various contortions, grovelings, or stumblings, of the body; Tib. rdeb, rendered by Foucaux se frappent (le corps), but the meaning stumble, and others, is also given for it.

parisarpyaka (gdve. of pari-srp- plus -ka), capable of being run about in (or, acc. to Bendall and Rouse, easy to traverse): (sthanani...) sukha-parisarpyakani Siks 197.3 (prose; to be cultivated by an ascetic).

parisāmanta (AMg. id., said to be m., neighborhood; see next, and parisamanta; all seem to be variants of one word, or at least equivalents), m. noun or adj., neighboring, belonging to the vicinty: "ntah (so Index, misprinted pārisam" in text; Mironov "samanta, but most mss. "sām") Mvy 6493 = Tib. khor yug (round about) or ñe khor ('those about us'); in cpd., bodhimanda-ota-gatā(h) AsP 56.7, those who were in the neighborhood of . . .; either adj. or acc. adv., nirdhāvati tam vanasandam parisāmantam Mv 1.359.21 (so mss., Senart em. 'samantam), went out to that forest-thicket in the vicinity; otherwise adv. 'te or °tena, with gen., = parisamanta (°te, °tena): °te Mv ii.211.6 (āśramapadasya); °tena Mv ii.252.7 (kālapāśānāṃ); iii.153.15 (āśramapadasya . . . carati).
-parisāmantaka (cf. sāmantaka), in Bhyr. adj.

(= prec.), ardhayojana-parisāmantakaḥ Mvy 5603, having environs (surrounding area) of half a yojana (= of that circumference?); cited by BR as 'samantaka, but Mironov also 'sām', no v.l.; 'kena, adv., = 'ntena (see prec.), SP 159.11 (bodhimandasya).

parisṛṣṭa, ppp. (recorded only in one very doubtful Vedic passage, AV. 8.6.20, see Whitney-Lanman), mingled, set (with precious stones): jātarūpam vaidūrya-parisrstam Dbh 54.7

pariskāra (m.; = pariskāra, q.v.), equipment, utensils: LV 429.22 (no v.l.); 430.20 (only v.l. parihāra); also in some citations s.v. parişkāra.

paristhita, see paristhita.

parisnāti, "snāyati (unrecorded), swims thru or across: bhikṣavo 'tra (sc. arṇave, fig. of the saṃsāra) parisnānti Divy 56.11 = "vaḥ parisnāyanti MPS 7.10.

parispharayati (prob. caus. to Pali parippharati, suffuses, permeates), causes to expand: Mvy 1649, so also Mironov 85.12; BR cite "sphār"; = Tib. yons su rgyas

parisphuţa, adj. (see next, and sphuţa, prati-sphuţa; = Pali paripphuţţha, or MN iii.94.2 °pphuta, read °ta?), completely filled, full: Mvy 6295 (ābhayā); 6867; LV 77.12 (ratnajāla-pa°...grham); 231.7; 307.16; SP 175.3; Mv ii.349.21, 22; 350.2, 20; 351.3, 6 (all these in vs, repeated iii.274.1 ff.); ii.359.22; RP 40.18 (puṣpa-in vs, repeated iii.274.1 ff.); ii.359.22; CV 8.6 (fa phalavrkşaih); Sikş 28.7 (mahākaruņā-pa°); Gv 8.6 (tathāgatakāya-); 167.21; Sukh 41.11; °tam tu paṭam kṛtvā Mmk 60.13; 553.18; 554.1, of a magic cloth, woven and painted so as to be full (of figures).

parisphūța, adj. (cf. sphūța, on same page of LV for sphuta), = prec.: (prabhayā...) oto 'bhūt LV 86.3 (prose).

parisrava, m. or nt. (Aśokan id.), seems used in the sense of parisraya = Pali parissaya, difficulty, trouble, perh. by folk-etym. confusion with Skt. parisrava: pratighānunayā na santi te na ca te santi mune °vāh MSV i.11.11 (vs); sarvāni parisravāni ib. ii.185.3 (vs, = Ud xiv.13 pariśrayāņi, see this).

parisrāva (m., = next), filter, water-strainer: Mvy 9120 = Tib. chu tshags (°va-kalpaḥ); a-parisrāvam... pānīyam Karmav 160.13, unfiltered water.

parisrāvaṇa, also written °srāv°, nt. (= Pali parissāvana; cf. prec. and next), = prec.: Mvy 9020; pātrapariśrāvaņam (dvandva, bowl and strainer) yathāsthāne sthāpya Divy 582.24. (The preceding pātram ca is to be construed with nirmadya.)

(parisrāvita, = Pali parissā°, ppp. of Skt. °srāvayati, °ssāveti, filtered, of water: LV 249.8.)

