

list in Sukh: one in the south, 97.8; one in the north, 97.21; one in the zenith, 98.16.

Mahārciskandhin, n. af a former Buddha: LV 171.16.

Mahārṣacūḍa, v.l. (better?) Mahāharṣacūḍa, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.139.13.

Mahālakuṭa, n. of a nāga king: Mmk 18.12. Cf. Lakuṭa.

Mahāvana, n. of a grove: Divy 399.12. Context indicates location in the north (in prec. line Kāśmirapure); acc. to Burnouf, Introd. 396 note 1, in the country of Udyāna, q.v. in BR (udyāna 4). This would hardly fit any of the four groves of this name mentioned in DPPN.

Mahāvastu, n. of the work (Mv): Mv i.1.2; colophon i.4.11; glorification of it, iii.250.10 (and ff.).

mahāvādin (Pali id., see PTSD s.v. vādin), a great disputant or debater: Gv 358.26 (said of Satyaka, q.v.).

mahāvāṛṣikī (cited pw as °kā, but Mironov °ki; Tib. cited as bar si ka chen pol), n. of a kind of jasmine, cf. vāṛṣiki, °kā (2): Mvy 6154.

mahāvāhana, m., a high number: Mvy 8015. Cf. vāhana.

Mahāvikrama, n. of a nāga: Mvy 3341.

Mahāvīkrāmin, vv.ll. °kramin, °krama, n. of a Bodhisattva: SP 3.7.

Mahāvijaya, n. of a monk: Dbh 89.15.

mahāvitāna-dharma, quality (ten in number) of high development or the like, is applied to what are elsewhere called the 10 pāramitā (q.v.) of a Bodhisattva: Gv 295.10 (list 14 ff.).

Mahāvidyutprabha, n. of a nāga: Mvy 3317.

mahāvibhūta, m., a high number: Mvy 8037. Cf. vibhūta.

Mahāvīmāna, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.141.14. **mahāvīha**, m., a high number: Mvy 8011. Cf. vivāha.

Mahāvīhāravāsin, pl., n. of a school: Mvy 9096.

mahāvīci (°ci), f. or m., n. of a hell (= avīci, q.v.): °ci Mv i.9.9 = °cīm iii.454.8 (the first nom., the second acc.).

Mahāvīryā, n. of a yogini: Sādh 427.8.

mahā-vaiḍulya, nt., a great vaiḍulya (q.v.), said of Buddhist works: SP 19.12; said of SP itself, 21.6; 22.15; 65.1; 181.6; LV is called °īya-nicayo LV 4.18; in 438.20 it is called dharmaparyāya-sūtrānto mahāvaiḍulya-bodhisattva-vikriḍitah.

mahāvistāra, adj. (can be interpreted as from *mahā-vistāra, a normal Skt. cpd., great extent, plus -a; Whitney 1204e), of great extent: (te kārāḥ ... mahānu-samsā mahādyutayo) °stārā(h) Av ii.108.2.

Mahāvyutpatti, f., n. of a work (Mvy): Mvy p.611 l.1.

Mahāvūha, (1) n. of two former Buddhas: LV 172.4 (vs; m.c. °viyūha); Sukh 6.10; (2) n. of a Bodhisattva: SsP 7.7; (3) n. of one of the 16 gods who guard the bodhimanda: LV 277.14; (4) n. of the kalpa in which Kāśyapa is predicted to become a Buddha: SP 144.5; (5) n. of a samādhi: Mvy 613; SsP 1425.10.

Mahāśakuni, n. of a (cakravartin) king: Mvy 3565; cf. Śakuni; = Śakuna, MSV i.100.14 etc.

Mahāśakti, n. of a yakṣa (or gandharva?): Māy 237.4.

