assemble, Râm. 4, 28, 31; Man. 7

148. samâgamya, collectively, Man. 8,

408. 2. To unite, Râm. 4, 44, 78; car-

nally, MBh. 3, 17097. 3. To approach,

Râm. 1, 32, 7.—Caus. To unite, Vikr.

d. 34.—With श्रीससा abhi-sam-â,

1. To approach, MBh. 11, 445 .- With

उद् ud, 1. To rise, Rit. 1, 10, v.r.; Pańch. 47, 18. 2. To open, Vikr. d.

107. 3. To go out, Ragh. 7, 16 (uttered);

Râm. 2, 48, 1 (vanished). 4. To spread,

udgamanîya, see se-

Ragh. 18, 19.

parately.—With ऋस्द abhi-ud, To advance toward, MBh. 1, 3572. abhyudgata, 1. Elevated. 2. Risen. Approached .- With प्रोद pra-ud, To project, Kathâs. 26, 9.—With प्रहाइ prati-ud, To advance toward, Man. 2, 196.—With समद sam-ud, To come out, Rit. 1, 7.-With gu upa, 1. To approach, Râm. 3, 4, 32; with adharmena, To treat ill, MBh. 8, 2082. 2. To undergo; pratikûlatâm, To become hostile, Çiç. 9, 6. upaqata, 1. Enchased, MBh. 12, 1545. 2. Granted, Man. 2, 160. 3. n. A receipt, Yâjú. 2, 93. -Caus. To cause to approach, Dacak. 137, 18.—Desid. upa-jigamisha, To desire to walk, Bhag. P. 5, 24, 26.— With अध्यप abhi-upa, 1. To approach, Pańch. 189, 24. 2. To go to, Çiç. 9, 13. 3. To attain, Râm. 5, 67, 10. 4. To resign one's self (to somebody), Dacak. in Chr. 191, 12. 5. To assent, Daçak. in Chr. 201, 8. 6. To admit, to grant, Çâk. 69, 22.—Caus. To persuade to assent, Daçak. in Chr. 193, 12 .- With समप sam-upa, 1. To approach, MBh. 1, 7718. 2. To undergo; pańchatvam samupâgamat (perhaps sam-upa-â-agamat), To die, Kathâs. 5, 122.-With नि ni, To undergo; çântim, To be-

come pacified, Bhag. 9, 31 .- With निस् nis, 1. To go out, to come out, to depart from (with abl.), Mark. P. 22, 47; Suçr. 1, 298, 1; Çâk. d. 131; Man. 9, 83. 2. To undergo, MBh. 3, 15399 (preshyatâm, To become a servant). nirgata, Disappeared; nirgata-vicanka, adj. Fearless, Pańch. 124, 12. - With त्रभिनिम abhi-nis, To depart from, Râm. 1, 9, 13.—With विनिस् vi-nis, 1. To go out, to leave (with abl. and gen.), Râm. 5, 84, 10; 4, 22, 39. 2. To depart, Pańch. 48, 13. 3. To be beside one's self, Bhâg. P. 1, 18, 30. vinirgata, 1. Stretched forth, Rit. 1, 21. 2. Free from, Man. 8, 65.—With मंनिस sam -nis, To depart, Râm. 5, 42, 5.—With परा parâ, parâgata, Covered, Cic. 6. 2.—With vit pari, 1. To walk round, Râm. 2, 55, 24. 2. To wander over. Sâv. 6, 3. 3. To surround, Râm. 6, 15, 5. 4. To spread everywhere, Çâk. d. 194. 5. To die, Bhartr. 3, 49. 6. To undergo, e.g. çântim, To become pacified, MBh. 2, 1761. parigata, 1. Possessed of, Pańch. i. d. 55. 2. Known, Câk. 95, 20. Caus. To pass, Ragh. 8, 91.—With y pra, To advance, Râm. 1, 9, 30.—With विष्र vi-pra, To separate. MBh. 1, 7372.—With प्रति prati, 1. To advance towards, MBh. 3, 10908. 2. To return, Daçak. in Chr. 192, 17; Chr. 66, 12, read prati gatâm.—With वि vi, 1. To pass, MBh. 14, 1912. 2. To disappear, Man. 3, 259. vigata, 1. As former part of comp. adj., Disappeared. -asu, adj. Lifeless, MBh. 7, 1420. 2. Deceased, Man. 5, 75. 3. Sunk down, base, Bhâg. P. 5, 1, 36.—With HH sam, generally Âtm. 1. To assemble, Râm. 3, 35, 97. 2. To meet, Nal. 12,