being: Mvy 4378 (follows cicca or ciccha, q.v.); Mmk 17.9 (followed by mahā-pre°); Māy 220.18; 245.16. preṣayati, preṣeti (cf. Skt. id., Pali peseti, sends),

with cittam, directs the thought (with dat., or ioc., towards, see sampreşayati): cittu preşeti varăgrabodhaye LV 179.6 (vs). Acc. to Senart, Mv i note 535, preşayati would have this same mg. with ellipsis of cittam in Mv i.202.14 = ii.6.11 (vs); and, I would add, surely the same form (presaya) should be read in the same line i.145.17, where all mss. omit the verb altogether but Senart by em. inserts preksasva, instead of presaya of the other passages. Senart's interpretation of presaya seems hardly necessary; it may mean order, direct, command; cf. Pali Vin. ii.177.19 (ārāmikā) a-pesiyamānā (pass. pple.), not being directed, commanded; and SP 116.5

proņa, adj. (semi-MIndic for Skt. pravaņa; Pali poņa), directed towards (in comp.): tatpronu (Pali tappona) KP 10.16 (vs; = tatpravanah 10.6, prose).

protsrjati, throws away or down (impetuously): arthan... °sasarja pradanaih Divy 587.7; śailatatad... śariram °srjataś (gen. sg. pres. pple.) RP 22.3. prodyayate or °ti (pra-ud-ya-, cf. Skt. prod-i-),

sets out, goes forth: prodyayāmāna, pple., m.c. for 'yāyamāna, Dbh.g. 51(77).25.

pronmathyate, pass. (cf. Skt. pronmathin, rare), is disturbed: keśarino balena mahatā °yamānā (read °nam) gajam Divy 599.2.

pronmūlita, ppp. (to pra- plus Skt. unmūlayati), uprooted, cast out: yūyam ... °tā bhūmayaḥ Divy 603.9.
prollīḍha, ppp. (to pra- plus Skt. ul-leḍhi), licked

voraciously, much used for food: madavārilolamadhulit-prollidha-gandhasthalam (gajam) Divy 599.1 (vs). It seems that gaṇḍasthalam should be read for gandha°.

prosta, ppp. (of pra- plus us, burn, this cpd. unrecorded), burnt: must be read for plosta-, which is senseless (plusta- would be possible) and is recorded from only one ms., while one has the correct prosta- (the others vary; WT keep plosta- without note): kumbhāṇḍakāḥ prostamukhā bhramanti SP 85.9 (vs); confirmed in Tib., gdon tshig, burnt face.

Prosthapada, pl., n. of a brahmanical (Yajurvedic) school: Divy 633.6 f.

plavita, nt., swimming (as exercise, sport, or art); so Tib. rkyal on Mvy and LV 151.17: Mvy 5000 (°tam); °te, loc., LV 151.17; 156.10; Mv ii.423.16; 434.12.

plāvīkṛta, ppp. (to Skt. plāva plus kar-), made to overflow: udapānam "tam MSV i.24.15.

plīha, m. (= Skt. plīhan), spleen: "haḥ Mvy 4021

= Tib. mchin pa, acc. to Jä. liver; Chin. also liver. plīhaka, m. (cf. Pali pihaka), = prec.: °kah Siks 209.9 (prose).

Plīhakānanda, n. of a Buddhist monk: MSV ii.96.10 (Tib. cited as mchin nad can, having liver-disease); see plīha.

