

anudhārayati (cf. Pali ^odhāreti), *upholds, maintains*: Gv 484.11 buddhavamśam anudhārayiṣyasi.

-**anudhārin**, adj., *keeping, holding fast to*: Gv 222.22 sarvabuddhakathānudhāriṇām (gen. pl.).

anudhyāpita, ppp. of caus. of Skt. anu-dhyā, lit. *caused to think on or long for = made interested in, concerned with*, with loc.: Mv iii.119.(18–)19 (na cīvare śayane bhojane vā) anudhyāpita bhonti jīna.

anudhvamṣsana, nt. (= Pali anuddham^o), *false charge or accusation* (see next two): Mvy 9404 = Tib. (b)skur, *abuse*.

anudhvamṣsayati, ^oseti (= Pali anuddhamseti; see prec. and next), *falsely accuses* (with, on the ground of, instr.): abhūtenābrahmaçaryampvādena (mss.) *with a false charge of unchastity* Mv i.36.13 ^oseti; 37.7 ^osito, ppp.; pārājikena dharmena ^osayet Prāt 481.7; (amūlakena...) dharmena) ^osayet 519.8.

anudhvamṣsayitar (cf. prec. two), *(false) accuser*: Prāt 481.9 ^otā, n. sg.

anunaya, m. (= Pali id.; also Skt. in mg. *propitiation, das Geneigtmachen; friendliness, affection, in favorable or at least neutral sense, love, attachment; ingratiating*, in BHS almost invariably in a bad sense (a rare exception is Divy 510.4, of innocent attachment, affection). Very often contrasted with **pratigha**, q.v.; the pair may replace rāga and dveṣa, as feelings to be avoided; so in dvandva cpd. anunaya-pratigha- (Pali also anunaya-pratigha), LV 10.1; 33.7; 275.6–7; 374.3, (read) ihañunaya-pratighānām kalyahaivādaprahānaparyantah prāpto mayā, here I have got to the end—which consists of abandonment of quarrels and disputes—of attachment and repugnance; 442.5; Divy 240.24; KP 101.1; Mmk 13.22; Dbh 29.6; also, less commonly, pratighānunaya (Pali also patī^o) Sādh 115.15; Gv 245.24; without pratigha, anunaya (undesirable) attachment or lust is contrasted with maitri, (desirable) affection, or lust in Gv 472.3–4 ye te maitrīvihāriṇā ca na kvacid anunayavihāriṇāḥ; in Gv 351.24 perhaps contrasted with **pratighāta**, q.v. (viṣayaraty-janunayo vā pratighātacittatā vā; Divy 257.20 anunaya-vacanair, with words of (impure sexual) love (spoken by a mother to her son with whom she had incestuous relations); LV 319.21 (yadi) tāvac chakyetāyam anunayenothāpayitum, (Māra speaks:) whether he can be moved by lust (for women; M. is sending his daughters to tempt the Bodhisattva); anunayāsamdhūkṣanatā (Mvy ^osamdhūkṣ^o, v.l. and Mironov ^osamprkṣ^o), state of not being inflamed with (sexual) lust Mvy 2594; LV 32.7; anunaya-nimittam SP 277.1 a cause (or motive) for ingratiating oneself (with women; should be avoided by a Bodhisattva); Mvy 2131 = Tib. rjes su chags pa, *affection towards; visabhāgasattvānunayāt* Śiks 193.17, see **visa-bhāga**.

Anunaya-gātra (! perhaps corrupt), n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 443.8.

Anunaya-vigata, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 443.1.

anunāthanā (to anunāthayati, see BR 5.1541; the verb also occurs in Sādh 199.12; 231.3; 493.5), *entreaty*: Sādh 446.7.

anunāma (m.?; n. act. from *anu-nāmayati), (lit. bending, bringing under control,) *training*: AsP 54.11 paridamanāya... anunāmaya bodhisattvānām.

anuniścara, adj. (to *anu-niś-carati), *coming forth successively*: LV 13.4 (vs) samgiti-ravānuṇiścara gāthā (so more likely than ^oravānu = ^oravānām, gen. pl., which would give a forced construction).

anunīya-tā, state of needing to be conciliated (based on gdve. of anu-nī; cf. Whitney 963b,2); SP 128.9 (vs) ^otā mahya na kācid asti, and there is no need of conciliating me.

anunīyate, follows upon: ... viññānam nānuṣete tan (acc.) nānunīyate Samy. Āg. 1.3.1 (and ff.).

an-unnaṭa, **an-unnaṭata**, **an-unnamana**, **an-unnaṭana-tā**, see **unn^o**.

an-upakruṣṭa, adj. (= Pali anupakkutṭha; cf. Skt. upakruṣṭa, a low-caste man; a carpenter), *blameless*: Mv i.133.17 anupakruṣṭa-vṛtti-dvārāḥ, means of (instruments of attaining) blameless livelihood, of Bodhisattvas; i.177.2 ^oṣṭa-cāraṇā; Gv 526.14 jātigotreṇa anupakruṣṭo bhavati (bodhisattvah).

