

kūla (explained JAOS 41.462 ff.). But v.l. apratikulam (sol), and parallels i.207.1; ii.10.11; iii.343.1 all pratikula without v.l.

pratiṣṭhapayati, °peti (cf. M. padītthavia, ppp.; Pali only patītthāpeti, with ā), establishes: °pemi SP 47.2 (vs; so with Kashgar rec.); °peyam 47.4 (vs); ger. °ṣṭhapiya Mv i.108.15 (vs).

(-pratiṣṭhāna, basis: in Laṅk 42.4 read deha-bhogapratiṣṭhānam for ed. °sam, Suzuki, Studies, Gloss., which see for other occurrences in Laṅk; Suzuki transl. body, property, and abode, as a triple dyadva; it seems rather to mean the basis of bodily enjoyments, i. e., approximately, the visible, empiric world.)

pratiṣṭhāpaka, f. °ikā (AMg. paitīthāvaa), one who or that which establishes: m., LV 351.13; Gv 416.13; f. °ikā (buddhi) Laṅk 122.2.

pratiṣṭhāpana (nt.) = Skt. °ṣṭhāna, stool (for the feet), in pāda-pra° LV 408.19 (prose), corresp. to pāda-pratiṣṭhāna 408.3; both times without v.l.

Pratiṣṭhitacāraṇita, v.l. for **Su-prati**, q.v.

[pratiṣṭheti, acc. to Lefm. LV 317.5 (prose) with all mss., but read praviṣṭeti = °tā iti with Calc.: mama camū bodhisattvasya vadanam praviṣṭeti manyamānah prapalānah . . ., confirmed by Tib. (which Foucaux fails to understand) bdag gi dpuñ byañ chub sems dpahi khañ nañ du zhugs so sñam du sems śin bduñ bros par gyur pa dañ, thinking in his mind, My army has entered the mouth of the Bodhisattva! (cf. Bh.G. 11.27), the demon (Māra), while taking flight . . .]

pratisamyukta, adj. (ppp., once in pw from Mbh 12, Bombay only, Calc. different; = Pali paṭisamyutta), connected with, related or suitable to, concerning: SP 18.1 (saṭpāramitā-pra°, of dharma); Mv i.211.4 = ii.15.2 (kimkaranyaka-pra°); Mvy 2147-9 (kāma-, rūpa-, ārūpya-); Divy 339.21 (brāhmaṇa-); 631.25, 26 (vivekakāla-, artha-); Av i.68.8 (anityatā-°ktām dharmadeśanām); Samādhi 19.15 (śabdo . . . dharmatā-°ktah); Śiks 50.10, 13; 202.9; Gv 16.1; AsP 460.20; Bbh 17.14; 46.8 f.; 317.17; Mahāsamāj. Waldschmidt, Kl. Skt. Texte 4,157.8 (nirvāna-°ktām dharmikathām); hrivarnā-°kteṣu lokādhīpateyeṣu (see °ādhipateye) ceti (sc. upaneyam) Jm 80.13-14.

[pratisamlapana, error for °layana, q.v.: SP 277.10 (corrected in WT); AsP 236.4]

pratisamlayati (cf. the foll. items; = °liyate; Pali only paṭisalliyati, °liyati), withdraws, goes into seclusion (for meditation): °yisyāmi aham atrāgnīśaraṇe Mv iii.428.15 (prose; cf. pratisamlayanāya 429.1); pratisamlātu-kāma (§ 36.11) MSV ii.128.5.

pratisamlayana (see also **atisamlayana**), nt. (m. acc. to Mvy 1488; to prec.; = Pali paṭisallāna), = **pratisamlāna**: °nañ Mvy 1488, as a type of dhyāna; °nam Mvy 1642, as a yogāṅga; vihāram praviṣṭah °layanāya SP 182.2-3; Divy 156.2; 494.1; °layanād vyutthāya, coming out from (meditative) seclusion, Mv i.231.3; 317.7; iii.225.15; Divy 197.1; Av i.187.6; 242.11, etc.; °layana-guruka SP 340.2 (on SP 277.9-10 see next); (ayam kālo dharmadeśanāyā) ayam kālah °layanasya LV 161.10; niṣide (aor.) °layanāya Mv iii.429.1; °layana-sārūpya, also °pyaka and °sāropyā, qq.v., suitable for private meditation (Pali paṭisallāna-sāruppa), said of ḍāraṇa-pada, śāyyāsana (śayanāsana), and the like: Mv ii.123.18, read °layana- (so v.l.) -sārupyāni with Senart's Index (wrongly ii.519 note); iii.143.13 and 200.17 (°sāropyā); Bbh 8.25 (°sārupyaka); in similar passage LV 248.11 bhūmiprādeśo . . . pratisamlayanānurūpah; °layanam (text printed °layanam) appears to be associated with the lower methods of śāvakas and pratyekabuddhas in AsP 236.4.

pratisamlāna (nt.; = °layana, Pali paṭisallāna), retirement, withdrawal into privacy (for the purpose of meditation): °lāna-utthito Mv iii.305.8 (vs; v.l. °sina, intending °līna-, which is an unhappy 'correction'); °lāne

punar eva yogam āpadyeta AsP 345.17; °lānam sevate, reading of WT's ms. K' at SP 277.10 (prose), where KN wrongly °lapanam, WT °layanam; in SP 343.2 both edd. °lāna-gocarāḥ by em., read with mss. °līna-; in SP 277.9 read prob. °lāna-guruko, see next.

