

upakrāmati in this sense once, Mbh 13.6716; cf. **upakrama**, °**manā**, °**mīka**, **aupakramika**), attacks, does violence to; Mv ii.459.16 upakramēti ätmānam mārayisyam; 492.(7-8) mātmānam (mss.) upakramāhi; iii.25.2 ätmānam upakramisyam, and 4 °nam upakramitukāmah; Divy 264.12 upakräntā, ppp., see s.v. **upasamkrama**.

-upakramika, adj. (also *aupa^o*, q.v.; upakrama plus ika: = Pali opakkamika), *due to, caused by violence, violent attack*: Gv 152.6 (*výádhin . . .*) amanuṣyavaikárikān api viśayaparopakramikān api (cf. Bbh 63.5 s. v. **aupakramika**): (ābádho . . .) ātmopakramiko vā paropakramiko vā MSV ii.45.8; otherwise recorded only in a cliché, ātmopakramikām (*due to self-inflicted violence*) śáriropatápikām duhkhaṁ tívraṁ kharāṁ katukām amanápām (to added once) vedanām vedayanti LV 246.14 (vedayante); 263.7; (in Mv amanápām omitted) Mv ii.121.5, 10–11; 122.1, 8, 16; 123.5; 130.7–8, 10. A shorter Pali form MN i.241.10 opakkamika dukkhā tippā katukā vedanā vediyanti (Pali has no *attopakkamika). In Mv vedanā is usually recorded instead of *nām.

instead of *hani*.
upakliṣyate (cf. Pali ppp. upakkiliṭṭha; and **upakleśa**), is stained: Bbh 10.8 (caturbhīr upakleśair . . .) upakliṣṭo bhavati; Śiks 234.8 (prose) ḍāgantukaiḥ kleśair upakliṣyate, in passage cited from 'Ratnakūṭa' = KP 99.2, of which however text reads . . . upakleśe (read *śaiḥ) samkliṣyate.

upakleda, m. (cf. Skt. upaklinna, *rötten*), putrefaction: Gv 401.9 näbhüt ... upakledo (of the teeth, of the mahā-purusa).

upakleśa, m. (also semi-MIndic **kileśa*; cf. *upaklisyate*; = Pali upakkilesa, of which 5, 10, or 18 are enumerated; evidently there was no definitively fixed list), (*minor, secondary*) *impurity, stain, depravity*; in most texts no very clear distinction is made between them and the *kleśa* in principle, but AbhidhK. La V-P. v.88 ff. (see esp. 89 of Transl. note 2) insists on the fundamental distinction, and comm. cites a list of 21 *upa^o*; they ‘proceed from’ *kleśa*, 91; a list of 24 in Dharmas 69, whereas in 67 the 6 *kleśa* have been listed; 4 *upak^o* listed Bbh 10.7 (caturbhīr *upakleśair* . . . *upakliṣṭo bhavati*) and 22 ff. (no relation to Dharmas list); Mvy 2138, following *samyojana*, *bandhana*, *anuśaya*, *paryutthāna*, and followed by *paryavasthāna* (so read); cf. Bbh 202.20 *samyojana-bandhanānūṣayopakleśa-paryavasthānām*; Śiks 222.10 (defining *upāyāsa*) (*ye cānya evamādaya*) *upakleśas ta upāyāśah*; cf. KP 93.3 *sopadravaḥ sopakleśa(h) sopāyāśo*; KP 99.2, see s.v. *upaklisyate*; Mv i.228.11, 15 *vigatopakileśena*; SP 318.2 (*sattvānām alpakuśalamūlānām*) *bahūpakleśānām*; Lanī 358.11 (vs) *upaklesair manādibhiḥ* (see s.v. *mana*, app. m.c. for *māna*, which however is standardly one of the *kleśa*); 369.4 *“sair na lipyate*. The word seems likely to have been originally a noun cpd., *upa* plus *kleśa*, the rare verb *upaklisyate* may be a back-formation from it; yet the ppp. *upakkilittha* occurs in canonical Pali.

from it, yet the ppp. upakṣetra, *etc.* seem to be four times the size of a (Buddha-)kṣetra; stated to be four times the size of a (Buddha-)kṣetra; the implication seems to be that the environs of the kṣetra constitute the upakṣetra. But no other reference has been noted.

(-)upaga, (1) at end of cpds. = **-upaka** (1); with MIndic g for k, partly induced by secondary association with upa-ga(m)-; cf. Aśokan chāyopagāni, concerned with (i. e. providing) shade; belonging to: Dharmas 129 ākāśānan-tyātatanopagāḥ, and three others of the same group incl. naivasaṁjñānāsaṁjñātatanopagāḥ (q.v. for other occurrences; see -upaka; Pali has *yatanūpaga*); Mvy 6050 hastopagah, 6051 pādopagah, lit. doubtless *belonging to the hands or feet*, of ornaments placed there (Tib. rgyan = ornament); Pali has hathupaga and pādupaga, Vv. comm. 12.5, as epithets of ornaments; (2) n. of an Ajīvaka, = Upaka (2), q.v.: Divy 393.20 (so mss., wrongly em.

