Firmness, stability, staying continually, Paúch. 225, 22. 2. Constancy, Paúch. iii. d. 102. 3. Patience, Paúch. iii. d. 238. — Comp. A-, n. perishableness, Râjat. 5, 381.

the signification of sthûla and sthûrin, q. cf.), +a, n. 1. Strength, power.

2. A load for a horse or ass.

स्रोरिन sthaurin, i.e. sthaura+in (cf. sthûrin), m. 1. A pack-horse. 2. A strong horse.

स्थील बद्ध sthaulalakshya, i.e. sthûla-laksha + ya, n. Incessant liberality, Man. 7, 211.

स्रोत्त प्रोध sthaulaçîrsha, i. e. sthûla-çîrsha+a, adj. Large-headed.

स्रोच्य sthaulya, i.e. sthûla + ya, n. Largeness, bulk.

स्यन snapana, i.e. snâ, Caus., +ana, n. 1. Washing. 2. Bathing, ablution, Çiç. 8, 70.

स्तव snava, i.e. snu + a, m. Oozing, dripping.

† 模模 SNAS, i. 1 and 4, Par. 1. To eject. 2. To eat (?).

स्ता snasâ, f. A tendon, a muscle. — Cf. perhaps O.H.G. snôr, snuor, see snâva.

also Âtm., MBh. 3, 7072), 1. To bathe, Man. 4, 82; anomal. potent. snâyîta, MBh. 3, 7072. 2. To perform the ceremony of bathing when leaving the house of one's spiritual preceptor, Man. 2, 245. snâta, 1. Bathed, having bathed, Râjat. 5, 391; Daçak. in Chr. 188, 20. 2. Purified, Mahâv. 77, 2; pure. m. (One whose spiritual instruction is finished,

see 2.), an initiated householder. Comp. Mrita-, adj. 1. bathed after mourning. 2. dying immediately after ablution. Su-, I. adj. very clean, Lass. 24, 4. II. m. a student who has performed his ablutions preparatory or subsequent to a sacrifice. Caus. snåpaya, 1. To wash, to cleanse, Daçak. in Chr. 200, 7 (\hat{a}); Megh. 44 (\check{a}). 2. To weep for (?), Utt. Râmach. 69, 1 (ă). snapita, 1. Bathed, Mâlat. 60, 2. Moistened, Kir. 5, 44; 47.— With अप apa, apasnâta, Bathed after mourning, Râm. 2, 42, 22. - With ni, nishnâta, 1. Perfect, superior. 2. Learned, MBh. 1, 3988; skilful, conversant, Çâk. 65, 18. 3. Given to, Mâlat. 37, 3. 4. (In law), Agreed upon, Mâlat. 174, 13. ati-nishnâta, Very conversant, Daçak. in Chr. 190, 19.—With प्रति prati, 1. pratisnâta, Bathed. pratishnâta, Pure. Comp. Su-pratishnâta, adj. certain.—Cf. raρός, rãμα, νοτίς, νῆσος, νίπτω; Lat. nare; Goth. nadr; A.S. naeddre, nedre; O.H.G. nacho; see nau.

Brâhmaṇa just returned from the mansion of his preceptor, Man. 2, 138 (cf. snâ); an initiated householder, Lass. 71, 1; a Brâhmaṇa in his second âçrama (order of life), Man. 1, 113; Hit. 123, 19.—Comp. Vidyâ-, Vidyâ-vrata-, and Vrata-, m. a Brâhmaṇa who has completed his studentship.

Bathing, Panch. 100, 8. 2. Purification by bathing, Man. 1, 111; Panch. iii. d. 120. 3. Anything used in it, as water, perfumed powder, etc., Rit. 1, 4; Megh. 34, Sch.—Comp. Tris., n. bathing three times a day, Kâm. Nîtis. 2, 28. Dus., n. inauspicious bathing, Hariv. 3413. Mṛita., n. funeral ablution.