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renders binding along the back (of a robe); Tib. zegs pa (? zegs ma = dirt, Jä., water-spray, Das).

? parișadā, see parșadā.

pariçadya, m. (Skt. Lex.) = pāri°, q.v.: amātya-pari° (mss., Senart em. -pāri°) Mv ii.442.19 (prose).

parisā (also parṣā and rarely parṣadā, qq.v.; \$ 15.4; = Pali parisā, Skt. parisad and parṣad), assembly: in prose of SP acc. to LaV-P. JRAS 1911.1074 °sāyah (abl.-gen.), instead of parșadi (loc.) of KN 267.10; (gen.) SP 98.7 (vs); °ṣāṃ LV 361.10 (māra-); 363.13 (naramaru-; both vss); in Mv prose, i.133.16; 158.3; 310.6; 354.21; ii.419.1; 446.16, 17; iii.10.15, 16; catuhi parișāhi (of a Buddha, viz. monks, nuns, male and female upāsakas, as in Pali) 53.1; vss, i.75.3 (meter bad, °ṣāyām, but Senart's suggestion parsadi requires further change to correct it); 171.12, 14, 16.

[parişikta, for parişakta? q.v.]

parisiñcana (nt.; n. act. to Skt. parisiñcati; = Skt. parisecana), sprinkling: -pravrajita-...-sugandhatailamurdhni-onam (nt. acc. adv., or n. sg. of separate statement?) sarvayācanakebhyas cūrņamālya-...-pradānatvād LV 432.15.

pariskāra, m. (also pariskāra; = Pali parikkhāra). equipment, utensils, personal belongings: = Tib. yo byad; Mvy 2856; "ra-vasită, one of the 10 vasită of a Bodhi-sattva, Mvy 772; Dharmas 74; "ra-civaram Mvy 8945, presumably the robe as part of (a monk's) standard belongings; not of a monk but of an ordinary (poor) man, SP 106.13; often in a standard list, (a monk's) cīvarapiņģapāta-(or °tra-)-śayanāsana-glānapratyayabhaişajyapariskāra (or °skāra; same in MIndic form in Pali, counted as four items), Mv i.49.10; 52.13; 295.17; Av i.1.7-8; Divy 143.6, 19; 470.1; Suv 112.9; LV 2.22; Sukh 27.1; Siks 41.18 (and 215.7 same list without the word pariskara); Kv 19.9; 20.20; 40.17; 82.13; elsewhere without list, referring to anything which could properly be given to a monk, Av i.271.13, 15; six parişkāra (of a monk) Av ii.81.6, MSV ii.123.6, not listed (it is hard to see how the above list could count up to six; perhaps the 'eight' listed PTSD s.v. parikkhāra are meant, the three robes counting as one item); agrhita-pario, see agrhita; doubtful is LV 181.1 pariskāra-vigata-malāmātsarya-sunigrhītacitta, where pw renders implausibly 'etwa an sich geübte Zucht'; Foucaux must have read susamgrhīta-puņyapariskārah, as part of the preceding word, assuming mg. parure (as in Skt.); Tib. omitted in Foucaux's ed.; saptasamādhi-pariṣkāra- (dāyaka, of Buddhas) Divy 95.20, explained by Pali DN ii.216.31 ff., the seven pario (comm. ii.645.28 gloss paricārikā, v.l. parivārikā) are the first seven stages of the noble 8-fold path, because they lead progressively to the eighth stage, samma-(samyak-) samādhi; the word here seems to mean utensils in the sense of means leading towards (DN l.c. 32 sammāsamādhissa bhāvanāya samādhissa pāripūriyā). In MSV iv.108.1; 109.7 (bheda-)pariskāra (tho rendered in Tib. yo byad!)

is false Skt. for Pali (bheda-)purekkhāra.

pariṣkārika, adj. (to prec. plus -ika; Pali parikkhārika recorded only as one possessing the p.), belonging to the personal belongings (of a monk): mṛta-ºka MSV ii.120.16, 20 (in 20 quasi-subst., what belongs . . .); 145.1, 9 (with prativastu).

paristhita, ppp., in su-pario, app. used in sense of Skt. pratisthita, Pali patitthita, with confusion of MIndic pați (pati, = prati) and pari, § 2.47, (well) established (or, acc. to Tib., properly taught? gnas par bstan): "tā (spelled osthitā) sā varabuddhabodhis SP 63.8 (vs); parallel with darsita in 7.

parişyanda, m. (to 'syandayati; unrecorded in this sense), moisture: Mvy 6949 = Tib. rlon pa, brlan pa, gser ba.

