parşacchāradya, see śāradya.

pratyupasthitam.

-parşatka (= Skt. parşad plus -ka, Bhvr.), assembly, ifc. Bhvr.: jita-p° Jm 152.22; sa-p° 155.1.

[parṣadasādya, error for parṣacchāradya.]

parşadasadya, error for parşactilatayanı parşadā (= pariş°, Skt. parşad; § 15.9), assembly: "dānām Mv i.29.13 (prose); "dāyām Suv 21.14 (vs), so Nobel em. m.c., for paris°, some mss., or v.l. parşadi with different following text but correct meter.

parşadya, m. (= pāriş°, pārş°, pariş°), member of an assembly: amātya-p° Suv 232.1 (vs), but same cpd. with pārş° 230.9 (vs).

parşavant (for parşā plus vant; short a can hardly be called m.c. since a would also be possible metrically), attended by an assembly, or by the (four) assemblies (of a Buddha): parşavantāna tāyinām SP 303.13 (vs).

parşā (= pariṣā, etc.; Skt. parṣad), assembly: SP 354.12 (vs); Mv i.310.5 (prose); of the four assemblies of a Buddha (see s.v. pariṣā), SP 9.1; 237.13 (both vss); Mv i.27.11 (prose).

-palaka, m. (etym. not clear), app. point (of a spear), see kunta-po.

palaganda, m. (= Pali and Skt. Lex. id.), mason, plasterer: Mvy 3772; Av i.339.12; AsP 236.19 f.; 443.7.

palāta, pple. (to Skt. palāyati; = Pali id., cf. next, and § 34.12), fled: in Siks 347.4 prob. read palat' (for text palātv) asurendrāh, the asura-lords fled (§ 8.84).

palāna, pple. (= JM. palāņa, Pischel 567, cf. prec., and § 34.19), fled, or sometimes seemingly with pass. force, put to flight, with instr. of person causing the flight, e. g. bhagavatā te (mss. tena) amanusyakā (demons) palānā Mv i.270.11-12; so several times Mv i.283.7 ff., regularly with instr.; used absolutely, without instr., fled, Mv ii.172.16; 235.2; iii.350.1. Cf. also palāyaka, with v.l. palānaka, and **prapalāna**.

palāpa, see palāva.

? palāyaka, m., a fugitive: SP 112.1 (vs), but Kashgar rec. palāyitah, and WT with K' palānakah = palānah, see palāna and § 22.4.

palāva (m. or nt.; once in AV.) or palāpa (= Pali id.; so Kashgar rec. of SP, both times), chaff: nispal° SP 39.3; 44.13 (both edd. with Nep. mss. °va), free from

palāśa, see pallāśa.

palāśaka, m. (= Skt. °śa; -ka svārthe), leaves, foliage: Divy 631.10.

palikuñca, °cika (m. or nt.), °cikā (to pali = pari plus a form of Skt. kuc-, kunc-, bend, cf. Skt. samkuc-, bring together, close; AMg. paliuncai, in diff. mg., conceals a fault, deceives), (thatched) hut, in most cases prec. by kata-, of grass, straw: kata-palikuncikāyām, text, loc sg., SP 106.2; 107.7; 108.3 (all prose), but mss. vary greatly one v.l. each time palikunce; nivesanasyo (so Nep. mss., m.c. for 'sya) palikuncikesmin (read as one word, loc. of

°ka) SP 114.2 (vs; Kashgar rec. has very different and certainly secondary reading; WT here 'syopari ku'; this division is inconsistent with the above forms where kataprecedes pali°; in these WT read katapali-kuñc°, with printed hyphen! which I cannot interpret at all): Tib. khyim gyi drun du rtsva yi spyil po na, in a hut of straw, or grass, near the house.

palikhanati, see pari°.