in ed. to Upagana); LV 406.7 (vs), same as Ud xxi.5, in both Upaga for Upaka of Pali correspondent and Mv iii.326.20 (LV tenopaga jino hy aham; Ud tato 'ham upaga jino; LV alone corrects the meter by transposing Upaga; Pali Vin. i.8.29 tasmāham upaka jino).

upagataka, also **an-upa**^o (to Skt. *ta* with specifying -ka), pl., *those that have* (or, *have not*) *entered* (here, to residence for rains): MSV ii.110.2 ff., see **āvāsin**; in 114.14 Tib. cited as *dam bcas pa*, *entered upon a vow*.

upagama, m., Mvy 7801, or nt., id. 7929, cited from
Bhāskarīya, which appears in Cv 106.20 text **upagama-** (q.v.)

Gv 134.5, a high number (in Gv 106.20 text **upagama**-), q.v.)
upagunthita, ppp. (of **upa-guṇṭh-**, not noted elsewhere), **entwined, encircled**: Mmk 63.1 (prose) **hārārdha-hāropagunthitadeham**.

Upagupta, n. of an *alaksanaka* (q.v.) Buddha; Divy 348.24 ff.; converts Māra, 357.3 ff.; 385.7 ff.; 428.4 ff.; Av ii.203.1 (here called Sthavira-*Upa*^o) ff.; MSV i.4.2 ff.; see next.

Upaguptaka = prec.: Divy 359.9 (prose; neither dim. nor pejorative force perceptible).

upagūḍhaka, adj. (Skt. ^odha plus -ka, pejor.?): embraced (wrongly): pāpamitropa^o MSV iv.223.1 (so the repentent Ajātaśatru, of himself; Buddha, repeating his words, uses upagūḍha, 223.6, 224.2).

[**upagr̥nite**, approves, recommends: Jm 143.24 (dayānu-vṛttā ca nāma te kṛtya-pakṣam) āśvāsanavidhinopagr̥nite. So ed., but mss. (u)pagr̥hṇīte, wins over, which seems better.]

[**upaghāṭa**, wrong em. in ed. Mv i.229.7; see **arṇod-ghāṭa**.]

upaghātika, adj. (cf. Skt. °tin, °taka; Pali °tika but as noun, *injury*, Vin. ii.13.31, contrary to PTSD), *injuring* . . . (end of epd.): Mmk 559.6 atikrūras tvam vajrapākheham (read °ne) ya tvam sarvasattvānām sattvopaghātakam kāmopasamhitam ca mantratantrām (= °trān) bhāsayase. T. 15. 21. 15

upacarana, nt., in pindopacaraṇam Karmav 21.15,
begging-round (= Pali piñḍa-cāra; upacaraṇa not in Pali,
in Skt. only in sūpa°, see BR).

upacāyaka, adj. (cf. Skt. upacāyin; to root cây), revering: *kulajyeṣṭhopacāyakah* Mvy 2434 (Tib. ri mor byed pa, revering).
upacāra, m. (= Pali id.; see also s.v. **tādāvacara**), (1) environs, neighborhood: Gv 151.18 deśapradeśopacāreṣu nimnonnata-samavīśameṣv; Dbh 81.24 (mahābrahmā . . .) lokadhātū gahananilnopacārān avabhāsayati; (2) access (for Pali cf. PTSD s.v. 7, with references): Bbh 44.14 (see **pratīapāti** 4).

Upacāru, n. of a cakravartin king: Mvy 3560. Seems to correspond to Pali Upacara, Mahāv. ii.2. Cf. Cāru.
upacita, adj.-ppp. (Skt., *heaped up*), (1) technically

upacita, adj. ppp. (Skt., *upacita*): applied to karman, *piled up; aggravated* (Lévi): Karmav 30.14 ff.; 47.25 ff. (as explained here, acts may be kr̄ta, *done*, or *not done*, and both kinds may be upacita or not; see AbhidhK. La V-P. iv.114 n., 242); (2) *honored* (perhaps error for apacita): Mv ii.416.14 tasya (sc. Buddhasya) devamanujopacitasya (read "jāpacitasya?) añjalim kurutha.

Upacitashanu, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.141.16.
upacitra, "traka, adj. (in Skt. "tra only as n. of a

meter, (somewhat) variegated: citropacitro Mv i.363.18 (of the deer-king); citropacitrāni pratyāstaranāni MSV ii.90.8. The cpd. seems to be intensive. Also, citropacitakavatso MSV iv.196.15.

Upacelā, n. of a daughter of **Siṁha** (8): MSV ii.8.12
(cf. **Celā**).

upaceştita, ppp. (to upa-ceşt-, unrecorded), performed: Mmk 152.21 (vs) kriyā . . . sattvopaceştita.

upacchinatti (= Pali upacchindati; Skt. has no cpd. of upa and chid; cf. **upaccheda**(-na) etc., **an-upacchinna**), *cuts off, interrupts*: AsP 177.4 kathām nopacchinatti.