

स्थान *sthâna*, i.e. *sthâ+ana*, I. n.

1. Staying, Lass. 28, 10; stay, state, Utt. Râmach. 51, 5; Man. 7, 56 (forces); position, Hit. i. d. 51, M.M. 2. Middle state, as neither loss nor gain (equality), calmness, Râm. 3, 52, 2 (corr. *nahi me jîvitam sthâne*, My life, i.e. my whole being, is disquieted). 3. Firmness of troops. 4. Keeping in array. 5. Halt. 6. Place, Pañch. 133, 5; 37, 8; a holy place, Chr. 46, 26; the right place, Hit. ii. d. 70. 7. Country, Hit. i. d. 169, M.M. 8. An altar, Vikr. d. 43. 9. An open place in a town. 10. A dwelling-place, Hit. iii. d. 5; house, Chr. 60, 37; Cřingârat. 11. 11. A town. 12. Office, Râjat. 5, 297. 13. The part of an actor, Vikr. 3, 9. 14. Degree, rank, Hit. i. d. 168, M.M. 15. Object, Man. 2, 136; Pañch. 82, 12. 16. Likeness. 17. Intimation (cf. *sthânaka*), Lass. 7, 5. 18. Interval. II. loc. *ne*, adv. 1. Fitly, properly, justly, Vikr. 8, 16; in the right moment, Çâk. 37, 34. 2. Sometimes, MBh. 1, 6845. 3. Because. 4. Instead, Pañch. 37, 21. 5. Like, as, Pañch. 52, 1; 55, 22.—Comp. *A-sthâna*, n. unsuitable, wrong place, Pañch. 10, 10. *An-uchita*-, n. the same, Pañch. 64, 8. *Asmad*-, n. our place; loc. *ne*, instead of us (me), Pañch. 83, 19. *Uchchais*-, n. elevation in rank, Man. 7, 121. *Eka*-, n. same place; loc. *ne*, together, Pañch. 85, 22. *Karmasthâna*, i.e. *karmân*-, n. a government building, Râjat. 5, 166. *Kopa*-, n. an object of wrath, i.e. easy to be injured, Lass. 41, 4. *Jana*-, n. the name of a wood, Utt. Râmach. 17, 12. *Janmasthâna*, i.e. *janman*-, n. birthplace, home, Pañch. 247, 4. *Tadiya*-, n. its place, Vikr. 71, 11. *Dhana*-, n. treasury, Râjat. 4, 621. *Dharma-adhikarâya*-, n. court of justice, Pañch. 40, 22. *Prasava*-, n. a nest, Pañch. 74, 25. *Badhya*-, or *vadhyâ*- (vb. *vadh*), n. place of execution, Pañch. 41, 15. *Bandhana*-, n. a stable,

Pañch. 224, 8. *Bhaksha*-, n. state of being (one's) food, Pañch. 131, 2 (*bhakshasthâne sthitam api*, although you are destined to be his food). *Yathâ-sthâna+m*, adv. instantly, Pañch. in Weber, Ind. St. iii. 373, 4. *Vibhishikâ*-, n. object, or means, of frightening, Pañch. 160, 21. *Viçvâsasthâne*, adv. as hostage, Pañch. 55, 22. *Vira*-, n. a certain posture, Lass. 2. ed. 70, 55. *Vyanjana-sthâne*, loc. as condiment (*karomi*, I shall use), Pañch. 52, 1. *Culka*-, n. any object of toll or duty, Man. 8, 398. *Saṅketa*-, n. 1. place of assignation. 2. a sign, an intimation, Lass. 7, 5. *Sura*-, n. a temple, Hit. iii. d. 36. *Siddhi*-, n. name of a country, Lass. 40, 19. *Hridaya*-, n. the breast.—Cf. ἀντηρος (i.e. ἀνσ-στηρος), ἀ-στηρος, ἀ-στην, ἀσταινω, δυσταινω.

स्थानक *sthâna+ka*, n. 1. A town.

2. A basin of water at the root of a tree, 3. A bubble on spirits or wine. 4. A kind of speaking (addressing ?), Vikr. 64, 21.—Comp. *Patâkhâ*-, n. intimation of an episode in a drama, Daçar. 1, 14.

स्थानासनविहारवन् *sthânâsana-vihâravant*, adj. *sthâna-âsana-vihâra+vant*, adj. Occupying the station, seat, and place of religious exercises (of his preceptor), Man. 2, 248.

स्थानिक *sthânika*, i.e. *sthâna+ika*, I. adj. Local. II. m. The governor of a place.

स्थानिन् *sthânin*, i.e. *sthâna+in*, adj. Having a place or situation, permanent.

स्थानीय *sthâniya*, i.e. *sthâna+iya*, I. adj. Relating or suitable to any place. II. n. A city.—Comp. *Avatañsa*-, adj., f. *yâ*, taking the place of a crest, i.e. being, as it were, the ornament, Daçak. in Chr. 179, 14. *Kantha*-, adj. having