

Lat. patior; perhaps A.S. beado, battle; bytl, a hammer; also Goth. du-ginnan; A.S. a-ginnan.

इहन् *-han*, latter part of comp. words, f. *ghni*, Killing, having killed, etc.; e.g. *chakshurhan*, i.e. *chakshus*-, adj. Killing by a glance of his eye, MBh. 13, 2156. *pitri*-, m. A parricide, Râjat. 5, 447. *brahmahan*, i.e. *brahman*-, m. The slayer of a Brâhmaṇa, Man. 11, 101; 128 (anomal. gen. *-hanas* instead of *ghnas*). *yajña*-, adj. Sacrifice-destroying, a name of Çiva, Johns. Sel. 96, 78. *virahan* and *vritrahan*, see s.vv. *haya-grîva*- (see *grîvâ*), m. Vishṇu.

हन *han+a*, I. m. A killer. II. Latter part of comp. words, Killing; e.g. *kshatriya-hana*, m. A destroyer of the Kshatriyas, MBh. 5, 7116. *virahana*, adj., f. *ni*, Hero-killing, MBh. 9, 3238.

हनन *han+ana*, n. 1. Striking, Mâlat. 85, 7. 2. Injuring. 3. Killing. 4. Multiplication.

हनु I. *hanu* (vb. 1. *hâ*? cf. A.S. *gôma*, the jaws), m., f. also **नू** *nû* (and n.), The jaw. II. *han+u*, f. 1. A weapon. 2. Sickness. 3. Death. 4. A sort of vegetable perfume.—Cf. *γένος*; Lat. *gena*; Goth. *kinnus*; A.S. *cinn*, *cyn*.

हनूमन्त् and **हनूमन्त्** *hanû+mant*, I. adj. Having large jaws. II. m. The monkey chief, Hanumant, Utt. Râmach. 20, 8 (*û*); Mahâv. 114, 17 (*û*).

हनूष *hanûsha* (derived from *hanu*), m. A Râkshasa or demon.

हन्त *hanta*, I. An inceptive participle, Lass. 2. ed. 69, 44. II. An interjection. 1. Of grief, pity, Alas!

Mâlat. 24, 6; Utt. Râmach. 13, 17. 2. Of pleasure, Vikr. 10, 9; Utt. Râmach. 37, 5; joy, ib. 39, 15. 3. Of hurry, Çriṅgârat. 14. 4. Of surprise, Utt. Râmach. 142, 10.

हन्तकार *hanta-kâra*, m. Rice to be given to a guest.

हन्तु *han+tu*, m. 1. Death. 2. A bull.

हन्तृ *han+tri*, m. 1. A murderer, Man. 5, 34. 2. A thief, a robber. 3. One who injures, Hit. i. d. 76, M.M. (*kârya*-, another's interest).—Comp. *Dharma*-, f. *tri*, one who overturns the law, MBh. 1, 2440. *Vighna*-, m. a destroyer of obstacles, Châp. 97 in Berl. Monatsb. 1864, 413.

हम् *ham*, An interjection of wrath.

हम्भा *hambhâ* (an imitative sound), f. The lowing of kine, Râm. 1, 54, 18; 55, 2.

† **हम्** *HAMM*, i. 1, Par. To go.

† **हय्** *HAY*, i. 1, Par. 1. To go. 2. To worship. 3. To sound. 4. To be weary.

हय *haya*, i.e. *hi+a*, I. m. 1. A horse, Vikr. d. 4. 2. A man of a particular class. 3. Indra. II. f. *yi*, A mare.—Comp. *Hari*-, m. 1. Indra, Johns. Sel. 19, 88. 2. the sun. 3. Skanda, the god of war. 4. Ganeça.

हयंकष *hayaṅkasha*, i.e. *haya+m-kash+a*, m. 1. A charioteer. 2. Indra's charioteer.

हयन *hayana*, i.e. *hi+ana*, I. m. A year. II. n. A covered carriage.

हर *hara*, i.e. *hri+a*, I. adj. Taking, Pañch. i. d. 278; seizing, carrying, Kir. 5, 50; depriving of (*vibhrana*-,