Anupagāmanāman, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 443.6. **an-upaghātya**, adj. (neither this nor upa^o recorded in Skt., Pali, or Pkt.), *invulnerable*: ^otya-śāriro Gv 505.13.

an-upacchinna, neg. ppp. (= Pali id.; cf. **upacchinatti**), *uninterrupted*: Mv i.171.10 (of Buddha's speech).

Anupacchinnaṁlambha, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.141.10.

an-upaccheda (m.; = Pali id.; cf. **upaccheda**, **an-upacchinna**), *the not cutting off*: LV 34.17 triratnavamśānupa^o; 137.3 cakravartivamśasya; Gv 260.19 buddhavamśānupacchedadāya.

an-upacchedana (nt.), cf. **upa^o**, *the not cutting off*: LV 5.22 triratnavamśānupacchedanārthaṁ. See prec. and next.

an-upacchedana-tā = prec.: LV 440.21 (triratnavamśānupa^o; Mmk 23.2 (paramantrānup^o), 9 (triratna-prasādānup^o), etc.; Gv 280.2 (bodhisattvacaryānup^o).

anupadruta-lipi? see **anudruta**.

an-upadhi-śesa, adj. (= **nir-upadhi**, q.v.; = Pali an-upādi-sesa), *free from upadhi = skandha, ep. of nirvāna(-dhātu), i. e. absolute, complete*: ^osesa- (SsP 1264.16, misprinted anupari) or ^ošeṣe (SP 21.9; 411.5; SsP 1450.4; AsP 152.8, here misprinted anupavi^o) nirvānadhātau.

an-upadhika (= Pali id.; in both i m.c.), *free from the upadhi*, q.v., or *bonds attaching to existence*: ^okaṁ Mv iii.445.2 (em.) = (same vs in Pali) Vin. i.36.26.

an-upānāha, see **upanāha**.

anupanthake, adv. (= Pali anupanthe), *along the road*: Mv ii.423.13 (a)nupanthake viya drumo (mss.); iii.184.5 (a var. of same vs), mss. ^okā (or ^oka) viya drumā (^okā could be kept as n. pl. of adjective).

anuparamacitta, adj. or subst. m., *person of matchless mind*; sixty such, of whom Mañjuśrī is the first, attend on the Buddha: RP 2.2.

Anupamarmati, (1) n. of a **satpuruṣa**, q.v.: SP 4.1; (2) n. of a Bodhisattva: SsP 6.21.

Anupamarakṣita, n. of a sthavira and author: Sādh 62.6; 206.22.

Anupama, n. of the daughter of Mākandika (in Pali called Māgandiyā): Divy 515.22 ff.

anupariksipta, ppp., *surrounded, as with strings of jewels, rows of trees, walls*: LV 278.16; RP 39.18; Gv 161.17, 19; 163.8; Sukh 36.3.

anuparīgaṇikā, instr. ^okayā, adverbially used, *with successive enumeration, going around the whole circle (of the order of nuns)*: Bhik 10a.4.

anuparīghṇīte (cf. **anuparīgraha**, ^ogrāhikayā; no such cpd. in Skt. or Pali, but substantially = pari-g^o in various senses; forms noted are ^ogrhṇīte, ger. ^ogrhyā, ppp. ^ogrhita, gdve. ^ograhītavya): (1) *surrounds in attendance, closely waits upon*, LV 82.2 anuparīghītā (Māyā, by soldiers etc.); AsP 34.(13–)14 (asmābhīr api bodhisattvā)... anuparīghītavyā anuparīvārayitavyā ca (similarly in line 16 anuparīghītā); (2) *holds in the arms, embraces closely*, LV 103.9 kumāram ubhābhīyām pāṇībhīyām sādhu ca susūtu cānuparīghīhya; Śiks 155.2 glāṇām bhikṣum sādhu ca susūtu cānuparīghīhya bahirdhā ni-haritvā (see this) snāpayet; Divy 116.11 sarvāṅgair anuparīghīhya; 387.5 and 388.13 sarvāṅgenānuparīghīhya; (3) *cultivates, devotes oneself to, tends, favors*, AsP 463.9–10 (yo... prajñāpāramitām) pralujyamānām anuparīghṇīte... buddhānām... tena bodhir anuparīghītā bhavati;