yamadandika, m. (to Skt. °danda), agent of Yama's power prophet of doom: MSV ii.118.8.

Yamadūtī, n. of a rākṣasī: Māy 243.25.

Yamamathani, n. of a goddess: Sādh 497.3.

yamalaka, (1) m., twin (= Skt. yamala): Mvy 3911; (2) m. or nt., some kind of (presumably double) receptacle, fastened to a part of a horse's harness, in which food was carried: (modakāni . . .) yamalakam pūretvā aśvapṛṣṭhe. . . Mv iii.158.9, 12; °kāto modakam ukkaṭṭetvā (so with mss.) 13. Each time there is v.l. °raka.

yamalita, denom. ppp. from Skt. yamala (= AMg. jamaliya), juxtaposed, lit. made like a pair of twins: hastau yamalitākārau . . . Mmk 392.2.

yamalī (to Skt. yamala, adj., of which f. is regularly °lā), a kind of dress consisting of two garments: Av i.265.6f.; Divy 276.11 (°lī vāyitā) ff., cf. 277.6, 21 ff., referring clearly to the two garments which constituted the yamalī.

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yamalokika, adj., subst. (cf. yāma° and AMg. jamaloiya), belonging to or inhabitant of Yama's world:

°kānām sattvānām . . -duḥkham vyupašāntam abhūt LV 86.13; sarva-niraya-tiryagyoni-yamalokikāḥ sarve devamanuşyāś ca LV 289.7.

Yamānta = next, app. only in vss, m.c., § 22.24, in Mmk, and as a (mahā-)krodha: Mmk 549.2; 550.5; 552.25; 577.2, etc.

Yamāntaka (= prec.), the usual form in Skt. (as a Hindu figure) and in BHS, e. g. (Ārya-)Ya° Mvy 4333; usually as one of the (mahā-)krodha, regularly the first in a list of them, as in Dharmas 11; frequent in Sādh, e. g. 107.11. See next.

Yamari = prec.: Sādh 95.19 etc. This suggests that the prec. came to be interpreted as destroyer of Yama.

Yambhaka, m. pl. (prob. hyper-Skt. for Jambha-ka, n. of various demons in Skt.; as if with Pkt. j for y), n. of a class of yakşas, named as attendants on kimnaras: Mv ii.112.6.

Yavakacchaka, nt., n. of a village near Mithilā (v.l. Timilā): Mv ii.83.17; 86.5, 9, 12.

(yavanānī, see yonānī and yāvanī.)

Yasa, see Yasas.

Yasahparvatasrīmegha, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 310.12.

Yasaḥpūrṇa, n. of a disciple of the Buddha: Divy 268.7 (in a list).

Yasahprabha, n. of a Buddha in the south: Sukh 97.7. Yasahprabhasa, n. of a Buddha in the nadir: Sukh 98.8.

Yaśaketu, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.137.7 (prose). Yaśadatta (2 of 6 mss. yaja°), n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.137.15. Cf. Yaśodatta.

Yasaparvata (for Yasa h°), n. of a Buddha: Gv 284.9 (vs).

Yasaprāptā, n. of a devakumārikā in the south: LV 389.7 (vs).

Yasamatī LV 389.7 (vs) = Yasamatī (Senart em. Yaso°) Mv iii.307.8 (vs), n. of a devakumārikā in the south. Yasarāsi (for Yaso°), n. of a former Buddha: Mv

i.136.16.

Yaśavati, m.c. for Yaśovati = Yaśodharā, prob. to be read with Calc. and Tib. for śayavati in LV 221.5 (vs).

Yaśavrata, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.111.8 (vs).

Yaśaḥśuddhodita, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 442.4. Yaśas, also (even in prose of Divy and Sukh) Yaśa, (1) n. of a Buddhist elder (sthavira): MSV i.188.8 ff.; in the time of Aśoka, but possibly meant as identical with Pali 1 Yasa Thera of DPPN (see Yaśoda, Yaśodeva), disciple of the Buddha (see Piṇḍola Bharadvāja, whom Yaśa introduces to Aśoka), sthavira-Yaśasam Divy 381.12, °śasā 16; Yaśo (n. sg.) 385.2; 399.26; 404.11; 406.21; 423.11; is this personage, or Pali Yasa (2) of DPPN, meant by the (Sthavira-)Yaśas of MSV i.196.6 ff.?; (2) n.

of a minister of Aśoka: Yaśo (v.l. Yaśā) nāma Divy 382.6; Yaśāmātya, the minister Y., 382.11, 16; (3) n. of a Tathāgata: Yaśasā Śikṣ 9.2; (4) n. of a Tathāgata in the nadir: Yaśo (n. sg.) nāma Sukh 98.7 (prose); (5) n. of two Bodhisattvas in the same list: Yaśaso, °saḥ (gen.) Gv 441.26; 442.21.

