

(prose) alpaujaskau; Jm 200.20 (vs) anojasko (mss. anau°); 234.2 (vs) svabhāva-saujaska-.

**oja** (= Pali id.; derived by Childers and Senart from Skt. उर्ज, by PTSD from ojas, which seems more plausible), *food*: Mv i.210.19 = ii.14.20 (prose) (lābhini bhavati divyānām gandhānām . . . mālyānām . . . vilepanānām) divyānām ojānām; ii.131.3 (and 6) (prose) (vayam te romakūpa- [mss. °pe] vivarāntareṣu) divyām ojām adhyohari-ṣyāmāḥ; see s.v. *adhyoharati* (used in Pali, like its noun ajjhohāra, of food). It seems clear that in BHS, at least, ojā means simply *food*, not *essence* or the like.

**Ojopati** (for Ojahpati), n. of one of 4 (masc.) devatās of the Bodhvīrka: LV 278.10 (so all mss.; Lefm. em. Ojāpati). Cf. next.

**Ojopalā**, n. of one of 8 (fem.) devatās of the Bodhvīrka: LV 331.21. Cf. prec.; but there is otherwise no resemblance between the two lists.

**ojovanta-tara**, adj. compv. (cf. Pali ojavant(a), Vedic ojasvant; in Skt. only ojasvin), *strong-er*: Suv 164.8 (vs) ojovantatarā bhonti lakṣmīviryabalānvitāḥ.

**ojoḥāra**, adj. and subst. (f. °rī), lit. *strength-robb*; ep. of rākṣasas: Divy 291.6 rākṣasa eva ojohāra ihāgacchati; of yakṣas, Jm 41.14 ojohārāḥ pañca yakṣāḥ; subst. m. and f., in a list of evil supernatural beings, ojohāro vaujohāri vā Laṅk 261.11; 262.13. Cf. next two. See also s.v. 2 -hāra; in both Divy and Jm the mg. *to rob the strength* (of people) would be possible.

**ojo-hāraka**, adj. or subst. m. (cf. prec., but see also s.v. 2 -hāra, hāraka), *strength-robbing, -robber*; or, as expression of purpose, *to rob the strength* (of people): Mv i.253.3, said of the 1000 sons of a yakṣipī: te 'pi vaisālim ojohārakā presitā, vaisālim gatvā manusyānām ojām harantī (so that they all became sick).

**Ojohārīni** (cf. prec. two), n. of a piśāci: Māy 239.6. **odigalla?** (see s.v. *udigalla*).

**Odiyāna**, see *Oddī*.

**Oddiyāna**, also **Odi** (and **uddiyāna(ka)**, q.v.), n. of a locality; see GOS 41 p. xxxvii; Lévi, Māy p. 105 ff.: Sādh 80.18 etc.; Odiyāna, Sādh 286.11 etc.; Oddiyāna-(or Odiyāna, Sādh 283.10 etc.)-Mārici, a form of Mārici, Sādh 283.10 etc.; 287.10-11.

**oddeti** (in mg. 2 = Pali id.; in mg. 1 seemingly = Pali uddeṭi, very rare, only 1 reasonably clear case, Vin. ii.131.16-17 bhikkhu sikkāya pattam udḍitvā, text ut्तित्वा, see PTSD), (1) *ties, fastens* (on): Mv ii.75.21 (see Crit. App. on 74.8) saptānām tālānām purato bherī odditā, *in front of (each of) the 7 tāl-trees a drum was fastened*; (2) specialization of 1, *fastens, sets* (a snare or trap, esp. for birds); with object (or subject of ppp.) pāsa, or kālapāsa (mss. also bāla°); Mv ii.235.1 pāśā odditā, 6 pāśo oddito; other forms of ppp. 251.1, 8; 253.11; kālapāśāni ca oddeti 252.16; kālapāśe odditvā 252.17; tasya kālapāśāni ca oddentasya 253.9.

**odrapuṣpa** (nt.; = Skt. Lex., and in late, artificial literature, Schmidt, Nachtr.), n. of a flower, '*The chin-rose flower*': Mmk 213.15 -samākāram, adj., *having a form like . . . (of a heavenly portent)*.

1 **otarati, otāreti**, see *ava-t°*.

2 **otarati** = Skt. *uttarati* (§ 3.73), *conquers, overcomes*: pass. *otarlyati* SP 358.12 (vs), without v.l.; WT with their ms. K' *ostarlyati*, *is overwhelmed* (virtual synonym, but prob. rationalizing lect. fac.; KN note calls *otarlyati* 'a mistake for *otthar°*'). Tib. chod pa med, *not cut off*; Chin. *not destroyed*.

