svikṛita, 1. Agreed. 2. Promised.— Cf. Lat. creare with the causal kârayâmi, whose first a originally was also short, as may be inferred from the comparison of the kindred languages.

2. 氨 KRI; see 2. krî.

Entry kri-kara (kri is an imitative sound), m. 1. A kind of partridge, Râm. 4, 50, 12. 2. One of the five vital airs, that which assists in digestion, Vedântas. in Chr. 207, 16.

ञ्जलास krikalâsa, m. A lizard, a chameleon, MBh. 13, 3455.

ञ्चकलामक kṛikalâsa+ka, m. A lizard, a chameleon, MBh. 13, 736 (?).

क्रवान kṛikavâku, i.e. kṛika (an imitative sound) -vach+u, m. 1. A cock, Bhartṛ. suppl. 21. 2. A peacock, Râm. 2, 28, 10.

ह्यकारिका kṛikâṭikâ, f. The joint of the neck, Suçr. 1, 345, 11.

ञ्चका स्विका kṛikâlikâ, f. A certain bird, Paúch. 167, 25.

कुक्त krichchhra (probably from an old pres. base krichchha of the vb. krish; cf. e.g. ish, pr. base ichchha), I. adj., f. râ. 1. Painful, Râm. 3, 74, 29. 2. Difficult, Râm. 3, 46, 16. 3. Dangerous, Suçr. 1, 131, 4. 4. Wicked, Man. 6, 78. 5. Miserable, MBh. 3, 15388. II. n. and m. 1. Pain, Bhâg. P. 9, 24, 35. 2. Difficulty, Râm. 3, 68, 53. 3. Distress, Bhartr. 2, 23. 4. Penance, Man. 4, 222. III. acc. ram, adverbially, Miserably, Râm. 4, 22, 7. Instr. rena, adv. With difficulty, Pańch. 137, 25; with much ado, Pańch. 40, 10. Abl. rât, adv. With difficulty, Râm. 3, 73, 11.—Comp. Ati-, m. 1. a very severe penance, described Man. 11, 213. 2. Na atikrichehhrât, easily, MBh. 1, 1442. Krichchhrâtikrichchhra, i. e. krichchhra -ati-, m. 1. du. a common and a very severe penance, Man. 11, 208. 2. a particular penance, Yâjú. 3, 321. Artha-kṛichchhra, n. a difficult question, Nal. 15, 3. Tapta-, m. and n. a kind of penance, Man. 11, 214. Dharma-, a moral difficulty, a situation in which it is difficult to act rightly, Nal. 24, 18. Parṇa-, m. a kind of penance. Prâṇa-, danger of life. Saumya-, n. a kind of penance.

श्रम् ता krichchhru + tâ, f. Dangerousness, Suçr. 2, 138, 20.

† হাভ ্ KṛIṇ, v.r. of kûḍ.

† हाख् KṛIŅV, ii. 5 (base of the pres. kṛiṇu), Par. 1. To do (see 1. kṛi ii. 5, ved.). 2. To injure (see 2. kṛi).

1. हात् KRIT, i. 6, Par. (in epic poetry also Âtm., MBh. 3, 17212; and i. 1, MBh. 3, 11383), base of the pres., etc., krinta. 1. To cut, MBh. 1, 3641. 2. To cut off, Râm. 3, 75, 4. 3. To cut down, Pańch. 250, 6. 4. To cut out, Man. 4, 172; to extract, Man. 8, 12. 5. To kill, MBh. 1, 5593. — Caus. To cut, Pańch. 143, 13 .- With the prepositions समधि sam-adhi, To cut in addition, MBh. 3, 13294. — With त्रुन anu, To cut one by one, MBh. 13, 2906. —With 到到 ava, 1. To cut off, Sucr. 2, 237, 15. 2. To destroy, MBh. 1, 6810. -Caus. To order a gash to be made on, Man. 8, 281.-With चढ़ ud, 1. To cut out, 11, 104 (105). 2. To pull out, Bhâg. P. 4, 5, 2. 3. To cut to pieces, Ragh. 12, 49.-With ani, To cut down, Râm. 3, 33, 36.—With aff vi -ni, To cut off, Râm. 3, 31, 48.—With निस् nis, 1. To cut out, to separate, MBh. 3, 8846. 2. To cut down, 1, 2835. -With परि pari, 1. To cut wholly,