-parisrāvin, in a-pario, not provided with (made like) a filter or sieve, of the webbed hands and feet of a mahāpurușa, see s.v. jālin: vicitra-suvibhakta-chidrāparisrāvinī (dual) Gv 399.26, (if text is right) in a manifold and wellseparated way not made like a filter with holes; but perhaps read ochidra-pario, having (the nature of) a filter by reason of various well-divided holes.

parihārya

parisruta, ppp. (cf. prec. items), strained (of fat): (vasā...) akāle °tā MSV i.v.16.

pariharati, °reti, (1) (= Pali id.; cf. also parihāra, °hārya), once ger. °hārya as if from 'caus.' protects, guards, looks after: (śiṣya-)gaṇam LV 239.11; 245.10; śrāvaka-, bhikṣu-samgham Mv i.39.3; 60.6; 238.20; 239.14; 331.6; ii.119.2; a herd (yūtha, of deer, apes, birds, the subject being their leader), Mv i.359.18 (mss. reti); ii.234.17; 251.3; iii.31.6; parents (subject being their son), janetrīm Mv lii.134.9; mātaram . . . pitaram . . . pari-haret Av i.205.2; pass., mātāpitarau . . . parihriyete Av i.193.7; the embryo in the womb, subject the mother (so also Pali), parihārya (seemingly to *ohārayati, but reading doubtful) kukṣiṇā My iii.109.13; one's own speech, Dbh 24.21, see s.v. parihārya; (2) (cf. umschlingen in BR s.v.) wraps up, a purchase (otherwise Senart): (keśaram, q.v.) parihariyāham bhagavato . . . adhikāram karomi. pariharetsuḥ (mss.)...te duve gandhikamahattarakā satasa-hasrakesaram Mv i.38.4-5, having wrapt up (the perfume being bought), I shall pay service to the Lord (with it). (So saying) the two perfumers wrapt up the perfume worth 100,000; (3) brings, moves (trans.; cf. umherbewegen in BR s.v.): bhagavām daksiņam eva caraņam kanakakamalam, pariharati indrakile (loc. of goal) tatra bhavati adbhuto ghoso Mv i.235.11-12 (vss), in account of Dipamkara's entrance into Dipavati-city.

(parihāṭaka, nt., Mvy 6020, and parihāraka, nt., Mvy 6028 [in both = Tib. gdub bu, with addition of tham pa = pari in 6028] or °raka m., Mv ii.352.6 [°kāḥ, n. pl., in vs]; in Mvy 6028 v.l. °harakam, which Mironov reads without v.l.; bracelet [or anklet], acc. to Tib.; certainly some bodily ornament. The two are surely different forms of one word, which also appears in BHS as pārihāraka, q.v. It occurs in Mbh. crit. ed. 1.67.2; 4.15.2 and 18.19, always following a parallel form of kundala, °hāṭaka in text [with most mss.] but always with v.l. °hāraka. Taken by BR 4.560 as noun, identical with Mvy °hātaka, but in 7.1768 as adj., ganz von Gold [with kundala]; the existence of the v.l. °hāraka, and BHS pārihāraka, give support to BR's earlier interpretation, to which I adhere. See § 2.47.)

parihāņa (nt.; = Pali °hāna; in Skt. rare, only twice in a Brāhmaṇa, BR s.v., in neg. a-pari°), loss, ruin: Śiks 105.14, 15; abhavyaḥ °ṇāya Ud vi.7 (so with abhabba in Pali).

-parihāņikā (to Skt. parihāņi plus -kā), in padaonikaya, adv., 'by diminution of a step', one step behind (another monk): cankramanti . . . MSV iii.97.3. parihāpaņa (nt.; to Skt. °hāpayati, Pali °hāpeti),

abandonment, quitting: samgha-°nāya Karmav 40.2.

parihāpita, ppp. (= JM. °hāviya = Skt. Pali
°dhāpita, to °dhāpayati), clothed: vastram °to Mv

parihāra (m.; = Pali id.; to pariharati, 1), watchful care, guard, ward, act or process of guarding: tesam bhavanto ardhaparihārā (em.) Mv iii.63.8, of these (disciples) you (two) have half the guardianship (Bhvr.; are half-guardians); parihāradharmam na mārgayati Siks 152.6, he seeks not to follow the law of watchful care (of religious practices; wrongly Bendall and Rouse); saparihārā šikṣā Šikṣ 178.13, full of watchful care (here B. and R. correctly).

parihāraka, nt. or m., = parihāṭaka, q.v parihārya, adj. (quasi-gdve. to pariharati 1, or to parihāra plus -ya), guarded, of speech, opp. to saṃbhinnapralāpa: sambhinnapralāpāt prativiratah . . . suparihārya-