Yaśaskāma, n. of a Bodhisattva, previous incarnation of Maitreya: SP 22.6 ff.; 27.10 (yaśa-k°, in vs, m.c.).

Yaśāmatī, see Yaśamatī.

Yasottara, (1) n. of a former Buddha: Mv iii.240.3; 241.15; 243.7, 8; 244.2; 245.9; 247.7; 248.11; Gv 206.12. All the Mv passages, and prob. also Gv, seem to refer to the same individual, the somewhat confusedly; (2) n. of an upāsaka in Nādikā: MPS 9.13.

Yaśoda (= Pali Yasa Thera, 1 in DPPN), n. of a disciple of Buddha: Mv iii.405.4 ff.; colophons, Yaśodasya śresthiputrasya vastum 413.16; (after story of his former birth) Yaśoda-jātakam 415.5. Cf. Yaśas (1), Yaśodeva (1).

Yasodatta (cf. Yasadatta), n. of a former Buddha: LV 172.1; and acc. to Senart Mv i.137.6 (but here two mss. Daso- for Yaso-, one Desa-; all 6 mss. °dattarah for °dattah; note also that the name Yasadatta occurs just below, in the same list, Mv i.137.15. Some other form must have been intended in Mv.

Yaśodeva, (1) n. of a disciple of Buddha: LV 1.8 (no v.l.). Evidently corresponds to Pali Yasa (Thera, 1 in DPPN; cf. Yaśas 1, Yaśoda), of Vin. i.15.1 ff., as is shown by the next four names in LV, Vimala, Subāhu, Pūrṇa, and Gavāṃpati, who correspond to the four friends of Yasa named in Vin. i.18.36 f., Vimala, Subāhu, Puṇṇaji, and Gavampati. So also Sukh 2.3, followed by Vimala, Subāhu, and Pūrṇa (Maitrāyaṇīputra). (2) n. of an upāsaka or lay-disciple, surely not the same as 1: Gv 51.10.

Yasodgata (for Skt. *Yasa-udgata), n. of a Bodhi-

sattva: Gv 3.26 (prose).

Yaśodharā, (1) (= Pali Yaso°) n. of the wife of Sākyamuni as Bodhisattva (see also Yaśovatī, Yaśavatī, Gopā): Mvy 1070; Mv ii.25.12 (birth); 48.7 (meets the Bodhisattva); 69.2 ff. (rejects Devadatta); 72.18 ff. (coquets with the Bodhisattva); 73.5 ff. (requested in marriage; her father first refuses); 135.13 (her dream); previous incarnations, Mv i.128.13; ii.64.4; 67.11, 16 (other refs. in Mv, see Index); Divy 253.26; enlightenment predicted SP 269.6 ff.; mentioned also SP 2.10; (2) n. of a devakumārikā in the south: Mv iii.307.8 = LV 389.7.

Yasomati, n. of a daughter-in-law of the general Simha (5): Av i.8.9 ff. (mss. seemingly 'mati, nom. 'matih). See also s.v. Yasamati.

Yasomitra, n. of a merchant's son of Srāvastī: Av ii.83.14 ff.

Yaśovati, = Yaśodharā 1, Śākyamuni's wife: LV 95.9 (prose, no v.l.). Cf. also Yaśavatī (m.c.?).

yaşţa, ppp. and subst. (= Skt. işta; AMg. jaṭṭha, Pischel 565, cf. ger. jaṭṭhā = Skt. iṣṭvā, Ratnach.; Pali yiṭṭha, blend of Skt. and MIndic), as ppp., see § 34.13; as subst., sacrifice: tasmān na yaṣṭe na hute ramāmi Mv iii.445.5 (vs; same vs in Pali Vin. i.36.28, yiṭṭhe). See also next.—On LV 112.11 -mahāyajña-yaṣṭaḥ see § 13.5.

1 yaşti, f. (= Skt. işti, cf. prec.), sacrifice: yaşti-(stem in comp.) Mv iii.145.20 (prose; so both mss. intend,

Senart em. işti-); yaştyā RP 54.18 (vs).

2 yaşţi, f. (Skt. id.), in Mv used of a marvelous kind of flagpole which is said to have adorned the capital cities of five former Buddhas; that of the city of Dīpavatī was named Valguyā, of the other four Valayā, qq.v.; it is described in Mv i.196.15 ff. as citrā daršanīyā, of seven colors (gold, silver, and jewels), 12 yojanas high and four in diameter; so iii.229.12 ff.; 232.9 ff.; the cliché is abbreviated iii.234.11 f.; 238.14.

Yaştıvana (once v.l. Yaştı°; = Pali Latthivana), n.