

of the pf. Ātm. of *anu-vach*), m. One versed in the Vedas, Man. 2, 154.—Comp. *An-*, m. One who is not versed in the Vedas, Man. 2, 242.

**अनूदक** *anûdaka*, i.e. *an-udaka* (the *u* is lengthened on account of the metre), n. Want of water, drought, Râm. 1, 20, 16.

**अनूदर** *anûdara*, i.e. *an-udara* (*u* is lengthened on account of the metre), adj. Without belly, MBh. 14, 1305.

**अनूप** *anûpa*, i.e. *anu-ap+a*, I. adj., f. *pâ*, Watery, Man. 7, 192. II. m. A shore, Râm. 5, 15, 55.

**अनूला** *anûlâ*, f. The name of a river.

**अनृच्** *an-rich* and **अनृच्** *an-ri-ch* +*a*, m. One not conversant in the Rigveda, Man. 3, 131 ; 2, 158.

**अनृणता** *an-riṇa+tâ*, f. **अनृणत्व** *an-riṇa+tva*, n., and **अनृण्यता** *an-riṇyatâ* (Pañch. 255, 11), i.e. *an-riṇa+ya+tâ*, f. Freedom from debt.

**अनृतमय** *an-ri-ta+maya*, adj., f. *yî*, False, Çâk. 68, 13.

**अनृतिन्** *an-ritin*, i.e. *an-ri-ta+in*, adj. Lying, a liar, Man. 4, 214.

**अनृशंसत्** *a-nriçamisa+tva*, n. Mildness, Râm. 2, 46, 8.

**अनेकधा** *an-eka+dhâ*, adv. In many ways, Bhâshâp. 99.

**अनेकशस्** *an-eka+śas*, adv. Repeatedly, Chr. 33, 2.

**अनेकैकलबुद्धि** *an-eka-eka+tva-buddhi*, f. Comprehension of manifold unities, Bhâshâp. 108.

**अनेहस्** *anehas*, i.e. *an-ih+as* (anom.). I. adj. Without a rival. II. m. (nom. sing., *hâ*) Time, Râjat. 5, 405.

**अनैकान्त** *anaikânta*, i.e. *an-eka-anta+a*, adj. Going astray (one of the five forms of fallacious middle term), Bhâshâp. 70.

**अनोकह** *an-oka-ha* (vb. 2. *hâ*), m. A tree.

**अनोकृत** *anoñkrita*, i.e. *an-om-krita*, adj. Not accompanied by the mystical syllable *om*, Man. 2, 74.

† **अन्त** *ANT*, i. 1, Par. To bind.

**अन्त** *anta*, m. 1. End, Nal. 22, 4.

2. Boundary, Râm. 3, 15, 16. 3. Limit, Râm. 3, 1, 23. 4. Border, Râm. 4, 6, 16.

5. Proximity, Man. 4, 116. 6. Death, Râm. 5, 87, 29.—Comp. *An-*, I. adj. endless, Man. 3, 275. II. m. 1. a name of Vishnu. 2. Çesha, the chief of the Nâgas, or serpents. *Apara-*, m. 1. the western extremity. 2. pl. the name of a people. 3. completion. 4. death. *Udaka-*, m. the bank of a river, Çâk. 54, 21. *Etad-*, adj., f. *tâ*, ending in this, Man. 1, 50. *Kalpa-*, m. the end of a Kalpa-period, the destruction, the end of the world, Dev. 1, 49 ; Hit. i. d. 43. *Krita-*, I. adj., f. *tâ*, deciding, Bhâg. P. 9, 6, 13. II. m. 1. fate, Râm. 1, 41, 1. 2. a name of the God of Death, Hit. 9, 6. 3. a proved doctrine, Bhag. 18, 13. *Keça-*, m. 1. the end of the hair, Râm. 6, 8, 2. 2. a tuft of hair, Pañch. 245, 12. 3. hair, Râm. 5, 35, 21. 4. the ceremony of cutting the hair, Man. 2, 65. *Gata-*, adj. whose end is near, Râm. 2, 12, 31. *Gharma-*, m. the end of the hot season, Megh. 104. *Jana-*, m. an uninhabited country, Suçr. 1, 204, 5. *Tad-*, adj. finding its end thereby, Hit. i. d. 85. *Diç-*, I. m. the end of the world, Kir. 5, 1. II. adj. dwelling at the end of the world, MBh. 10, 260. *Dishṭa-*, m. (vb. *diç*) death, Râm. 2, 111, 3 Gorr. *Drishṭa-*, m. (n. Râm. 2, 109, 37 Gorr.) 1. a prototype,