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paliguddha, adj. (ppp., MIndic for parigrddha, q.v.; § 3.92; I find only (pari-)giddha recorded in MIndic q.v., § 3.52, 1 mind only (pair) gradia recorded in Minde records; confirmed by the analog. paligodha, q.v.), attached (to), greedy (for), usually worldly and unworthy objects: bahu-paligodha-paligudha Siks 105.12; kāmāhāra-pali 186.10; a-pali, not affected, lit. not greedily fastened upon (rupagatena, see this) 249.8; in SP 54.11 (vs) read prob. gatişu şatsu (so mss.) paliguddha- (text em. pariruddha; mss. mostly pali-, or pari-, suddha; Tib. zin pa, one mg. of which is caplivated; WT with K' parigrddha)-cittāḥ; so too in Siks 146.20 read tad grhasukha-paliguddham (text °śuddham) adhikrtyoktam, this is said with reference to one eager for household-joys; but also with worthy objects, dharma-pali° Siks 100.3-4. Cf. Thomas, JRAS 1915.99 ff.

paligodha, m. (= Asokan [a-]pari-[pali-]godha; analog. back formation to "guddha, q.v., on such models as rodha and cpds. to ruddha; § 3.68; similarly Pali gedha, analog. to Pali giddha = Skt. grddha, not a phonetic development of the latter as assumed by Geiger 10; corresp. to Pali paligedha, BHS parigredha, of similar origin, tho no Pali \*paligiddha is recorded), attachment (to), greed (for), usually but not always worldly and unworthy objects: °dhah Mvy 6524 = Tib. chags pa, attachment, among other (and irrelevant) renderings; ākāśa-(see this)-paligodhau KP 111.1 = Tib. yons su (= pari) chags pa; in 111.6 (vs) ākāsa-bodhe (Tib. chags pa), read prob. °godhe, see godha and 2 bodha; valyāprtya-paligodhe (so with ms) Siks 50.15, attachment (devotion) to duties (here no offensive connotation); see paliguddha for Siks 105.12; °dha-mantreșu ratim janitva 109.1;

laukikakṛtya-°dhah 114.4. palitaka, f. °ikā, adj. (palita with -ka, perhaps pitying or contemptuous dim.), gray (-haired): Mv iii.283.11, 13; see s.v. jīrņaka.

? palimbha (m. or nt.), a high number: Gv 106.2. Corresp. to halibha, q.v.

[paliśuddha, Śiks 146.20, read paliguddha, q.v.] ? palikṛta, in Av ii.136.10 (vs) ādiptam kānanam sarvam parvatā pi °krtā, perh. even the mountains are made into straws (pala, Skt. Lex., straw). Speyer, a-glowing, with little if any support, and evidently thinking the word must have a mg. similar to adiptam; but this is quite unnecessary; two entirely separate situations are referred to, related only in that they are things hard to conceive as accomplished. Speyer cites Tib. as ser bo, which he identifies with ser po, yellow; this, even if justified, does not give the meaning he assumes.

pallatthikā (= Pali id.; MIndic for Skt. paryastikā, the form used Mvy 8544), n. of some posture or attitude regarded as undignified for a monk; the exact mg. is differently given, see refs. in PTSD Prāt 536, note 2 (app. Finot's only source reads so, he em. paryastikā with Mvy; Chin. acc. to him les reins aécouverts); La Vallée-Poussin, JRAS 1913.844, lines 1, 4.

pallānati (cf. next; = JM. pallāņei, to Skt. paryāņayati, denom. to paryāṇa, saddle), harnesses, or the like (saddles?): tena . . . kanthakam (the horse) pallanatena (pres. pple.; so mss., to be kept) My ii.160.4.

? pallasa, or palasa (so mss., varying; cf. prec.), refers to some part of the harness on a horse's back: mss. aśvaprsthapallāśasya prsthato bandhyati Mv iii.158.9; mss. aśvaprsthe prsthato pallāsabaddhatena (v.l. palāše baddhena) baddham abhūşi 12. Senart em. pallāņa, said