[pratisamlāpa(-guruko), wrong reading in SP 277.9 for °lāna- (K' cited in WT as °līna-) or °layana- (so WT ed.)]

pratisamliṇa, adj. (ppp. of next and of °layati; = Pali paṭisallīna; cf. also °layana, °lāna), retired, withdrawn, (1) usually for the purpose of meditation; often with rahogata (and other synonyms): LV 392.8; 395.18; Mv i.51.9; 329.21; 330.19; iii.416.11; Divy 291.23; Av i.211.8; 240.1; for the period of the rains, Mv iii.210.5; °līna-gocarāḥ (all mss., ed. em. °lāna-) SP 343.2; others, SP 182.3, 6; Divy 196.19; Av i.238.3; RP 39.11; Śiks 67.12; (2) to sleep: Divy 90.13, see next.

pratisamliyate (cf. prec. items; Pali paṭisalliyati, °liyati, only in mg. of BHS pratisamliyati), retires in the sense of goes to bed: (dharmatā khalu Buddhanām . . . na tāvad) upasthāyakāḥ °liyante na yāvad Buddhā . . . °lināḥ Divy 90.13, . . . attendants of Buddhas do not go to bed until Buddhas have gone to bed (and put out lights; context demonstrates this mg.).

[pratisamvartaniya, error for pratiśālbha-samvar-taniya, as read in surrounding parallels: Divy 482.9.]

Pratisamvitprāpta, n. of a Bodhisattva: LV 2.13.

pratisamvid, f. (also °vida and app. °vida; see following items; = Pali paṭisambhidā, which is often, but questionably, assumed to be the orig. form), special knowledge, of which there are four (the same in Pali), dharma, artha (or in reverse order), nirukti, pratibhāna; on their mgs. see LaV-P. AbhidhK. vii.89 ff.; Lévi, Sūtrāl. xviii.34; Burnouf, Lotus, App. XVII; and for Pali, Chil-ders, and Kvu. transl. 377-382; lists of the four: Mvy 196-200; Dharmas 51; SP 393.11-12 (here without the term pratisamvid); listed with more or less detailed definitions of each, Dbh 77.3 ff.; Bbh 214.11 ff.; 258.4 ff.; °vid-avatāra, LV 8.13; 35.16; °vid-gatiṃgata, SP 202.10; LV 2.8 (so read with v.l., confirmed by Tib., for text pratisamya-gati°); °vidām läbhy (läbhi) SP 200.11; °vit-prāpta Divy 97.26; 180.27; 240.25; Av i.96.8 etc.; anāvaraṇa-°vit-prāpta LV 426.5; others, LV 343.4; Bbh 207.22; Gv 4.21.

pratisamvidā, f. (cf. Pali paṭisambhidā), and app. °da, nt., = prec.; the four listed, artha-°vida-prāptā dharma-°vida-prāptā nirukti° pratibhāna° (each time vida) Mv iii.321.14-15 (prose); also, with dharma° first, and n. sg. °vidā each time, Bbh 89.25; catvāri ca (mss. confused) pratisamvidāni (no v.l.) sāksikare Mv iii.67.2-3, and again 4; in LV 287.10 (vs) mss. confused, read prob. sa-pratisamvida-a (could be m.c.)-satyabalam ca; °vidānām . . . läbhi SP 204.11 (vs); °vidāsu ca gatiṃgatānām 205.12 (vs); °vidāto, abl., Śiks 109.6 (vs).

pratisamvidita, adj.-ppp. (Pali, in neg. a-ppati°, in mg. 1), (1) experienced, known: °ditānām vedanānām samjñānām tarkānām utpādaḥ sthānam nirodhaś ca Bbh 75.20; mahājana-prati° MSV ii.99.14, known to a lot of people; in this sense app. back-formation from **pratisamvedayati**, as if from its non-caus. present, cf. CPD s.v. appaṭisamvidita; (2) possessed of (full) special knowledge (in this sense doubtless based directly on the noun **pratisamvid-ā,-a**): (ye janā) aśrāddhā mandaprasādā te dāni pratisamviditā bhavanti Mv iii.256.5 (on Buddha's entrance to a city; along with other miracles); (3) see **a-prati**.

Pratisamvin-niścayāvatārā, n. of a Bodhisattva-dhāraṇi: Mvy 755.

pratisamveda, see **a-prati**.

pratisamvedaka, adj. (to °vedayati), (1) experiencing (pleasure or pain): sukhaduḥkhaprati°kāny (sapta vij-