ploti, f., see also next, and -plotika, ifc. Bhvr. (= pilotika, q.v.; Skt. ploti, piece of cloth, so read with Ganapati Sastri for plauti of Shama Sastri, Kaut. Arth., Shama S. 80.9, in ii.11; also Skt. plota; both for \*proti, \*prota, from Skt. pra-vayati; note the denom. ger. protayitvā, implying protayati, thrice in KātyŚrS, see BR; this seems to mean having fastened, tied on or in, which implies a meaning like that here suggested for the underlying noun \*proti or \*prota), seems to mean cord, as connecting link or bond: chiefly in karma-ploti, e. g. pūrvikā otir vyākrtā bhavati Divy 150.24, the previous action-(binding-)cord has been explained; so, regularly with forms of vyākaroti, Divy 87.8; 89.5; 241.25-26; Av i.242.9; 244.1; 246.11 et alibi; Mārāś ca Mārakarmāṇi ca karmaplotayas ca Lank 240.11 (as matters of which an explanation is asked); -plotika alone in chinna-°kah, ep. of dharma, Mvy 1306; Av ii.106.11; Tib. on Mvy rgyun ma (? rgyun srotas, stream, continuity; error for rgyu, cause? cf. Chin.) bead pa (cut); Chin. having cut off causes; Jap. cut off ties or bonds of karman. Also (chinna-)pilotika, q.v. Both Myy and Av use this cpd. in a cliché occurring in Pali, e. g. MN i.141.21; here the comm. ii.119.19 ff. explains chinna-pilotiko (of dhammo) as having its rags cut off, like a fresh garment (cf. pilotika, 1), but he offers two different, and equally fantastic, explanations of the specific application of the term, and gives the impression that he is merely guessing.

plotikā (= prec., in Skt. mg.), piece of cloth attached to a monk's robe in mending it: °kā-cīvareņa MSV ii.159.9; in the uddana above, line 5, represented by upadhih; is this used in the mg. addition (Hinzufügung, pw 1.240)? The ed. note cites avadhi from Pali Vin. i.254, 297, where I have not found it; Tib. renders plotikā as it does pailottika, g.v.

[plosta SP 85.9, read prosta, q.v.]

## PΗ

phakka, adj. or subst. m., lame, crippled, maimed: °kah Mvy 8876 = Tib. grum po. [phaţika-, see phalikha.]

phanika, m. (= Skt. phanin), snake: Mv ii.305.19; iii.380.8 (both vs., in both v.l. phali°).

[phana, allegedly = Skt. phena, foam; cited as phana once from TB. in BR; Lefm. phanapindeva LV 176.2 (vs), like a heap of foam, symbol of transitoriness; but all mss. phena°, so also citation of the line Siks 237.11 phenapindavad, where note says 'scan phena-'; see § 3.65.]

phara, nt. (once in Skt. acc. to pw; = id. Deśin. 1.76; AMg. pharaya; Skt. phalaka), shield: °ram Mvy 6079 = Tib. phub; Mmk 356.6; 362.24.

pharana (nt.; Pali id.; to pharati; = spharana, q.v.), suffusion, penetration, pervasion; noted only in Bhvr. cpd., = pervading . . .: dharmadhātu-pharaṇam (241.2 nāḥ) pratiksaņam (240.20 misprinted pratilaksaņam) Gv 240.20; 241.2 (vss).

pharati (= Pali id.; see also phalati, spharati,

sphurati), pervades, fills, esp. with radiance, or with love or the like: (in Mv iii.124.15 mss. phalitvā, Senart em. phar-;) in Mv iii.374.11, 16 Senart rightly em. pharetha (16 pharema) for mss. haro kāyam vipulāya prītaye (16 prītiyā); Pali uses pharati with kāyam or synonym as object; thrill the body with great joy; pharitva (v.l. sphalitva; Lefm. em. sphar°) LV 116.15 (vs; amṛtodakena); in Gv 230.14 (vs) read kāya (text 'pāya, at beginning of a line!) pharitva; pharanti Gv 236.6; pharitvā 236.8; "tva 240.24; phari (aor.) 240.25, et alibi, in vss of Gv.

pharapharayate, onomat., crashes (?): Mmk 674.4 (prose; subject app. kumbhīra-dhāraņam, a crocodileholder [?], from prec. sentence); cf. Ap. pharaharantu, pres. pple., Bhav. (Jacobi) 155.11.

? pharasaka, see phalasaka.
phala, nt. (1) (= Skt. and Pali phalaka) bark, bast
(used for garments): phala-muñjāsana-valkala... LV249.1
(prose); (2) (= Skt. and Pali id.) religious fruition or attainment, passim; prathama phala Mv i.174.12, 14;