets, 'Ayonijā', 'Dharāputrī' &c. She was married to Rāma and accompanied him to the forest. While there she was once carried off by Rāvana who tried to violate her chastity, but she scornfully rejected his suit. When Rāma came to know that she was in Lanka, he attacked the place, killed Ravana and his host of demons, and recovered Sītā. She had, however, to pass through the terrible ordeal of fire before she could be received by her husband as his wife. Though thus convinced of her chastity, he had afterwards to abandon her, when far advanced in pregnancy, because the people continued to suspect her fidelity. She however, found a protector in the sage Valmiki, at whose hermitage she was delivered of Kusa and Lava, and who brought them up. She was ultimately restored to Rama by the sage.] -5 N. of a goddess, wife of Indra. -6 N. of Uma. -7 N. of Laksmi. -8 N. of one of the four fabulous branches (the eastern branch) of the Ganges. - 9 Spirituous liquor. - Comp. - अध्यक्ष: superintendent of agriculture. -द्रव्यम् implements of agriculture, tools of husbandry; सीताद्रव्यापहरणे शस्त्राणा-मौषधस्य च Ms. 9. 293. -पतिः N. of Ramachandra. -फलः the custard-apple tree. (-लम्) its fruit.

सीत्य a. Measured out by furrows, tilled, ploughed. —त्यम् Rice, corn, grain.

सीतानकः, सीतीनकः Pease.

सीत्कारः, सीत्कृतिः f. A sound made by drawing in the breath, (expressive of sighing, shivering with cold, murmuring &c.); मया दष्टाघरं तस्याः ससीत्कारमिवाननम् V. 4. 21.

सीद्यम् Indolence, slothfulness, idleness.

सीधु m. [सिष्-उ पृषो o] Spirit distilled from molasses, rum; स्फुरदधरसीधवे तव वदनचन्द्रमा रोचयति लोचनचकोरम् Git. 10; Si. 9. 87; R. 16. 52; ताम्बूलर्जन्मुखसीधुदानादारक्तिम्बोऽजनि युक्तमेतत् Rām. ch. 6. 15. —Comp. —गन्धः 1 the Bakula tree. —प a. drinking spirits; P. III. 2. 8 Vart. 1. —पानम् the drinking of spirits. —पुष्पः 1 the Kadamba tree. —2 the Bakula tree. —रसः the mango tree. —संशः the Bakula tree.

सीध्रम The anus (?).

सापः A sacrificial vessel in the shape of a boat.