? **mahāśakya**, adj., mighty: °kya-mahāśakyā devatā MPS 5.3, 11 (contrasted with madhya, nica). But Pali DN ii.87.2 mahesakkha = **maheśākhyā**, of which our word is prob. a folk-etym. alteration, tho well supported in the mss., and despite Pali mahābhisaṅka (Therag. 1111); Tib. mthu che ba mthu che ba; cf. Mvy 6411 mahēśākhyā-mahēśākhyā (Tib. dbañ [= mthu] che ba).

mahāśālikā, some sort of mechanical device or toy (piece of furniture?): Mv ii.475.9 (uninterpretable to me as to Senart; in a list of artifacts).

mahāśeṣa, nt., a high number: Mmk 344.1 (= 10 aśeṣa, q.v.).

mahāśrāvaka (= Pali mahāśāvaka), important disciple (of Buddha). In general BHS, like Pali, knows no definite number or list of them (Vism. 98.26 speaks of the number 80); a typical list of 26 names in SP 1.9 ff., but at the end it adds, 'and others'; no number given in SP 33.5; 121.1; LV 6.15; Divy 489.11, etc. Only Mmk makes tentative starts at lists; twice it mentions groups of eight: Mmk 64.9 ff. Śāriputra, Mahāmaudgalyāyana, Mahākāśyapa, Subhūti, Rāhula, Nanda, Bhadrika, Kaphina; but 111.11 ff. varies (1-2 = 2-1 of 64.9 ff.; then Gavāmpati, Piṇḍola-Bharadvāja, Piṇḍavatsa, 6 = 5 above, 7 = 3 above, and 8 Ānanda, who in SP 2.8 is a mere Saikṣa, excluded from the mahāśrāvaka group); in Mmk 40.25 Mahākāśyapa and Mahākātyāyana constitute a pair of mahāśrāvaka; in 13.22 ff. is a very long list, including some familiar and many fanciful and textually doubtful ones; the same is true of the list of females, mahāśrāvikā, which follows in 14.19 ff. (beginning with Yaśodharā); the names in both these lists are omitted here as being largely unreliable.

Mahāśāvā, n. of a nāga, previous birth of Virūḍhaka: MSV 1.260.18.

mahāsamṝvidhāna, nt., the Great Arrangement or Preparation, made by a Bodhisattva in the Tusita heaven when he is about to descend to earth for his last existence: Mv i.198.12; ii.2.7. It consists in the departure of many devas from heaven to be reborn on earth so as to support the Bodhisattva in his mission.

Mahāsamsṝṣṭa (cf. Samsṝṣṭa), m., n. of a mountain: Kv 91.13.

mahāsamjñā, a high number: Mvy 8035. Cf. samjñā (7).

mahāsattva, m. (1) 'great Being', standard ep. of Bodhisattvas: Mvy 626 et passim (very often follows bodhisattva); (2) n. of a prince, hero of Vyāghriparivarta (ch. 18) of Suv: Suv 206.13 ff. Several times in the verse version, 225.11, 234.13, 238.14, Mahāsattva-varo (°varah) is printed as if a cpd., tho the name otherwise appears as Mahāsattva also in vss, e.g. 226.6 etc.; perhaps better division would be Mahāsattva (m.c. for °vo, °vah) plus (adj.) varah.

Mahāsanārcis, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 442.22.

Mahāsamnipāta Sūtra, n. of a work, identified by Thomas after Watanabe as source of fragment Hoernle MR 104 ff.

Mahāsama, pl., n. of a brahmanical school (of the Chandogas): Divy 632.23, 26.

mahāsamantāgandha, nt., a kind of flower (only following samantāgandha): Mv i.230.16; 267.1; ii.160.14; 286.18; iii.95.18; 99.17.

Mahāsamājasūtra (corresp. to Pali Mahāsamayutta, DN no. 20), n. of a work; fragments ed. Waldschmidt, Kl. Skt. Texte 4, 149 ff. Cf. next.

Mahāsamājīya = prec.: Karmav 156.15.

mahāsamāpta, m., a high number: Mvy 8025. Cf. samāpta.

mahāsamudra, nt. or m., a high number, = ten samudra (Skt.): °dram Mmk 343.21, °dras 22.

Mahāsambhava, nt., n. of a city in the south: Gv 142.10, 22.

Mahāsambhavā, n. of the lokadhātu where dwelt the Buddhas named Bhiṣmagarjitasvararāja: SP 376.2 ff.

Mahāsamāmata (= Pali id.), n. of an ancient mythical king, the first king of men in the present world-age: Mvy 3552; (mahatā janakāyena sammato iti) Mahāsamāmata (mss. °samanto, em. Senart) Mv i.348.4; in 8 one ms. correctly Mahāsammatasya, Senart with v.l. Sammatasya (om. mahā); in ii.146.19 mss. °samanto, em. Senart; MSV i.3.6.

Mahāsaśrapramardana, nt., n. of a work: Mvy 1395. Cf. Mahāsaśrapramardani.