गहनल

गहनल gahana+tva, n. Impenetrability, MBh. 2, 2355.

गहनवन्त् gahana + vant, adj., f. vati, Full of thickets, Râm. 4, 48, 6.

司豪て *gah*+*vara* (ef. *gahana*), I. adj., f. *râ* and *rî*, Impenetrable, Bhâg. P. 5, 14, 4. II. n. 1. A thicket, MBh. 4, 727. 2. An enigma, MBh. 13, 1388.

गइरित gahvarita, i.e. gahvara+ ita, adj. Lying in one's hiding-place, MBh. 2, 2294.

गा GÂ, † i. 1. Âtm. ; ved. ii. 2 and 3, $jig\hat{a}$ (in classic writings only the Aor. Par. Âtm.). 1. To go, Bhâg. P. 1, 13, 1. 2. To come, Bhâg. P. 3, 18, 27. 3. To undergo (cf. gam); harsham, To become glad, Râm. 5, 91, 25. Desider. jigîsha, To desire to go, Bhâg. P. 2, 10, 25.-With the prep. त्रत ati, 1. To cross, Râm. 2, 52, 75. 2. To pass, Arj. 4, 62. 3. To die, Râm. 2, 72, 29. 4. To escape, Bhâg. P. 4, 21, 56. 5. To subdue, Bhâg. P. 9, 20, 27. 6. To neglect, MBh. 5, 4212. -With ala vi-ati, To pass, Ragh. 6, 52.-With ATE adhi, 1. To undergo; cramam, To become tired, Bhâg. P. 4, 26, 10. 2. To think of, Nal. 10, 16. 3. usually Atm., To study, to learn, to read, MBh. 1, 5106; 13, 121; Man. 1, 59; Bhâg. P. 9, 22, 23. - With 37 anu, To follow, MBh. 3, 2303 .- With समन sam-anu, To follow, MBh. 5, 432 .- With A abhi, 1. To go to,

Râm. 1, 63, 3. 2. To approach, Râm. 1, 20, 2. 3. To undergo, to attain, MBh. 3, 16625. — With **A i î î i i î** approach, MBh. 1, 3573. 2. To befall, MBh. 3, 1355. — With **A i i** *abhi-â*, **1.** To approach, Bhâg. P. 9, 21, 10.

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2. To befall, MBh. 3, 1120. 3. To resolve (with infin.), Man. 10, 108 .---With समन्या sam-abhi-â, To approach, MBh. 1, 5328. 2. To befall, MBh. 2, 2597 .- With उपा upa-â, To approach, Kathas. 5, 68.-With uur, To expire, MBh. 12,8157 .- With **a** ni, To nestle, MBh. 6, 1886 .- With निस nis, To go out, Kathâs. 18, 83 .- With uft pari, 1. To move round, Râm. 2, 96, 45. 2. To befall, MBh. 1, 3647. 3. To mistake, to know not, Bhag. P. 2, 6, 35. -With 37994 anu-pari, To walk over, MBh. 12, 8081.-With y pra, To proceed, MBh. 6, 2212. - With Ra prati, To return, Bhâg. P. 4, 20, 37 .---With HH sam, To go to, Bhâg. P. 9, 24, 66. — Cf. $\beta_i\beta_a$, $\beta_i\beta_{\dot{a}\varsigma}$, $\beta_i\beta_{\dot{a}\omega}$, $\check{\epsilon}\beta_{\eta\nu}$ $(=ag\hat{a}m)$, perhaps Lat. navi-gare.

TŢŢ gânga, i.e. gangâ+a, I. adj., f. gî. 1. Belonging to the Gangâ, MBh. 7, 2215. II. n. The name of a kind of rain-water (ascribed to the celestial Gangâ), Sucr. 1, 170, 2.

गाङ्गेय gângeya, i.e. gangâ + eya, I. adj. 1. Belonging to the Gangâ, MBh. 3, 165. 2. Being near the Gangâ, Râm. 6, 4, 2. II. m. metronym. A son of the Gangâ, MBh. 1, 94.

गाढ gâdha, see gâh.

गाढल gâḍha + tva, n. 1. Depth. 2. Intensity, Daçak. 102, 3.

गाणपत्य gâṇapatya, i.e. gaṇa-pati +ya, n. Dominion over the inferior deitics, or the condition of Gaṇeça, MBh. 3, 4093.

गाण्डिव gândiva, or गाण्डीव gând-