

**वेदम्** -vedas + a, at the end of a comp. for *vedas*, in *sarva-*, I. n. All one's property, Man. 6, 38. II. adj. One who has given all his property at a sacred rite, Man. 11, 1, Calc. (v.r.).

**वेदाङ्गः** *vedâṅga*, i.e. *veda-aṅga*, m.

A sacred science connected with the Vedas ; six sciences come under this denomination, viz. pronunciation, grammar, prosody, explanation of obscure terms, description of religious rites, and astronomy, *Vedântas*. in Chr. 202, 10 ; Lass. 49, 7.

**वेदान्तः** *vedânta*, i.e. *veda-anta*, m.

1. The complete Veda, Man. 2, 160. 2. A philosophical system based particularly on the Upanishads, *Vedântas*. in Chr. 202, sqq. ; 203, 24. 3. pl. Works concerning this philosophy, *Vikr. d. 1.*

**वेदान्तगः** *vedânta-ga* (vb. *gam*),

**वेदान्तज्ञः** *vedânta-jñâ* (vb. *jñâ*), and

**वेदान्तिनः** *vedântin*, i.e. *vedânta+in*,

m. A follower of the *Vedânta* philosophy.

**वेदि** I. and **वेदी** *vedî*, f. 1. Ground prepared for sacrifice, an altar, Çâk. 31, 6 ; Nal. 1, 9 ; Râm. 1, 21, 5. 2. A quadrangular spot in the court-yard of a temple or palace, usually furnished with a raised floor or seat, and covered with a roof supported by pillars, Bhâg. P. 4, 25, 16. 3. A bench, ib. 3, 23, 17. 4.

A seal-ring. II. **वेदि** *vedi*, 1. m. A teacher. 2. f. Sarasvatî.—Comp. *Uttara-vedi*, f. the northern fire-place, MBh. 3, 7078. *Ud-vedi*, adj. furnished with an elevated altar, Ragh. 17, 9. *Vahis-vedi*, adv. on the outside of the sacred hearth, Man. 11, 3.

**वेदिका** *vedi+kâ*, f. 1. Ground

prepared for sacrificial ceremonies, a rude altar, Mâlav. 60, 3. 2. A quadrangular open shed in the middle of a court-yard, erected for various purposes, and furnished with a seat, Pañch. 129, 17. 3. A seat, Râm. 6, 75, 27.

**वेदिजा** *vedijâ*, i.e. *vedi-ja* (vb. *jan*), f. Draupadî.

**वेदिन्** *vedin*, i.e. *vid* and *veda,+in*, I. adj. 1. Knowing, acquainted with, Man. 1, 97. 2. Marrying, Man. 3, 16. II. m. 1. Brahman. 2. A learned Brâhmaṇa, a teacher. III. m. A plant, *Cissampelos hexandra*.—Comp. *Kanyâ-*, m. a son-in-law, Yâjû. 1, 261. *Karuṇa-*, adj. compassionate, Râm. 3, 69, 7. *Gambhîra-*, m. a restive elephant, Ragh. 4, 39. *Niti-*, adj. knowing the rules of policy, Hit. 31, 8, M.M. *Purusha-antara-*, adj. knowing the heart of mankind, *Vikr. d. 10.*

**वेद्धू** *veddhri*, see *vyadh*.

**वेध** *vedha*, i.e. *vyadh+a*, m. 1. Piercing, breaking through, Râjat. 5, 95. 2. Perforation. 3. Depth.

**वेधक** *vedhaka*, i.e. *vyadh+aka*, I. adj. 1. Piercing, sharp. 2. A perforator (of gems), Râm. 2, 64, 12, ed. Seramp. II. m. Camphor. III. n. Grain, rice in the ear.

**वेधन** *vedhana*, i.e. *vyadh+ana*, I. n. 1. Piercing. 2. Perforation. 3. Depth. II. f. *nî*. 1. An instrument used to pierce gems. 2. An instrument for piercing an elephant's ear.—Comp. *Dridha-*, n. hitting with an arrow which remains in the wound, MBh. 7, 2635.

**वेधस्** *vedhas*, I. adj. sbst. m. Creating, Chr. 290, 1=Rigv. i. 64, 1. II. m. 1. The creator, Mâlat. 14, 4; Brahman, Bhartr. 3, 98. 2. Vishnu.