parisyandana (nt.; to next; cf. prec.), saturation (fig.): asmimāna-ona-tah Dbh 48.11.

parişyandayati, °deti (= Pali parisandeti), = abhisyandayati, q.v., which often precedes it, as in Pali; saturates, irrigates, moistens: literally (plants) Mv iii.301.17; of the mind (citta), Gv 83.7 kuśalamūlaih svacittam eva parisyandayitavyam; AsP 92.1 manasikāra-parisyanditena cittena; as a yoga-practice, after abhisyando, Mvy 1647.

parisvedana (nt.; n. act. to caus. of pari plus svid, used in Suśruta, BR), sweating (as a form of medical treatment): Gv 152.10 °danam (.... prajānāmi), in list of methods of treating diseases.

parisamstuta, adj.-ppp. (cf. Skt. pari-sam-stu-, praise, once in Mbh., BR), in (bodhisattvāḥ . . .) tathāgata-°tā(ḥ) SP 66.8, either praised by ... (so Tib. and later Chin.), or intimate with ... (cf. saṃstuta; so earliest Chin., Dharmarakşa).

parisamsthāpana-tā (to next), establishment: -sar-

vajñatā-mahāpura-°pana-tayā Gv 170.8. parisaṃsthāpayati, and (perhaps only m.c.) °sthapeti (cf. next; caus. of pari-sam-sthā-, not recorded Skt. or Pali; cf. Pkt. parisamthavimta, "thaviya), establishes, fixes, makes firm, arranges in fixed order: "sthāpayati SP 246.5, 7 (buddhakşetra); SP 247.5 (lokadhātu); "sthāpayāmi Gv 66.21 (parivartān, chapters or sections of a literary work); °sthapemi SP 308.12 (vs, perhaps m.c.; yuşman, followers of Buddha); °sthāpayisyati Gv 112.2; (puṇya-cakravāḍaṃ loke); °sthāpitāḥ SP 309.7 (bodhisattvas); °sthāpayitavyaṃ Šikṣ 56.2 (paṛṣanmaṇḍalaṃ).

? parisamsthita (ppp. of pari-sam-stha, of which no other form seems to be recorded except the caus., see prec., and Pali parisamthāti, in a very different mg.; osthita occurs once in Mbh.Crit. ed. 1.114.59 in mg. standing round about, of attendant deities; AMg. parisamthiya, well-established, Ratnach.), established: (iyam sarvāvatī lokadhātū...) apagatanadīmahānadī parisamsthitā SP 244.12 (prose; ed. fails to separate from the prec. word). But perhaps the caus. parisamsthāpitā (see prec.) should be read with WT; no ms. is reported with it but some mss. have caus. forms, and the parallel 246.7 looks in this direction.

parisakkati (cf. Pali id. in mg. sets out to, tries, with dat.; see -sakkati), walks around: Mv ii.254.3 parisakkantam (acc. sg. m. pres. pple.; but mss. °sakkāntam or parisamkrāntam) dṛṣṭvā, secing him (a man covered with branches, imitating a tree) walking about.

parisanga (cf. Pkt. id., Sheth, one of whose definitions is sanga), sticking, cleavage: in Gv 401.9 (prose), nābhūt sango vā parisangoparuddhamgo (read °ddhāngo?) vā upakledo vā ..., said of a mahāpurusa, as possessor of the laksana samacatvārimsad-danta-tā: there was no . . . obstructed member due to cleavage (?).

parisamtusta (ppp. of unrecorded pari-sam-tus-, or cpd. of pari, intensive, and samtusta), completely satisfied: Gv 457.26 (prose).

parisamanta (m. or nt.; see also parisamanta, otaka; Pali parisamanta-to, adv., rendered from all sides, perh. lit. from the vicinity), neighborhood; only in quasi-adverbial instr. and loc., with dependent gen., near..., usually with a form of the verb carati (or a synonym): "ntena My ii.253.3 (nivāpasya ca "ntena carati); iii.126.2 (°ntena rājakulasya); iii.144.2, 14; 155.9; °nte My ii.251.11 (sānaṃ); iii.144.1 (v.l. °ntena). All prose.

parisambhavati (twice in AV., otherwise unrecorded), develops completely: (sambhavanti) parisambhavanti parinispadyante Gv 371.7.

? parisara, nt., in a colophon My i.193.12, daśabhūmayah mahāvastuparisaram, acc. to Senart introduction (from the mg. environs, vicinity); he also thinks of possibly emending to parivartam (q.v.), section.

parisarpikā, writhing, or stumbling? in LV 227.8, kāścin (women of the harem, on finding the Bodhisattva gone) nānā-kāya-parisarpikayā rudanti sma, wept with