Nal. 3, 25; with manas, To apply one's heart to, Man. 7, 12. prakrita, 1. Accomplished, Kathâs. 4, 1. Mentioned, Yâjń. 1, 243.—With विप्र vi-pra, To injure, Râm. 3, 1, 20.-With Ty sam-pra, To make, Râm. 6, 82, 182; to perform, MBh. 1, 2387 .- With the noun prakata, which becomes प्रकरी prakatî, To make manifest, Bhartr. 2, 64. - With praguna, which becomes प्रमणी praguni, To put up, Pańch. 157, 23; to array, 218,7; to lay (as traps), 114, 6.—With the prep. प्रति prati, 1. To repay, Râm. 3, 38, 22; with the person in the gen., Râm. 3, 65, 14; in the dat., MBh. 1, 840; loc., MBh. 13, 4764. 2. To resist, with the acc. of an object, MBh. 1, 5656; gen. of a person, Râm. 6, 88, 34. 3. To cure, MBh. 1, 4027. 4. To repair, Man. 9, 285. pratikrita, n. 1. Requital, Râm. 6, 91, 10. 2. Resistance, Ragh. 12, 94. Comp. Krita -pratikrita, n. 1. assault and resistance, MBh. 4, 351. 2, requital for an assault, Râm. 6, 91, 10. Desider. To desire to repay, MBh. 3, 1282 .- With the noun prativachana, which becomes प्रतिवच-नी prativachanî, To answer, Çâk. d. 85. With pradakshina, which becomes प्रदक्तिणी pradakshinî, To walk round some one, keeping the right side towards him, Çâk. p. 51, 17 .- With pramâna, becoming प्रसाणी pramânî, 1. To mete out to, Bhartr. 2, 90. 2. To obey, Çâk. 78, 19. 3. To prove.-With the adv. प्राइम् prâdus, To make visible, to show, Chr. 34, 12. agnim, To kindle, Man. 4, 104 .- With the imitative sound फ्त phut, or फ्त phût, To boil, to show indignation, to foam, Panch. 237, 14.—With the noun bhasman, be-

coming भसी bhasmî, To reduce to ashes.—With manda, becoming Hat mandî, To diminish, Çâk. 5, 13.-With malina, becoming मिलनी malinî, To soil. malinî-karanîya, n. An action which causes defilement, Mân. 11, 125. —With mekhalâ, which becomes 中语-ली mekhalî, To put on the sacrificial string, MBh. 13, 973. - With rakta -paṭa (vb. rańj), becoming रक्तपटी raktapați, To change into one who wears a red cloth, i.e. into an ascetic, Pańch. iv. d. 36.—With rikta, ptcple. pf. pass. of rich, becoming 行而 riktî, To steal, Pańch. 89, 2. - With laksha, becoming लची lakshî, To aim at, Çâk. 104, 21. -With vandî, becoming and randi, To take prisoner, Vikr. d. 3.—With vaça, becoming and vaçî, To subdue, Pańch, 13, 3.—With वश vace, loc. of vaca, To subdue, Râm. 3, 55, 7.—With वष्ट् vashat, To accompany with the exclamation vashat, Man. 2, 106 .- With the prep. a vi, 1. To change, MBh. 13, 1513; Man. 1, 76. 2. To disfigure, Man. 9, 288. 3. To blind, MBh. 3, 8881. 4. To develop, Man. 1, 75. 5. To create, MBh. 14, 1487. 6. To adorn, MBh. 1, 1429. 7. To move to and fro, Râm. 3, 74, 18. 8. To destroy, MBh. 3, 1150. 9. To become alienated, Man. 9, 15. 10. To infest each other, MBh. 1, 7670. Caus. To cause to change, Hit. 75, 11.—With the noun vikacha, becoming विकची vikachî, To open, Bhartr. 2, 65 .- With vi-nigada, becoming विनिगडी vinigadi, To unfetter, Daçak. in Chr. 198, 8.— With vi-manas, becoming विमनी vi-