

सौष्ठव *sauṣṭhava*, i.e. *sushthu+a*,
n. 1. Excellence, beauty, Mālav. 20,
3. 2. Excess. 3. Fleetness, MBh. 1,
5368 (read *sauṣṭhavena*); lightness,
suppleness, Mālav. 14, 9. 4. A part of
a drama.—Comp. *A-*, adj. disarrayed,
Mālat. 11, 8. *Sa-*, adj. 1. excellent.
2. quick.

सौहार्द *sauhārda*, and **सौहार्द्य** *sauhārdaya*, i.e. *su-hṛid+a* or *ya*, n. 1. Affection, Mālat. 2, 18 (*da*). 2. Friendship, Hit. i. d. 99, M.M. (*da*).

सौहित्य *sauhitya*, i.e. *su-hita+ya* (vb. *dhā*), n. 1. Satiety, satisfaction. 2. Fullness.—Comp. *Ati-*, n. excessive satiety, Man. 4, 62.

सौह्रद *sauhrida*, and **सौह्रद्य** *sauhṛidyā*, i.e. *su-hṛid+a* or *ya*, n. Friendship, Vikr. d. 10 (*da*); Pañch. ii. d. 130 (*da*). (Pañch. v. d. 19, *sauhṛida*, A friend,—perhaps a misreading.)—Comp. *Dṛidha-sauhṛida*, adj. having true friendship, Pañch. 239, 13. *Vigata-sneha-sauhṛida* (vb. *gam*), adj. abandoning love and friendship, Sund. 4, 17.

1. **स्कन्द** *SKAND*, i. 1, Par. 1. To jump. 2. To jump upwards, to ascend. 3. To burst out, MBh. 1, 5105. 4. To jump downward, to drop, to fall, Bhaṭṭ. 22, 11. 5. To perish, Man. 7, 84. Pteple. of the pf. pass. *shanna*. 1. Trickled down, Rām. 1, 38, 27. 2. Sprinkled, MBh. 1, 2434. 3. Fallen. Caus. 1. To emit (the seminal fluid), Man. 2, 180; 9, 150. 2. To neglect. Man. 6, 9.—With the prep. **अव** *ava*, To assail, to besiege, Ciç. 1, 51.—With **अभिअव** *abhi-ava*, To jump out, MBh. 4, 810.—With **समव** *sam-ava*, Caus. To assail, Man. 7, 196.—With **आ** *â*, To assail, Mālat. 151, 9; Bhaṭṭ. 17, 11.—With **समा** *sam-â*, To assail, Bhaṭṭ. 16,

10.—With **परि** *pari*, *shand* and *shkand*, To spring about, Bhaṭṭ. 9, 75.—With **प्र** *pra*, 1. To spring forward, MBh. 1, 134; to spring down, 3, 15587. 2. To burst forth, MBh. 1, 2380. *prashkanna*, Fallen. m. A sinner, one who has violated the usages of his caste. Caus. To cross (a river), MBh. 4, 1971.—Cf. Lat. *scandere*; *σκάνδαλον*, *σχαστήρ* (χ for κ by the influence of σ), probably *σκάζω*.

† 2. **स्कन्द** *SKAND*, **स्कन्ध** *SKANDH*, i. 10, Par. To collect.

3. **स्कन्द्** *SKAND*, see *skund*.

स्कन्द 1. *shand+a*, m. 1. Skanda or Kārttikeya, the god of war, Megh. 44. 2. A king. 3. The body. 4. The bank of a river. 5. A clever man (cf. *skandha*). 6. A proper name, Rājat. 5, 417 (or *Ghrāṇashanda*).

स्कन्दक *skanda+ka*, m. A soldier, Rājat. 5, 174.

स्कन्दन *skand+ana*, n. 1. Effusion. 2. Purging. 3. Going.

स्कन्ध *SKANDH*, see 2. *skand*.

स्कन्ध *skandha*, I. m. 1. The shoulder, Pañch. 144, 23. 2. The body, Mālat. 84, 17. 3. The trunk of a tree, Pañch. iii. d. 149. 4. A branch, Pañch. 134, 5. 5. A branch of human knowledge. 6. A book, Bhāg. P. i. ii., etc. 7. The five objects of sense. 8. The five forms of mundane consciousness, in the Bauddha philosophy, Ciç. 2, 26; cf. Burnouf, Introd. à l'Hist. du Buddh. 475. 9. A road. 10. Part of an army. 11. War. 12. A multitude. 13. An agreement. 14. A king. 15. A wise or learned man. 16. A heron. II. f. *dhā*. 1. A branch. 2. A creeper.—Comp. *Kāla-*, m. the name of several plants, e.g. *Diospyros embryopteris*