

*kubh*, from which this noun is derived, is lost in the corresponding signification, but cf. *kubja*, *κῦφος*, *κύφων*, *κῦφος*; Engl. hump; O.H.G. hofar; Lat. cūbitus, the elbow, lying, etc., cūbare, concumbere, etc.; and at the end of this article. From these and other instances, we may infer that the original signification of the vb. *kubh* was 'to be crooked', I. m., and f. *bhī*. **1.** A pot, Man. 11, 186; MBh. 18, 84. **2.** A measure of grain, equal to twenty droṇas, Man. 8, 320; 4, 7. **II.** m. **1.** dual, The two frontal globes of an elephant, which swell in the rutting season, Pañch. i. d. 351. **2.** The paramour of a harlot, Çṛiṅgârat. 9. **3.** The name of a Dâna, MBh. 1, 2527; of a Râkshasa, Râm. 5, 79, 15.—Comp. *Agni-*, m. a fire pot, MBh. 13, 5490 (he will get [in hell] a fire pot, in order to be burnt therein; cf. *kumbhî-pâka*). *Âma-*, m. an unburnt earthen pot, Pañch. iii. d. 13. *Udakumbha*, i. e. *udan-*, m. a water pot, Man. 2, 182. *Kucha-*, m. a bosom like the frontal globes of an elephant, Çṛiṅgârat. 9 (v.r.). *Tapta-*, m. the name of a hell, Mârka. P. 12, 34. *Bhadra-*, m. a golden jar filled with water from a holy place. *Vâta-*, m. the part of an elephant's forehead below the frontal globes. *Çata-*, I. m. the name of a mountain. II. n. gold.—When latter part of a comp. adj. the fem. is *bhâ*, e.g. *vâri-pûrita-kumbha*, adj., f. *bhâ*, Bearing jars filled with water, Kathâs. 18, 339.—Cf. *κῦφος*, a vessel, *κύφελλον*, *κῦψέλη*, *κύβος*, *κύβιστον*, *κύβη*, *κύμβος*, *κύμβαχος*, etc.; Goth. hups; O.H.G. huf; A.S. hipe; O.H.G. hufila, 'a cheek,' *hûfo* and *hauf*, a multitude, heap; cf. supra.

**कुम्भक** *kumbha + ka*, I. m. A religious exercise, closing the nostrils and mouth so as to suspend breathing, Vedântas. in Chr. 217, 18. **II.** f. *bhikâ*, A small pot, Kathâs. 6, 41.

**कुम्भकार** *kumbha-kâra*, m. A potter, Pañch. 217, 20.

**कुम्भकारिका** *kumbhakârikâ*, i. e. *kumbha-kâra*, f. The wife of a potter, Kathâs. 21, 134.

**कुम्भिल** *kumbhila* (akin to *kumbha*), m. A thief, Çâk. 73, 2 (Prâkr.).

**कुम्भीर** *kumbhîra* (akin to *kumbha*), m. A crocodile, MBh. 13, 5457.

† **कुर** *KUR*, i. 6, Par. To sound.

**कुरङ्ग** *kuranga*, I. m. An antelope, Pañch. 114, 18. **II.** f. *gî*, A female antelope, Gît. 9, 11. **III.** m. The name of a mountain, Bhâg. P. 5, 16, 27.

**कुरङ्गाय** *KURANGĀYA*, a denominative derived from the last by *ya*, Âtm. To turn an antelope.

**कुरर** *kurara* (onomatop.), I. m. An osprey, Râm. 3, 15, 6. **II.** f. *rî*, A female osprey, MBh. 1, 908. **III.** m. The name of a mountain, Bhâg. P. 5, 16, 27.

**कुरव** *kurava*, m. The name of a plant; see the next.

**कुरवक** *kurava + ka*, I. m. **1.** A crimson species of amaranth. **2.** A purple sort of Barleria, Rît. 6, 18. **II.** n. The flower of these plants, Rît. 6, 31.

**कुरु** *kuru*, m. **1.** pl. The name of a people, Man. 8, 92. **2.** The progenitor of the Kurus, MBh. 1, 4346.

**कुरुवक** *kuruvaka = kuravaka*, Râm. 3, 79, 36.

**कुरुविन्द** *kuruvinda*, m. **1.** The name of several plants, a kind of barley, Suçr. 1, 197, 1. **2.** A ruby, Çiç. 9, 8.

**कुकुट** *kurukūṭa*, m. Rubbish (?), Pañch. iii. d. 118.