**Otalā**, n. of a town: MSV i.17.13 ff.

**Otalāyana**, n. of a rich brahman in Otałā: MSV i.17.14.

**Otaliya**, adj., *of Otałā*: MSV i.17.14.

**Otkarika**, n. of the merchant also called *Utkarika* (unless there is a corruption, see s.v.): Divy 228.5, 14 yo 'sāv Otkariko bañig . . .

**ottareṇa**, acc. to text Dipamkarasya ott° Mv i.250.5 (vs) postposition = uttareṇa; the latter form may have been intended, see s.v. *uttari*, but cf. *pratyottareṇa*.

**ottānaka**, adj. (= utt°; cf. Pkt. ottāna for utt°, Sheth): Mv ii.16.11 (= i.213.7 *uttānako*, q.v.).

**otrapa, otrapya** (nt.?: cf. *an-otrapa*; *apatrāpya*, Pali ottappa; the short vowel in the penult is doubtless of MIndic character, and the single p, when it occurs, doubtless m.c., as in *an-otrapa*), *modesty, shame, decency*: Mv ii.357.14, mss. hiri-otrasya (v.l. -otasya)-sampanno; Senart "ottappa", but read rather °otrapya°; LV 329.13 lajji (read as separate word) hirotrapāt tu, Lefm., but most and best mss. end in -patta for -pāt tu, and this may be the orig. form (abl., see § 8.56).

**-odaka** (as in Pali, e.g. *anodaka*) = Skt. udaka, *water*, at end of cpds.; see *an-*, *nir-od°*.

**odadhati**, see *ava-da°*, and cf. s.v. *odahana*.

**odanakulmāśopacaya**, adj. (= Pali °kummāśupacaya, MN ii.17.6; wrong ref. in PTSD; in same formula as Mv), *built up or grown by porridge and gruel, ep. of the body (kāya)*, in a formulaic list of such: Mv ii.269.15; 277.18.

**odahana**, in Pali, *attention, application*, from *oda-hati* = *avadadhāti*, q.v.; not noted in BHS, but see *anvodahana, samod°*.

**odumbara**, adj. (= Skt. aud°), *of the udumbara*: °ram iva kuśumam Mv i.270.3.

? **Oddha-samdhī**, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.137.11. So mss.; Senart em. Urdhvā°; should we understand Oddha- as for MIndic Uddha- (= Urdhvā-), or emend with Senart?

**odhṛta-** (looks as if = avadhṛta; but ava-dhr is not so used, and it is no doubt really a false Sktization of a MIndic equivalent of Skt. uddhrta), *removed, laid down (of a burden)*: Mv ii.95.4 (rājā Subāhūḥ) rājakṛtyato odhṛtabhārō, *having laid down the burden of (lit. from) royal duties*. Perh. cf. AMg. ohariya, ppp., *taken down, placed down* (Ratnach.), supposedly for avadhṛta.

**onamanā**, see *avanamana, °nā*.

**onādeti**, see *avanādāyatī*.

**opa-**, see *aupa-* (also s.v. *upavusta*, where mss. opa-).

[**opadhika**, assumed by Weller on LV 32.1, but see s.v. *upadhika*.]

**opalambhika** = *aupa°*, q.v. (prob. with MIndic o for au, or possibly with o m.c. for u, i.e. *upalambhika*, without vrddhi; the first passage might be for ca-u°, and in the others meter requires a long), *subject to the upalambha heresy*: ye c'opalambhikāḥ SP 335.1; opalambhikā(h) SP 384.5, 9.

**opalipyate**, m.c. for *upa°*, *is stained*: no ca loki kva ci opalipyase LV 53.22 (vs).

**Opasimbha** (! nothing like it found recorded), n. of a mountain: Māy 254.9.

(**opunati**), caus. *opunāpayati* (Pali opunāpeti, opunāpeti; cf. Skt. nakhāvṛpūta, MS only, pw 7.351), (*winnows*); caus., *causes to be winnowed*: Mv iii.178.5 (prose) (dhānyajātāni . . .) khaladhanēsu (mss. °hānešu, q.v.) samhārā-payitavyāni opunāpayitavyāni (gdve.).

**Opura** (for Avapura), n. of a son of King Sujāta Ikṣvāku: Mv i.348.11; 352.9, 11.

**Obhāsa-** (in cpds.), = *Avabhāsa-*, q.v.

**omāraka**, m., n. of a demoniac being (for \*ava-mā°?); SP 401.5 stabdhō vomārako vostārako, in a list of such creatures (vom° = vā om°, see s.v. *ostārako*).

**omuddhaka**, adj. (MIndic for *avamūrdhaka*, q.v.; cf. also next, and AMg. omuddhaga), *with head hanging down*: Mv ii.283.1 omuddhakā prapatetsuh, of the discomfited party of Māra; cf. Mv ii.412.16, under next.

**omūrdhaka**, f. °ikā, adj. (= *ava-m°*), = prec.: Mv ii.412.16 °dhakā prapatetsuh (of the discomfited host